

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION-PRIVACY ACTS SECTION

SUBJECT: VVAW

FILE NO: HQ 100-448092

SECTION: 39

PAGES REVIEWED: 245

PAGES RELEASED: 234

REFERRALS: _____

EXEMPTIONS: b1, b2, b6, b7c, b7d

*Freedom of Information
and
Privacy Acts*

SUBJECT VVAW

FILE NUMBER 100-448092 VOL. 39



Federal Bureau of Investigation

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/7/73

FROM : *JTM/1/1/73* SAC, SPRINGFIELD (100-13470) (C)

SUBJECT: **[REDACTED]**
SM - VVAW
OO: Springfield

b7c

Re Bureau letter to Albany dated 4/28/72.

PREDICATION

Investigation was predicated upon receipt of information on 11/15/71 from **[REDACTED]** Champaign Police Department, Champaign, Illinois, that subject was a member of the Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) in Champaign - Urbana, Illinois.

b7c

MILITARY BACKGROUND AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA

Review of subject's military records revealed that subject **[REDACTED]**

b7c

Name:
Sex:
Race:
DOB:
POB:
Height:
Weight:
Eyes:
Hair:

[REDACTED]

b7c

ST-110
REC 43

100-448092 - 2621

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Springfield (100-13470)

11 FEB 9 1973

JAW/jab
(3)

Rev. *[Signature]*

10 FEB 15 1973



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12/19/94 BY SP6 JAL/UA
296093-001

SI 100-13470

Education:

Injuries:

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT

The December, 1972, Champaign - Urbana, Illinois area Bell Telephone Directory lists the following:

[REDACTED] b7C

On 1/18/73 SA [REDACTED] utilizing a credit inquiry pretext telephoned the above number. An individual identifying himself as [REDACTED] answered and the Agent was able to determine that he was identical with subject. [REDACTED] stated he was employed at the [REDACTED] b7C

[REDACTED] and verified his residence as above.

ORGANIZATIONAL ACTIVITIES

On 8/16/72 SA [REDACTED] utilizing a pretext of an interested veteran, contacted DAVID FONTILLA, Coordinator for the Illinois State Veterans Association, University of Illinois, Champaign. FONTILLA advised that there is no organizational VVAW chapter at the University of Illinois. He showed SA [REDACTED] a list of individuals who had showed interest in VVAW activities and subject's name was among those noted. FONTILLA felt that the VVAW would not be active during the ensuing school year. b7C

On 8/22/72 an Associated Press article entitled "Vets to Guardsmen. All in the same bag" appeared on Page 6 of the "News-Gazette" newspaper in general circulation in the Champaign area. The article listed the names of several

100-13470

Vietnam War veterans who came to Miami Beach, Florida, during the GOP Convention to protest the war. Among those listed in the article was the name [REDACTED] of Champaign, who was characterized as a limping ex-Marine whose right leg shattered at Khe Sanh, held together by a steel brace. b7c

Numerous sources in Champaign - Urbana have been contacted and advised that subject is not known to be actively involved in VVAW activities in the Champaign - Urbana area.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Subject is fully identified and his residence and present whereabouts are known. He is not known to be a leader or to be presently involved in VVAW activities or other subversive activities at this time. An interview is not recommended at this time as he is recovering from his war injury and has had contact with the Bureau. Subject's activities should be monitored. An interview with subject might be recommended in the future.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

NR011 WF CODED

755 PM NITEL 2-7-73 WWC

KAC
X

TO ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (ATTENTION: DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION) AND
SAC, CHICAGO,
JACKSONVILLE,
MIAMI,
NEW YORK,
TAMPA

296093-001
SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILED
FEB 13 1973
FBI - TAMPA

[REDACTED]

FROM SAC, WFO

ANTITRUST DIVISIONS AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP ON 2-15-79 DMS

DECLASSIFIED BY IP-3-85
ON 9145 JLDMS

[REDACTED] SM - VVAW (EXTREMIST) (KEY ACTIVIST); [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] ET AL, CONSPIRACY, EID (BUREAU FILE 100-463962) (WFO FILE 100-55328) (RUC); VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW), IS - RA (BUREAU FILE 100-4480092) (WFO FILE 100-47162).

RE PHILADELPHIA NITEL TO THE BUREAU DATED 2/5/73.

[REDACTED] ADVISED ON INSTANT DATE THAT SCOTT CAMIL WAS EXPECTED IN WASHINGTON, D. C. (WFO) EVENING OF 2/6/73 BUT DID NOT SHOW. [REDACTED]

b2
b7C
b7D
FEB 15 1973

END PAGE ONE

F 398 100-448092-

NOT RECORDED
160 FEB 20 1973

CLASS. & EXT. BY 6076 LMS 2/1/79
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 (1)
DATE OF REVIEW 2-7-93

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

PAGE TWO

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] (u)

b7D
b7C

SOURCE ADVISED [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (u)

SOURCE ADVISED THAT HE LEARNED THAT A TV NEWS TEAM FROM THE BRITISH BROADCASTING CORPORATION (BBC) WAS AT [REDACTED] RESIDENCE DURING EVENING OF 2/6/73. THIS NEWS TEAM IS IN THE UNITED STATES TO FILM COMMENTS OF VVAW MEMBERS ALONG WITH OTHER GROUPS IN THE UNITED STATES WITH REGARD TO THE EFFECT THE VIETNAM WAR HAS HAD ON THE AMERICAN PUBLIC. SOURCE ADVISED THE VVAW COMMENTS WOULD BE PART OF A DOCUMENTARY BEING COMPILED BY THIS TV TEAM. SOURCE ADVISED THAT ROD KANE, VVAW REGIONAL COORDINATOR, WDC AND [REDACTED] DID MOST OF THE TALKING DURING THE FILM. (u)

b7C

b7C

END

PLS HOLD

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/7/73

FROM : SAC, ALBANY (100-22954) (C)

SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
ALBANY CHAPTER
IS - REVACT

(OO: Albany)

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are five copies of an LHM concerning captioned group.

This investigation was instituted upon receipt of information that there was a VVAW chapter in Albany.

Source utilized in the LHM is [REDACTED]

In view of the fact that there is no active VVAW Chapter in the Albany area and that there is no longer an active sub-coordinator in the area, no further investigation is being conducted in this matter.

2 - Bureau - Encs. (5) (RM)
1 - Albany
JEM/smw
(3)

ENCLOSURE

b2
b7D

REQ 43
ST-109

100-448092-2622

XEROX
FEB 23 1973

FEB 12 1973

15D(2) ...
2/16/73 ...
RLE/MS/IE 10/2/74

Act. Sect.



5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

Handwritten initials or signature.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Albany, New York

February 7, 1973

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR
ALBANY CHAPTER

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised during November, 1972, that there was no actual chapter of Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) in Albany and there were no VVAW meetings held in Albany. The source advised that there was a [redacted] named [redacted] who received VVAW literature at his residence at [redacted]

b7C

The Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) is a national organization composed primarily of veterans of the war in Vietnam that has organized and participated in numerous demonstrations against the war in Vietnam during 1970-72, including the seizure of the Statue of Liberty, New York City, and the occupation of the Betsy Ross House, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in December, 1971. Six members of the VVAW were indicted by a Federal Grand Jury, Tallahassee, Florida, July, 1972 on charges of conspiracy to violate the Federal Antiriot Law.

The [redacted] had a list of names of individuals who were veterans or members of VVAW and it was the [redacted] duty to disseminate literature received to these individuals. The source advised that [redacted] did not know any of these individuals personally.

Handwritten notes and stamps on the right margin, including a vertical stamp that reads "RECEIVED" and "FEB 14 1973".

b7C
b7D

During January, 1973, the source advised that there was no longer any individual in the Albany area acting as [redacted] for VVAW. This source stated that [redacted] was no longer interested in VVAW and was not opening any mail he received from VVAW Headquarters.

b7C

100-448092-268

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

-1*-

ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/8/73

FROM : SAC, DENVER (100-11053)(C)

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]
V.V.A.W.
IS - RA

b7C

ReDNlet to Bu 11/29/72, and Bulet to DN 2/1/73. U

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of LHM regarding the subject. One copy of LHM is being furnished locally to the U. S. Secret Service.

Source Number 4 is [REDACTED] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

b2
b7D

Source Number 5 is [REDACTED] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

No further investigation is being conducted in view of the facts obtained and background investigation and criteria set out in Bureau memo 21-72 dated 9/12/72.

EX-105
10/27/74
REC-45
100-448092-2623

20 FEB 12 1973

2 - Bureau (ENCLOSURE)
1 - Denver

PR:lad
(3)

4473

Int. Sec.



FEB 20 1973

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

DN 100-11053

NON-SYMBOL SOURCE ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

LHM:

The following sources were utilized in enclosed

- Source One: [REDACTED] U. S. Postal Inspector,
Denver, Colorado
- Source Two: [REDACTED], Denver PD, ^{b7C}
Identification Division, Denver, Colorado
- Source Three: [REDACTED] Selective Service
Local Board 13, Littleton, Colorado
- Source Six: [REDACTED] Denver PD,
Intelligence Division, Denver, Colorado

19 12 0 0 11 13



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535
February 8, 1973

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Director
United States Secret Service
Department of the Treasury
Washington, D. C. 20220

RE: [REDACTED] b7C
VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR

Dear Sir:

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual or organization believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning protective responsibilities, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

- 1. Threats or actions against persons protected by Secret Service.
- 2. Attempts or threats to redress grievances.
- 3. Threatening or abusive statement about U. S. or foreign official.
- 4. Participation in civil disturbances, anti-U. S. demonstrations or hostile incidents against foreign diplomatic establishments.
- 5. Illegal bombing, bomb-making or other terrorist activity.
- 6. Defector from U. S. or indicates desire to defect.
- 7. Potentially dangerous because of background, emotional instability or activity in groups engaged in activities inimical to U. S.

Photograph has been furnished enclosed is not available.

Very truly yours,

L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s))
U. S. Secret Service , Denver

Enclosure(s) 1

10/27/94
SP/6/2/10/10



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Denver, Colorado
February 8, 1973

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

VIETNAM VETERANS/AGAINST THE WAR
INTERNAL SECURITY - REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES

b7C

I. BACKGROUND

A. Description

[REDACTED] is described as follows:

- Sex:
- Race:
- Nationality:
- Date of Birth:
- Place of Birth:
- Height:
- Weight:
- Hair:
- Eyes:
- Scars and Marks:

[REDACTED]

b7C

Address:

On January 15, 1973, source one, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that the subject resides at the above-mentioned address.

B. Credit and Arrest

Credit checks conducted at Denver, Colorado, on February 7, 1973, were negative regarding subject.

b7C

On July 5, 1972, source number two, who has provided reliable information in the past, advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 02/16/94 BY SP4/SP1/VA

100-448092-2623

ENCLOSURE

[REDACTED]

C. Selective Service Record

On July 26, 1972, source number 3, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that [REDACTED]

D. Employment

On October 24, 1972, Colorado employment records regarding the subject were negative and the above information was furnished by source 4.

II. ACTIVITIES

On February 22, 1972, subject's name and address were obtained from a Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) list prepared for the purpose of distributing its newspaper, "Hoa Binh" and lists members and supporters of VVAW in the regional areas of Colorado, Wyoming and Utah. The above information was furnished by source number 5.

The VVAW was founded in the spring of 1967 by six young Vietnam veterans in New York City. At the beginning of 1968, with 600 members, VVAW opened a national office, founded the first GI newspaper, "Vietnam GI," and sent close to 500 veterans into the McCarthy campaign to beat down the red baiters. After getting gassed at the Democratic Convention in Chicago and caught in the general "down" of the peace movement, VVAW was nearly inactive until the moratoriums in the Fall of 1969. Members of VVAW led student strikes on major campuses across the country and battled Veterans Administration Hospital authorities over threats to throw amputee Vietnam veterans out for signing anti-war petitions. At present, membership of the VVAW, nationally, consists of 8,500 members.

[REDACTED]

On January 22, 1973, a sixth reliable source furnished information that according to their records, [REDACTED] is no longer active in VVAW in the Denver area.

b7C

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092) DATE: 2/8/73

FROM : *B. H. H. 10* SAC, BUFFALO (100-21623) (P)

SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR
(VVAW)
IS - RA

Re New York airtel to the Bureau, dated 1/10/73 captioned "VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW), IS - RA" enclosing LHM captioned "VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)", dated 1/10/73.

Referenced LHM concerning a conference of the New York Region of the VVAW held at Oneonta, New York on 12/9-10/72 identifies [redacted] as a representative from the Buffalo Chapter of the VVAW. b7c

On 1/24/73, [redacted] advised that there is no individual named [redacted] known to be associated with the VVAW Chapter at Buffalo. [redacted] advised that [redacted] is probably [redacted] who may have attended the VVAW Conference at Oneonta, New York in December, 1972. Bj b2
b7D
b7c

For the information of the Bureau, [redacted] is the subject of a current security investigation of the Buffalo Division entitled "[redacted] SM - VVAW," Buffalo file 100-22071, Bureau file 100-472646. ce b7c

1b
2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Buffalo
(1 - 100-22463)
GGL:sjg
(4)

REC 43 100-448092-2624

ST-109

7 FEB 13 1973

b7c

10/27/94 *SP/65g-USA*

Rev. Sec.

473



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 1/31/73

FROM : SAC, BIRMINGHAM (100-6196) (C)

SUBJECT:

[REDACTED]

SM - VVAW
OO: BH

b7C
10/27/94
506 By WA

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of an LHM concerning subject. A copy of this LHM is being designated locally to Secret Service, Birmingham, Alabama.

Subject is not being recommended for inclusion on the ADEX, as Birmingham feels that his activities do not warrant same.

No effort is being made to interview subject as it is felt that such interview will not be productive in view of subject's noted activities with the Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW).

The following sources were utilized in the preparation of the enclosed LHM:

<u>Source</u>	<u>File Where Located</u>
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

(See nonsymbol EX-100 source page)

X
b2
b7D

In view of subject's limited activities, this matter is being closed in the Birmingham Division.

FD-376 is attached to LHM to Bureau and Secret Service, Birmingham.

- 2 - Bureau (Enc. 5)
 - 1 - Birmingham
- ELW:crb
(3)

ENCLOSURE

150(2)
55
1/21/73
2/9/73

~~100-448092-262~~
100-448092-2625

FEB 6 1973



BH 100-6196

NONSYMBOL SOURCE PAGE

[REDACTED] identified as follows: [REDACTED]
Admissions and Records, University of Alabama,
Tuscaloosa, per request.

b2
b7D
b7C



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

January 31, 1973

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. 100- 6196

Director
United States Secret Service
Department of the Treasury
Washington, D. C. 20220

RE: [REDACTED]

b7c

Dear Sir:

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual or organization believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning protective responsibilities, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

- 1. Threats or actions against persons protected by Secret Service.
- 2. Attempts or threats to redress grievances.
- 3. Threatening or abusive statement about U. S. or foreign official.
- 4. Participation in civil disturbances, anti-U. S. demonstrations or hostile incidents against foreign diplomatic establishments.
- 5. Illegal bombing, bomb-making or other terrorist activity.
- 6. Defector from U. S. or indicates desire to defect.
- 7. Potentially dangerous because of background, emotional instability or activity in groups engaged in activities inimical to U. S.

Photograph has been furnished enclosed is not available.

Very truly yours,

L. Patrick Gray III

L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1/27/99 BY [signature]

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s))
U. S. Secret Service , Birmingham, Alabama

Enclosure(s)



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Birmingham, Alabama
January 31, 1973

RE: [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7C

I. BACKGROUND

A. RESIDENCE

[REDACTED] resides at [REDACTED]

b7C

(Credit Bureau of Tuscaloosa,
11/16/71)

B. BIRTH DATA

[REDACTED] was born [REDACTED],
at [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] on 11/19/71)

b7C
b2
b7D

sp/6/6/71

C. CITIZENSHIP

[REDACTED] is a natural born
citizen of the United States of America.

b7C

11/27/94

D. EDUCATION

[REDACTED] was admitted to the
University of Alabama on June 10, 1968, at
which time he showed a home address of [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] was a 1964
graduate of [REDACTED]

b7C

(T-3 on 11/19/71)

~~100-448092-2613~~

This document contains neither
recommendations nor conclusions of
the FBI. It is the property of
the FBI and is loaned to your agency;
it and its contents are not to be
distributed outside your agency.

100-448092-2625

[REDACTED]

b7c

E. EMPLOYMENT

[REDACTED] is employed as [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

(Credit Bureau of Tuscaloosa,
11/16/71)

II. ACTIVITIES

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)

The Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) is an anti-war organization organized in 1967 and headquartered in New York City. Its published objective is "To demand an immediate cessation of fighting and withdrawal of all American troops from Indo-China. VVAW has participated in several demonstrations, including a massive demonstration in Washinton, D. C., April 19-23, 1971.

The name of [REDACTED] appeared on a state-wide list of the VVAW, which list was current during August, 1971.

b7c

b2

b7D

[REDACTED] 8/30/71)

There is no indication that [REDACTED] is an active member of the VVAW at Tuscaloosa, Alabama, nor is he a leader of this group, nor does he show propensity for violence.

[REDACTED], November, 1971)

There is no information to indicate that [REDACTED] is an active member of the Tuscaloosa Chapter of the VVAW.

[REDACTED] 1/19/73)

FBI

Date: 1/29/73

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

(Priority)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 12-11-94 BY SP7 [redacted]

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, TAMPA (100-3347) (P)
SUBJECT: PROTESTS DURING PRESIDENTIAL
INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, 1973
IS - RA

Re Tampa teletypes to the Bureau 1/11/73 and
1/16/73, captioned "VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR, IS -
RA", and Bureau teletype to Tampa 1/17/73.

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of an
LHM dated and captioned as above. Two copies are enclosed
for WFO and one copy each for information for Jacksonville
and New York in view of their interest in the VVAW.

The source providing information in this LHM is
[redacted]

The LHM is date lined Washington, D. C. since
activities occurred in Washington, D. C. and to further
protect the source.

No local dissemination is being made and dissemin-
ation of LHM to U. S. Secret Service, Washington, D. C.
is being left to the discretion of WFO.

LEADS

TAMPA

AT ST. PETERSBURG, FLORIDA

Will report results of [redacted]

- ENCLOSURE
- 2 - Bureau (Enc. 5)
 - 1 - Jacksonville (Enc. 1) (INFO)
 - 1 - New York (Enc. 1) (INFO)
 - 2 - WFO (Enc. 2)
 - 3 - Tampa (2 - 100-3347) (1 - 100-2514) (VVAW)

TVH:raf (9)

Approved: _____

Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

Per _____

59 FEB 1 1973

RESSEARCH

AGENCY: 1 Dept Justice
 REF: BDC/18-150
 DATE: 2-7-73
 BY: AH/EB

20 FEB 2 1973

b7c
b2
b7D

b2
b7D

b7c



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Washington, D. C.
January 29, 1973

PROTESTS DURING PRESIDENTIAL
INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, 1973

On January 26, 1973, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows:

On Friday, January 19, 1973, Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) groups began arriving in Washington, D. C. to gather for participation in the demonstration to be held during the Presidential Inaugural on January 20, 1973.

The Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) is a national veterans organization with a national office located at 25 West 26th Street, New York City. Its first published objective is "to demand an immediate cessation of fighting and a withdrawal of all American troops from Indochina."

During the day of Friday, January 19, 1973, discussions were held between VVAW members and groups pertaining to the actions to be recommended by the VVAW for the demonstration. Generally agreed upon was that if a small group of VVAW members and supporters showed up for the separate VVAW demonstration at Arlington Cemetery, Arlington, Virginia on the morning of January 20, 1973, the action would be just to sign the nine-point peace treaty and to then go along with the actions of any other groups who would be participating in the demonstration. If a large number of Veterans showed up, the proposal was to obtain 15 pints of blood and dump this blood on the steps of the White House.

10/21/94
ENCLOSURE

100-448092-2626

PROTESTS DURING PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, 1973

On the morning of January 20, 1973, VVAW members and sympathizers from all over the nation met at Arlington Cemetery, Arlington, Virginia, to take part in their demonstration prior to the Inaugural Parade. Approximately 4,000 persons were present at Arlington Cemetery. TIM BUTZ, VVAW leader in Washington, D. C., addressed the group about Vietnam and the nine-point peace treaty to be signed later in the afternoon. BARRY ROMO, anti-war activist, spoke next and told about his stay in Vietnam and the terrible things he had witnessed there. He then introduced an unknown Vietnamese woman who talked about the struggle of the Vietnamese people in their fight for freedom and to unite into one nation and drive imperialism out. She said the VVAW and their demonstrations in the United States gave the Vietnamese the strength and courage to fight harder since it lifted their spirits. Those in attendance gave her a standing ovation.

After the speeches, the group then marched from Arlington Cemetery, across Memorial Bridge, to a point on the mall somewhere between the Lincoln Memorial and the Washington Monument. There the nine-point peace treaty was signed by all present, and BUTZ announced that since the number of persons present exceeded those expected, no other actions were planned by the VVAW and those members of the VVAW who wished to continue demonstrating should join with other anti-war groups who would be demonstrating at the Inaugural Parade. Members of the VVAW were upset that nothing further was planned in the name of the VVAW and that the use of the 15 pints of blood was never brought up. By this time, the Inaugural Parade was in progress on Pennsylvania Avenue and due to the great crowds already assembled in that area, many of the VVAW members and supporters dispersed and went their own ways instead of joining demonstrators from other groups.

It was learned that the Yippies had planned to burn flags in the vicinity of the Washington Monument and to have a large paper rat float which would ultimately be burned during the Inaugural Parade in an effort to disrupt the Parade. The flags were observed being burned during the day and many were turned upside down on flag staffs

PROTESTS DURING PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, 1973

around the Washington Monument; however, the paper rat was never burned because information was received that it was confiscated by Washington, D. C. police.

The Youth International Party, also known as Yippies, is a loosely knit, antiestablishment, revolutionary youth organization formed in New York City in January, 1968.

After the demonstration, many VVAW members went to VVAW headquarters at 1207 East Capital Street, where it was learned that no Veterans had been arrested during the day and no Veterans had participated in violence.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency nor duplicated within your agency.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C.
January 29, 1973

Title PROTESTS DURING PRESIDENTIAL
 INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, 1973

Character

Reference Memorandum dated and captioned
 as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

8 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

(b)(1)

(b)(7)(A)

(d)(5)

(b)(2)

(b)(7)(B)

(j)(2)

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(k)(7)

- Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

- Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

_____ Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of _____

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): _____

- The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100-448092-2627

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 13 1973

TELETYPE

Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Baker	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Cleveland	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Gebhardt	_____
Mr. Jenkins	_____
Mr. Marshall	_____
Mr. Miller	_____
Mr. Purvis	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Kinley	_____
Mr. Armstrong	_____
Mr. Bowers	_____
Mr. Harrington	_____
Mr. Herwig	_____
Mr. Mize	_____
Mrs. Neenan	_____

NR004 HO PLAIN
 7:32PM NITEL 2-13-73 PXA
 TO ACTING DIRECTOR (100-448092)
 WASHINGTON FIELD (100-47162)
 FROM HOUSTON (100-12219) 1PG



VVAW, IS -RA, 00:CG.

RE WFO NITEL 2-10-73.

HOUSTON INDICES NEGATIVE RE [REDACTED]

b7c
 b7c

P.

END

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 10/27/94 BY SP6 GJA/MLA

REC 44 100-448092-2628

FEB 14 1973

10 59 FEB 21 1973

5-A

- Mr. Callahan
- Mr. Cleveland
- Mr. Conrad
- Mr. Edwards
- Mr. Evans
- Mr. Harvath
- Mr. Mohr, ES
- Mr. Quinn
- Mr. Sayers
- Mr. Walters
- Tele. Room
- Mr. Kelley
- Mr. Armstrong
- Mr. Bowers
- Mr. Herington
- Mr. Penning
- Mr. Neenan

TELETYPE

NR011 MM CODE
 1250 AM NITEL 2-14-73 AXN
 TO ACTING DIRECTOR 100-448092
 WASHINGTON FIELD 100-47162
 SAN ANTONIO 100-12620 SUB 1
 JACKSONVILLE
 KANSAS CITY
 FROM MIAMI 100-16340 4 PAGES

10/27/94
 FILED
 5163/10/27/94

[REDACTED] b7c
 [REDACTED]

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAV), IS - RA,

RE SAN ANTONIO TELETYPE 2-12-73. 102

FOLLOWING ARE MIAMI INDICES REFERENCES BELIEVED IDENTIFIABLE WITH [REDACTED] REFERENCED TELETYPE REFERRED TO 6-30-72 DETENTION BY FLA. HIGHWAY PATROL (FHP) OF [REDACTED] WHO WAS ACCOMPANIED BY SCOTT CAMIL.

REL 100-448092-2629 b7c

FURTHER INFORMATION AVAILABLE AT MIAMI SHOWS THIS DETENTION WAS TEMPORARY FOR A MINOR TRAFFIC VIOLATION. DRIVER OF THE VEHICLE WAS CAMIL, WHO SAID HE WAS EN ROUTE MIAMI FROM GAINESVILLE, FLA. THERE WERE FOUR OTHERS IN THE CAR BESIDES CAMIL AND [REDACTED]

7 FEB 14 1973

END PAGE ONE

1D

58 FEB 16 1973

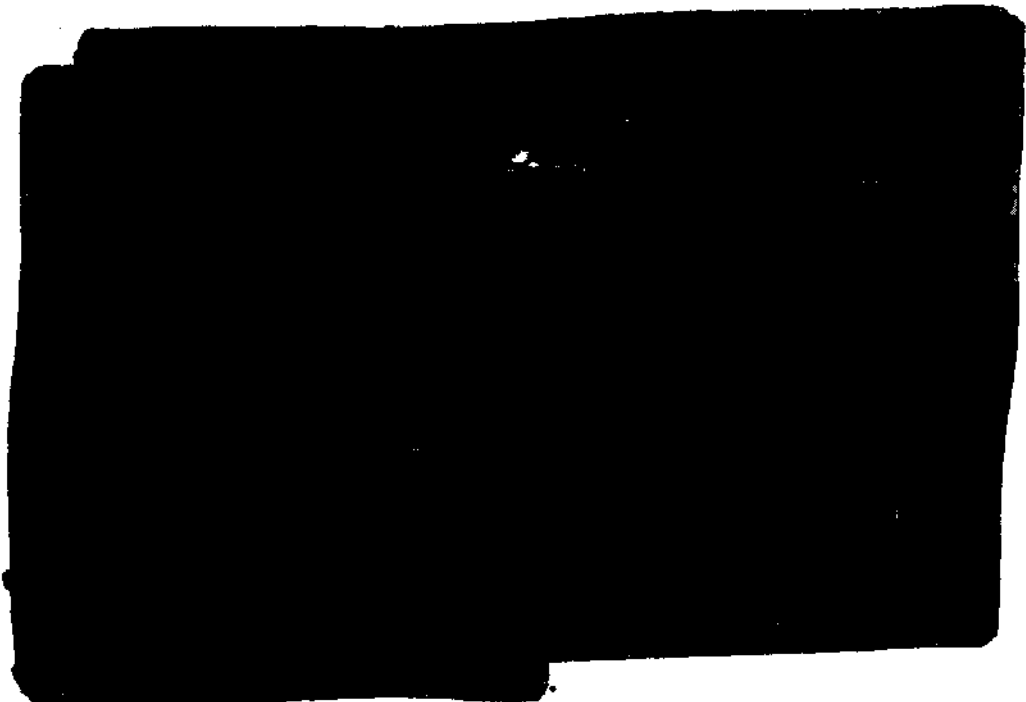
[Signature]

5-4

PAGE TWO

b7C

THIS INFORMATION FURNISHED 6-30-72 BY [REDACTED] FHP,
MIAMI. NOTE ALSO THAT DETENTION WAS NEAR LEESBURG, FLA., NOT
MIAMI.



b7C
b7D

ON 8-10-72, [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT [REDACTED] MEMBER OF
WAW NATIONAL DEFENSE COMMITTEE, [REDACTED]

b2
b7C
b7D

END PAGE TWO

PAGE THREE

ON 8-28-72, [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT [REDACTED] TEX., HAD BEEN IN CHARGE OF VVAW CAMPSITE SECURITY AT DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION (DNC), MIAMI BEACH.

ON 7-22-72, [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT AT VVAW NATIONAL STEERING COMMITTEE (NSC) MEETING, 7/21-24/72, MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN, [REDACTED] WAS NAMED ONE OF FIVE WHO WOULD CONTROL TALLAHASSEE DEFENSE FUND.

ON 7-24-72, [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT AT ABOVE NSC MEETING,

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION
KANSAS CITY, REVIEW INDICES AND CONTACT [REDACTED] FOR ANY FURTHER BACKGROUND INFORMATION REGARDING [REDACTED] DOB [REDACTED], WHO WAS RECENTLY INTERVIEWED BY WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE. FURNISH ANY POSTIVE RESULTS TO WASHINGTON FIELD AND SAN ANTONIO.

JACKSONVILLE, IF NOT ALREADY DONE, REVIEW INDICES REGARDING

[REDACTED] AND FURNISH RESULTS TO WASHINGTON FIELD AND SAN ANTONIO.

SAN ANTONIO, AT AUSTIN, TEXAS, REFERENCED TELETYPE SET OUT TWO AUSTIN ADDRESSES AND TELEPHONE NUMBERS FOR SUBJECT.

END PAGE THREE

b2
b7C
b7D

b7C

PAGE FOUR

HE PROBABLY WAS ACTIVE IN VVAW AT AUSTIN, TES. BEFORE PROCEEDING TO GAINESVILLE, FLA. IN JUNE, 1972. THROUGH AVAILABLE ADDRESSES, TELEPHONE NUMBERS AND SOURCES OBTAIN BACKGROUND INFO REGARDING [REDACTED] AND FURNISH TO WASHINGTON FIELD.

WASHINGTON FIELD, AT WASHINGTON, D. C. REFERENCED TELETYPE DOES NOT SET OUT WHETHER [REDACTED] WAS COOPERATIVE DURING RECENT WASHINGTON FIELD INTERVIEW. IF COOPERATIVE, RECONTACT REGARDING ABOVE-MENTIONED [REDACTED] ANY POSITIVE INFO RE SAME SHOULD IMMEDIATELY BE FURNISHED BUREAU AND JACKSONVILLE UNDER CAPTION [REDACTED] AKA; ET AL; ARL - CONSPIRACY; EID, BUFILE 176-2255, JK FILE 176-30.

END

K

TMT FBI WA CLR

b7C
b7D

FBI

Date: 2/6/73

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092)
FROM: SAC, CLEVELAND (100-31431) (P)
RE: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
IS - Revact

b7c
[Redacted]

Re Cleveland airtel, 1/5/73.

Enclosed for the Bureau is a copy of defendants' motion to dismiss in the matter of Kent State University (KSU) Chapter of VVAW, Et Al., vs. JAMES A. FYKE, Et Al., which was filed 1/15/73.

Cleveland will continue to follow this matter and advise Bureau Headquarters of the disposition of this motion, and further pleadings should the motion be denied.

[Handwritten signature]

1D

2 - Bureau (Enc. 1) (RM)
2 - Cleveland

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

Civil Action
re local state
only. *[initials]*

DLW:cmv
(4)

REC-28 100-448092-2630

FEB 9 1973

EX-105

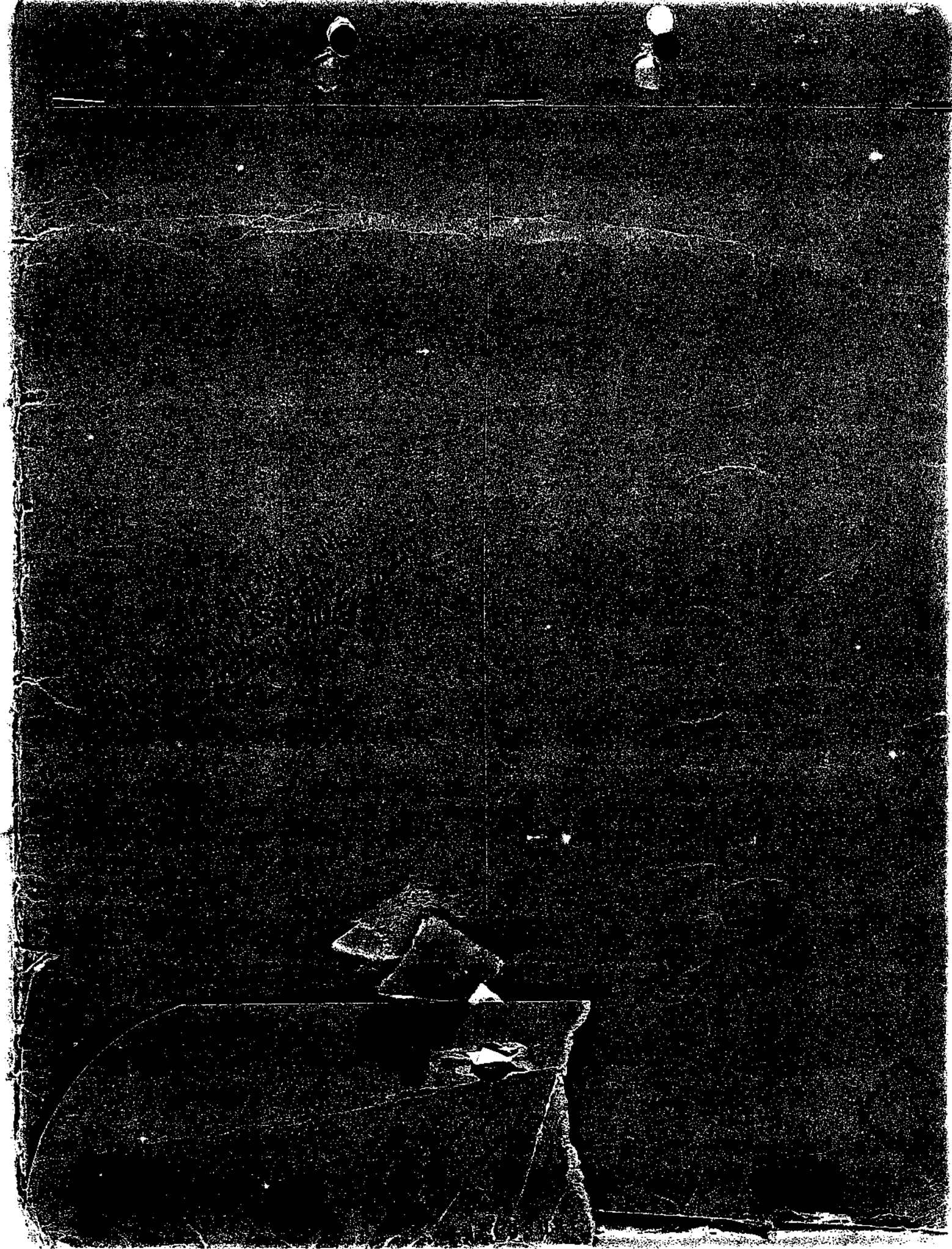
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10/29/94 BY SP6/BJA/WP

Rev. Acc. Sect.

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

54 FEB 20 1973



IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO
EASTERN DIVISION

FILED
JUN 20 1973
U.S. DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO

KENT STATE UNIVERSITY CHAPTER :
OF VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST :
THE WAR, ET AL., :

Plaintiffs, :

v. :

JAMES A. FYKE, ET AL., :

Defendants. :

Civil Action No. C72-1271

DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO DISMISS

Now come the Defendants, James A. Fyke, et al., and move that this Court dismiss the complaint of Plaintiffs, as against all or any of the defendants herein, pursuant to either Rule 12(b) (2) or 12(b) (6) for the reasons that the Court lacks jurisdiction over the persons named herein, or alternatively, that the claim is not one upon which relief can be granted.

MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF MOTION

I. THIS COURT LACKS JURISDICTION OVER THE PERSONS OF THIS CLAIM AS PER RULE 12(b) (2).

A. Plaintiffs' claim is against Defendants in their capacity as officers and instrumentalities of the State of Ohio and is therefore barred by the Eleventh Amendment to the United States Constitution.

This suit, although nominally against officers and instrumentalities of the State, in substance and effect is brought against the State of Ohio. It directly and vitally affects the rights and interests of the State in the performance of its highest function; namely, to react swiftly and decisively to insure the

protection of the public security. This position with that of executive immunity has recently been upheld by the United States Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit. Krause, Admr., et al. v. Rhodes, et al., No. 711623 (November 17, 1972). That ruling affirmed the earlier decision rendered by this honorable Court.

"We hold that the actions against the Governor, the officers of the National Guard, and the President of Kent State University, are in substance and effect actions against the State of Ohio. Suits against the State are prohibited by the Eleventh Amendment. The Governor, the officers of the Guard, and the President of Kent State University all have executive immunity." Krause at p. 20.

The Eleventh Amendment to the United States Constitution provides that a state may be sued by citizens of another state only upon the consent of the state sued. By judicial interpretation this amendment has been expanded to exclude suits by citizens against their own state, whether brought in state or federal courts, when the state has not consented to the suit. Dugan v. Rank, 372 U.S. 609 (1963); Duhne v. New Jersey, 251 U.S. 311, 40 S.Ct. 154 (1920); Palmer v. State, 247 U.S. 32, 39 S.Ct. 16 (1918), dismissing error 96 Ohio St. 513, 118 N.E. 102; Hans v. Louisiana, 134 U.S. 1, 10 S.Ct. 504 (1890). The fact that a plaintiff's alleged cause of action arises under the Constitution or laws of the United States does not, in itself, preclude the operation of sovereign immunity under the Eleventh Amendment. Palmer v. State, supra; Hans v. Louisiana, supra.

The consent by a state to be sued must be given in clear and unambiguous terms. This waiver must be clearly established in order to be effective. Cooper S.S. Co. v. State of Michigan, 194 F.2d 465, 467 (6th Cir. 1952). Whether Ohio has, in this case, given the required consent is to be determined by local state law. Elmendorf v. Taylor, 10 Wheat. 152, 159 (1825); Old Colony Trust Co. v. Omaha, 230 U.S. 100, 116 (1913). The law of Ohio is clear in this regard.

Article 1, Section 16, of the Ohio Constitution, provides:

"Suits may be brought against the state, in such courts and in such manner, as may be provided by law."

Under the language of this section, suits may be brought against the State of Ohio only in the manner authorized by the General Assembly. In the absence of an enabling statute, the State may not be sued.

"The provision of the Ohio Constitution Article I, Section 16 . . . is not self-executing; and statutory authority is required as a prerequisite to the bringing of suit against the state." Paragraph two of the syllabus of Raudabaugh v. State of Ohio, 96 Ohio St. 513 (1917).

This case has consistently been followed in subsequent Ohio cases. Krause v. State, 31 Ohio St. 2d 133 (1972), appeal dismissed by United States Supreme Court, No. 72-589 (December 11, 1972); Wolf v. Ohio State University Hospital, 170 Ohio St. 49 (1959); State ex rel. Williams v. Glander, 148 Ohio St. 188 (1947).

In Palmer v. State, 248 U.S. 32 (1918), which grew out of Palmer v. State, 96 Ohio St. 513 (1917), the Supreme Court held:

"The right of individuals to sue a State, in either a federal or state court, cannot be derived from the Constitution or laws of the United States. It can come only from the consent of the State."

The State of Ohio has not consented to be sued in either the state or federal courts under the circumstances alleged in the complaint.

Kent State University is a state institution. Ohio Revised Code, Section 3341.01. Its Board of Trustees is appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. Ohio Revised

Code, Section 3341.02(B). Likewise, the Board elects the President of the University and such officers as are deemed necessary. Ohio Revised Code, Section 3341.04. Ohio courts have long held that State universities, their officers and instrumentalities, are not amenable to suit. Carolyn v. Youngstown State University, unreported, 7th District Court of Appeals dismissed by Supreme Court of the United States, 404 U.S. 1007 (1972); Schaffer v. Bd. of Trustees, 171 Ohio St. 228 (1960); Thacker v. Bd. of Trustees, 29 Ohio Misc. 33, following Wolf v. Ohio State University Hospital, 170 Ohio St. 49 (1959); State ex rel. Williams v. Glander, 148 Ohio St. 188 (1947).

Accordingly, since all Defendants are being sued for the performance of their official duties as they understand them, they are not amenable to suit in this action and hence are not subject to the jurisdiction of this Court.

- B. Plaintiffs' complaint neither presents a distinguishable or definable class sufficient to uphold an action under Rules 23(a), 23(b) (1) (A), 23(b) (2), and 23(b) (3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, nor establishes that its members are so numerous as to make it impracticable to bring them before the Court.

Prerequisite to bringing a class action is the presence of a clear definition of those represented in the class. Chaffee v. Johnson, 229 F.Supp. 445 (S.D. Miss. 1964); D & A Motors v. General Motors Corp., 19 FRD 365, 22 FR Serv. 23a. 11 (S.D. N.Y. 1956). Where there is no clear evidence that the class exists a suit will not be entertained. Carroll v. Associated Musicians, 206 F.Supp. 462 (S.D. N.Y. 1962); Giordano v. Radio Corp. of America, 183 F.2d 558 (C.A. 3d 1950). In 3b Moore's Federal Practice, Section 23.04 at 23-254 (2d Ed. 1969) it is stated:

"These principles apply under the revised rule, perhaps even more forcefully, because under

[Federal Rule 23] (c) (1) 'As soon as practicable after the commencement of an action brought as a class action, the court shall determine by order whether it is to be so maintained.'; under (c) (2) the court must direct a notice to members of the (b) (3) type of class suit that any member may opt out; and under (c) (3) the court's judgment must find who are members of the class. In addition, an appropriate delineation of the class is desirable to determine whether it is to be maintained only with respect to particular issues, or divided into subclasses; in making orders in conduct of the action, particularly in giving the discretionary notice; and in dismissing or compromising the action."

To quote from the complaint: "The class represented by plaintiffs consists of all members of the Kent State University community whom defendants have subjected, or threatened to subject, to the acts set forth below, in deprivation of their First, Fourth, Ninth and Fourteenth Amendment rights including, but not limited to, all members of Kent State Veterans Against The War and other political action groups in the Kent State University community." Complaint, p. 3. Clearly, it would be impossible for any court to determine those persons whom defendants allegedly "subjected, or threatened to subject," not only within "political action groups" but "all members of the Kent State University community."

Therefore, the class action should be dismissed since the members referred to by plaintiffs are not only indeterminable but may very well not even exist. Furthermore, plaintiffs' failure to establish that the members of their class are so numerous as to make it impracticable to bring them before this Court [see F.R. 23(a)], indicates plaintiffs' own uncertainty about their existence, and is additional reason for dismissal of this action. Demarco v. Edens, 390 F.2d 836 (C.A. 2d 1968); Giordano v. Radio Corp. of America, 183 F.2d 558 (C.A. 3d 1950); Atwood v. National Bank of Lima, 115 F.2d 861 (C.A. 6th 1940).

II. THE COMPLAINT DOES NOT SET FORTH FACTS SUFFICIENT TO CONSTITUTE A CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST DEFENDANTS.

- A. The complaint does not set forth a claim that plaintiffs' constitutional rights were violated or that immunities were denied.

Without setting forth a factual claim, plaintiffs allege that their rights under the First, Fourth, Fifth, Ninth, and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution have been violated. The allegations will be dealt with specifically:

1) Fifth and Fourteenth Amendment Allegations. Here, the complaint alleges that the purported "efforts" and attempts of defendants to entrap, arrest, criminally charge, and damage the reputations of the plaintiffs violated the due process provisions of these amendments. No allegation is made, of course, that any of the above things occurred. Only that defendants made an "effort" to bring about those results.

Apparently plaintiffs would urge that there need be no actual deprivation of liberty or property to spell out a violation of these rights; rather just an effort to do so. For this, they seek damages and injunctive relief.

There being no allegation whatsoever that plaintiffs were deprived of anything, no cause of action has been spelled out.

2) First and Fourteenth Amendments. Plaintiffs nakedly assert that the defendants have somehow violated their rights to freedom of expression, assembly, and the ability to engage in lawful political activity. This, apparently through "intimidation" and interference which "inhibits" them. No allegation is made that any specific act was committed by any of the defendants in this action which in any way has prevented plaintiffs from exercising any of these rights of expression, assembly, or political action. No allegation is made that plaintiffs' expressions or associations have been suppressed or prevented.

Plaintiffs' sole allegation relates to some "inhibition" they feel in exercising their first amendment rights. "Allegations of a subjective 'chill' are not an adequate substitute for a claim of specific present objective harm or a threat of specific future harm; 'the federal courts established pursuant to Article III of the Constitution do not render advisory opinions'." Laird v. Tatum, 408 U.S. 1, 14 (1972). While it is true that a line of cases found constitutional violations in the "chilling" effect government action had on the exercise of first amendment rights, "In none of these cases, however, did the chilling effect arise merely from the individual's knowledge that a government agency was engaged in certain activities or from the individual's concomitant fear that, armed with the fruits of those activities, the agency might in the future take some other and additional action detrimental to that individual. Rather, in each of these cases, the challenged exercise of governmental power was regulatory, proscriptive, or compulsory in nature, and the complainant was either presently or prospectively subject to the regulations, proscriptions, or compulsions that he was challenging." Laird v. Tatum, supra at 11 (emphasis added).

Plaintiffs would apparently seek a recovery from this Court because they have developed a paranoia and are plagued with fears that have never been realized. Actions under the Federal Civil Rights Act must be based on real, and not "imagined or speculative" violations of one's constitutional rights. See Younger v. Harris, 401 U.S. 37, 42 (1971); Laird v. Tatum, supra at 12; and Fowler v. United States, 258 F. Supp. 638 (C.D. Cal. 1966), which states at page 645 that:

". . . it has always been the rule that to state a claim against a public official for deprivation of civil rights highly specific facts must be alleged. General conclusionary allegations unsupported by facts have consistently been rejected as insufficient to constitute a claim under the Civil Rights Acts . . . See also Progress Development Corp. v. Mitchell, 182 F.Supp. 681, 713

(N.P. Ill. 1960), where the court pointed out that '[t]he mere intention to take some action at some time in the future, which might or might not occur, and which if it does occur might present a situation coming under the Civil Rights Act, does not present any justiciable question under the Civil Rights Act'."

3) Fourth, Ninth and Fourteenth Amendments. Plaintiffs here assert that their "right to privacy" was infringed upon by the activities of defendant Mohr, allegedly in "conspiracy" with the other defendants. It should be noted that nowhere is defendant Mohr alleged to have acted in violation of the law. Nowhere is it alleged that defendant Mohr physically intruded upon premises under the control of plaintiffs without their permission. It is only alleged that he shared with others information from discussions with plaintiffs that they did not know he intended to share. For this breach of confidence, plaintiffs demand relief from this Court in a Federal Civil Rights Action.

The right to privacy under the Fourth Amendment, in particular, guarantees that persons shall be free from unauthorized and unlawful searches of their persons and premises under their control. Nothing in the complaint even suggests that defendant Mohr, or anyone else, ever entered plaintiffs' premises or participated in their discussions without their express permission. There is no allegation that information or testimony was taken from plaintiffs without a warrant for purposes of criminal prosecution. No criminal prosecution has ever been brought against plaintiffs from such information and none has been alleged.

The constitution does not guarantee that government officials disclose their identity as such to any person; except, perhaps, in instances of arrest. That defendant Mohr is alleged to have breached confidences with those who did not know he was a state employee is not, in of itself, any grounds upon which the relief sought here can be granted. The mere fact that state officials

conduct an investigation does not give rise to an actionable right under the Federal Civil Rights Act. See Jenkins v. McKeithen, 413 F.2d 660 (5th Cir. 1969).

It is well established that police agents may conduct "undercover" surveillance and not violate the Fourth Amendment in so doing. See Lewis v. United States, 385 U.S. 206 (1966); Hoffa v. United States, 385 U.S. 293 (1966); Lopez v. United States, 373 U.S. 427 (1963); Brown v. Brierley, 438 F.2d 854 (1971), cert. den. 402 U.S. 997. Misplaced confidence that a conversation directed at or carried on in the known presence of an agent will not be repeated does not violate the Fourth Amendment when that agent was present on otherwise private premises by invitation. "The risk of being * * * betrayed by an informer or deceived as to the identity of one with whom one deals is probably inherent in the conditions of human society. It is the kind of risk we necessarily assume whenever we speak." Hoffa, supra at 303, citing the dissenting opinion in Lopez, supra.

- B. The complaint does not set forth any cause of action against defendants Olds, Williams, Huffman, and the Board of Trustees in particular.

These defendants are identified in the complaint as either having authority over the operations and/or security activities at the Kent State University, or as being "engaged in security activities with Defendant Fyke." Thereinafter, defendants Huffman and Williams are never again mentioned in the complaint.

Defendants Olds and the Board of Trustees of the Kent State University are mentioned only in the clearly spurious allegations of paragraph 7 which recite the almost paranoid complaint that some insidious "agreement and conspiracy" existed to deprive them of their constitutional rights. Thereafter, no specific allegation is made that any of these defendants authorized, directed, knew about or should have known about the activities which plaintiffs accuse

the remaining defendants of. The allegations enumerated under paragraph 8 charge only that defendant Mohr acted in a particular fashion "with the knowledge and at the direction of defendants Fyke and Winkler * * *." It is clear that where damages are sought in a Federal Civil Rights Action, highly specific facts must be alleged. Danner v. Moore, 306 F.Supp. 433 (D.C. Pa. 1969).

With respect to defendants Huffman and Williams then, this Court only has before it the allegation that they were "engaged in security activities" with defendant Fyke, and that they "entered into an agreement and conspiracy" to deprive plaintiffs of certain purported rights. Allegations concerning any activities in furtherance of such purported conspiracy specifically omit these two defendants.

With respect to defendants Olds and the Board of Trustees, it is only further alleged that they intended a course of action purportedly designed to deprive plaintiffs of some rights. Again, further specific allegations that plaintiffs charge constitute some wrong against them are silent as to any involvement by these defendants.

Defendants would respectfully urge that no claim has been made against these defendants upon which the relief prayed for could be granted.

The law is very clear that a complaint made against a public official must set forth specific allegations of a deprivation of constitutional rights in order to state a cause of action under the Federal Civil Rights Act. See Friedman v. Younger, 46 F.R.D. 444 (C.D. Cal. 1969). Blanket conclusory allegations are not sufficient to defeat a motion to dismiss. Guedry v. Ford, 431 F.2d 660 (5th Cir. 1970); Fletcher v. Hood, 446 F.2d 14 (3rd Cir. 1971); Gottlemacher v. Prasse, 428 F.2d 1 (3rd Cir. 1970); and Friedman, supra.

- C. If plaintiffs' claim for money damages is against defendants personally, it should be dismissed for failure to state a claim upon which relief can be granted under Rule 12(b)(6) since defendants are immune as public officials from 1983 damage actions for acts done in good faith in the performance of their duties as they understand them.

Plaintiffs claim jurisdiction through Title 42, United States Code, Section 1983. 42 U.S.C. 1983, by its terms, can be the basis for declaratory, injunctive, or damage actions against state officials for acts depriving a person of constitutional rights, committed either within or without the scope of their authority under state law. Monroe v. Pope, 365 U.S. 167, 81 S.Ct. 473 (1961). The Supreme Court and lower Federal Courts have, however, realized the danger inherent in permitting Section 1983 damage actions against state or other public officials without any regard to their need for independence from retribution for their actions, or the injustice inherent in requiring such an official to be personally liable for damage caused by an act he performed in good faith as part of his duties under state laws. They have, therefore, carved certain absolute and qualified immunities for public officials from the apparently blanket liability of 42 U.S.C. 1983.

In Pierson v. Ray, 386 U.S. 547, 87 S.Ct. 1213 (1967), the Supreme Court held that a judge had an unqualified or absolute immunity from a damage action under 1983 for sentencing plaintiff under an unconstitutional statute. In the same case, the court held that the police were immune if they acted in good faith and had probable cause to arrest. In effect the court held that the police officers had a qualified immunity from 1983 damage actions.

Lower federal court cases hold that state officials have a qualified immunity from 1983 damage actions for acts done by them in good faith within the scope of their official duties as they understand them.

"Hence I take it as a roughly accurate generalization that members of a city council and other public officers not in the exceptional category of officers having complete immunity, would have a qualified privilege, giving them a defense against civil liability, for harms caused by acts done by them in good faith in performance of their official duty as they understand it." Cobb v. City of Malden, 202 F.2d 701 (1 Cir. 1958) at 707.

Other cases holding that state officials have a qualified immunity from 1983 damage actions are: Kirstein v. Rector and Visitors of the University of Virginia, 309 F.S. 184 (D.C., E.D. Va. 1970) (officers and trustees of state university); Silver v. Dickson, 403 F.2d 642 (9 Cir. 1968) (parole board members); Fanale v. Sheehy, 385 F.2d 866 (2 Cir. 1967) (prosecuting attorney); Rhodes v. Meyer, 334 F.2d 709 (8 Cir. 1964) cert. den'd 379 U.S. 915 (prosecuting attorneys, attorneys, sheriffs, prison officials); Hoffman v. Holden, 268 F.2d 280 (9 Cir. 1959) (prison officials); Kenny v. Fox, 232 F.2d 288 (6 Cir. 1956) cert. den'd 352 U.S. 855 (prosecuting attorney, judge); Dunn v. Gaffola, 216 F.2d 709 (1 Cir. 1954) (reformatory superintendent, commissioner of corrections); Gregoire v. Biddle, 177 F.2d 529 (C.A. 2d 1949).

In Francis v. Lyman, 216 F.2d 583 (1 Cir. 1954) plaintiff was a voluntary juvenile inmate of a school for the feeble-minded who was, allegedly without notice or hearing, committed to a state farm, where he was later assigned to a state reformatory. The plaintiff sued numerous parties for damages under 42 U.S.C. 1983 for his alleged unconstitutional confinement, including the superintendents of the state farm and reformatory. The court affirmed the dismissal of plaintiff's complaint as to these parties for failure to state a claim upon which relief could be granted, stating that the superintendents acted in the good faith performance of what they believed to be their official duty.

In Nelson v. Knox, 256 F. 2d 312 (1958), the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals adopted the "qualified immunity" position, set out above by Judge Magruder in Cobb v. City of Malden, supra, in holding that the Mayor and Commissioners of Huntington Woods, Michigan, were immune from a 1983 damage action for the alleged intentional destruction of plaintiff's garage business by passing an arbitrary and discriminatory ordinance. The court affirmed the dismissal of the district court.

In Judge Allen's concurring opinion in Nelson, supra, he argues that, in the absence of federal certainty in developing 1983 immunity the federal courts should take recourse to state court decisions on this point. In fact, Chief Judge Magruder's test of "good faith in performance of their official duty as they understand it" is virtually the same as that stated in Gregory v. Small, 39 Ohio St. 346 (1883) - "they acted in their official capacity, in good faith, and in the honest discharge of official duty."

Chapter 3345 of the Ohio Revised Code specifies the general powers of state universities. Section 3345.21 vests in the Boards of Trustees the responsibility for maintaining law and order on the campuses. Section 3345.04 further provides that:

"The board of trustees of . . . Kent State University . . . may designate one or more employees of the institution, as special policemen . . .

"Such policemen shall protect the property of such institution, suppress nuisances and disturbances and breaches of the peace, and enforce laws for the preservation of good order."

In the instant case there can be no doubt but that, in establishing and operating the Kent State University Security Office, defendants acted in good faith in performance of their official duties as they understood them. The complaint does not contest this point and therefore should be dismissed for failing to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

D. The allegations of plaintiffs' complaint involve non-justiciable political questions

The basis for the non-justiciability of political questions is founded both on the established doctrine of separation of powers, and, pragmatically, upon the inability of the judiciary to conduct hearings and investigations necessary to the resolution of political issues. The entire complaint at bar surrounds the surveillance of "political action groups" by the Kent State University Security Force (Complaint, p. 3). The question of seeking judicial relief in order to sharply curtail domestic intelligence activity has been ruled upon by the United States Supreme Court within the last year. The case of Laird v. Tatum, 408 U.S. 1 (1972) dismissed a similar complaint on the ground that the plaintiffs had not presented a justiciable controversy, because the questions involved were political and not suitable for determination by the judicial branch of government.

The critical tests for determining whether a political question is presented were spelled out in the case of Baker v. Carr, 369 U.S. 186, 217 (1962):

1. A constitutional commitment of the issue to a coordinate political department;
2. A lack of judicially discoverable and manageable standards for resolving the issue;
3. The impossibility of deciding the issue without an initial policy determination of a kind clearly for non-judicial discretion;
4. The impossibility of the court's undertaking an independent resolution of the issue without expressing lack of respect due coordinate branches of government;
5. An unusual need for unquestioning adherence to a political decision already made;
6. The potentiality of embarrassment from multifarious pronouncements by various departments on the issue.

The matters under consideration in the instant case fall clearly within the tests mentioned above. Clearly, what plaintiffs appear

to be seeking is a broad scale investigation, conducted by themselves as private parties armed with the subpoena power of a federal district court and the power of cross examination to probe into the University's security and intelligence gathering activities, with the district court determining at the conclusion of that investigation the extent to which those activities may or may not be appropriate to the University's mission. This was precisely the point that lead the Supreme Court to affirm the dismissal of the Tatum case (see Laird v. Tatum, 408 U.S. at 14).

As the Supreme Court has repeatedly emphasized, courts should not venture into a realm foreign to the judiciary, one in which manageable standards may not yet have been developed, to resolve the competing claims as to the appropriateness of technical details of the security system.

CONCLUSION


It is clear that plaintiffs have not stated a cause of action and further that this Court lacks jurisdiction over the persons named in this suit.

THEREFORE, ^{defendants} ~~plaintiffs~~ pray to this Court for a dismissal of the complaint against them.

Respectfully submitted,

WILLIAM J. BROWN
Attorney General of Ohio


ERIC R. GILBERTSON
Assistant Attorney General


DANIEL M. COLLETT
Assistant Attorney General
State House Annex
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 469-4708

TRIAL ATTORNEYS FOR DEFENDANTS
JAMES FYKE, ET AL.

PROOF OF SERVICE

A copy of the foregoing Motion and Memorandum In Support Of Motion was mailed to Leonard J. Schwartz, 203 E. Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215, Attorney for Plaintiffs, this 5th day of January, 1973.

Daniel M. Collett
DANIEL M. COLLETT

FBI

Date: 1/10/73

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092)
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-160644)
SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
IS - REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES
(OO:CHICAGO)

b7c
[Redacted]

Re NY teletype to Bureau, Albany, Buffalo, Chicago and Washington Field 12/11/72.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are ten copies of an LHM, dated and captioned as above concerning a conference of the New York Region of the VVAW held at Oneonta, New York on 12/9-10/72.

Appropriate copies of the LHM based on the contents of the LHM are enclosed for listed offices.

- 3-Bureau (Encls. 10) (RM)
(1-100-) (PROTESTS DURING PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, 1973)
- 4-Albany (100-22519) (Encls. 4) (RM)
(1-100- [Redacted])
(1-100- [Redacted])
- 7-Buffalo (100-21623) (Encls. 7) (RM)
(1-100- [Redacted])
(1-100- [Redacted])
(1-100- [Redacted])
(1-100- [Redacted])
(1-100- [Redacted])
- 2-Chicago (100-50772) (Encls. 2) (RM)
- 2-Washington Field (100-) (VVAW) (Encls. 2) (RM)
(1-100-) (PROTESTS DURING PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, 1973)

1-New York
JFM:ems

XEROX
FEB 13 1973 - 448092-263

REC-87
23 JAN 12 1973

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Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

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Ad. Sect.
1972 - 455-574

NY 100-160644

COPIES CONTINUED:

1-New York [REDACTED] (42)
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1-New York (100- [REDACTED]) (42)
1-New York [REDACTED] (42)
1-New York [REDACTED] (42)
1-New York (100- [REDACTED]) (46)
1-New York (100-177395) (PROTESTS DURING PRESIDENTIAL
INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, 1973)(42)
1-New York (100-160644)(42)

b7c



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

January 10, 1973

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Bufile 100-448092
NYfile 100-160644

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Vietnam Veterans Against
the War (VVAW)

10/27/94 J.C. [unclear]
OR

The Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) is a national organization composed primarily of veterans of the war in Vietnam, that has organized and participated in numerous demonstrations against the war in Vietnam during 1970-72, including the seizure of the Statue of Liberty, New York City, and the occupation of the Betsy Ross House, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in December, 1971. Six members of the VVAW were indicted by a Federal Grand Jury, Tallahassee, Florida, July, 1972, on charge of conspiracy to violate the Federal Antiriot Law. (Unclassified)

On December 11, 1972 a first confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised that a conference of the New York Region of the VVAW was held at Oneonta, New York on December 9-10, 1972. (~~Confidential~~)

The initial session began on December 9, 1972 at the Student Union, State University of New York (SUNY), Oneonta. About twenty persons attended. Among those in attendance were the following:

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency; nor duplicated within your agency.

XEROX
FEB 13 1973

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
Classified by Supervisor Karl R. Buckman
Exempt From General Declassification
Schedule of Executive Order 11652
Exemption Category 2
Automatically Declassified on Indefinite

100-448092-2631
ENCLOSURE

Vietnam Veterans Against
the War (VVAW)

New York City Chapter

Joseph Hirsch

[REDACTED]

Brian Matarese
Ed Damato

Buffalo Chapter

Ray Winters

[REDACTED]

New Paltz Chapter

[REDACTED]

Delhi Chapter

[REDACTED]

Sidney Chapter

Unidentified male

Oneonta Chapter

[REDACTED]

Rochester Chapter

[REDACTED] last name unknown (~~Confidential~~)

All sessions were chaired by Ed Damato of the
New York City Chapter. (~~Confidential~~)

Vietnam Veterans Against
the War (VVAW)

The initial session on December 9, 1972 consisted mainly of Chapter reports. The Buffalo Chapter, having over twenty active members, noted great activity. Buffalo representatives stated the Buffalo Chapter had been using television to present VVAW problems, had organized a complete speakers bureau and has a mailing list of 200 to 300 individuals. (~~Confidential~~)

The Oneonta Chapter reported it had eight active members. (~~Confidential~~)

The Rochester Chapter reported that it had been inactive, but was attempting to organize. (~~Confidential~~)

Brian Matarese and Joe Hirsch presented the New York City Chapter report. The New York City Chapter has a membership of 30 to 40 active members and a mailing list of about 2000. (~~Confidential~~)

Ed Damato presented the regional report. He announced that he will possibly withdraw from his position as New York regional coordinator and will accept a position with the National VVAW Office in Chicago, Illinois, if elected. Damato suggested that due to lack of activity in the New York City Chapter, the Regional Office be transferred to Buffalo. (~~Confidential~~)

Following the Chapter reports, a report was given on the National Steering Committee held in Palo Alto, California, during September, 1972. This report was followed with general discussions on the national structure of the VVAW and the need for a variety of workshops. (~~Confidential~~)

Following the first session most of the delegates attended a party in Oneonta given by Youth Against War and Facism (YAWF). (~~Confidential~~)

Youth Against War and Fascism (YAWF) is the youth group of the Workers World Party (WWP).
(Unclassified)

Vietnam Veterans Against
the War (VVAW)

The WWP was founded in 1959 by individuals who disagreed with policies of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP). The WWP dissidents advocated unconditional support of the Soviet Union and the building of a revolutionary party geared to the overthrow of capitalism. More recently the WWP has called for peaceful solutions to Sino-Soviet disputes, however, the WWP generally supports the People's Republic of China in its ideological differences with the Soviet Union. (Unclassified)

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450. (Unclassified)

The final session of the conference was held at the residence of Chuck Smith, Reservoir Road, Oneonta, on December 10, 1972. At this session a resolution was passed that the VVAW do anything and everything to assist the three peoples of Indochina defeat genocidal aggression, United States imperialism, and to develop an anti-imperialist consciousness among American people by relevant programs of mass indoctrination. (~~Confidential~~)

[REDACTED] New York City Chapter, stated that the VVAW Third World Caucus group might demonstrate in Washington D.C. on Inauguration Day, January 20, 1973. (~~Confidential~~) b7c

The final discussion centered around the National VVAW Conference to be held in Chicago, during January 5-11, 1973. It was decided that the New York Region would probably be represented by Ed Damato and three unidentified individuals. (~~Confidential~~)

During June, 1971, a second confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past, identified [REDACTED] as a member of [REDACTED] the Communist Party, United States of America. (Unclassified) b7c

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092)

DATE: 2/13/73

FROM : SAC, WFO (100-47162)(P)

SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
IS-RA
(OO:CG)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) BY [redacted]

Classification
11/21/8
b7c

Re WFO nitel to Bureau dated 1/3/73; Bureau nitel to Albany dated 1/10/73; and WFO nitel to Bureau dated 1/15/73.

Enclosed for the Bureau are six copies of an LHM captioned, "VVAW SENARIO AT WASHINGTON, D.C., 1/20/73". Copies of this letter and LHM are being furnished to indicated offices inasmuch as individuals from these offices were active in Washington, D.C. (WDC), during this time.

The representatives of the United States Park Police referred to in the enclosed LHM is [redacted]

The first source utilized in enclosed LHM is [redacted]; the second source is [redacted]; the third source is [redacted]; the fourth source is [redacted]; the fifth source is [redacted]; the sixth source is [redacted]; the seventh source is [redacted]; and the eighth source is [redacted]

DECLASSIFIED BY [redacted]
DATE 10/27/94
b7c
b2
b7d

- 2- Bureau (Enc. 3)
- 3- Chicago (Enc. 3)
- (1-100-50773)(VVAW)
- (1-100-14836)(VVAW)
- 1- Cincinnati (100-19743)(Info)(Enc. 1)
- 1- New Haven (100-21058)(Info)(Enc. 1)
- 2- Kansas City (Enc. 2)
- (1-100-14836)(VVAW)
- 3- New York (Enc. 3)
- (1-100-16064)(VVAW)
- (1-100-14836)(VVAW)
- 3- Philadelphia (Enc. 3)
- (1-100-52640)(VVAW)
- (1-100-14836)(VVAW)
- 1- Tampa (100-2514)(Info)(Enc. 1)
- 3- WFO (100-47162)(VVAW)
- (1-100-53567)

REC-95

100-448092-2632

DR:cjn
(19)

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copy sent Gary P. Thomas
3/12/96
Per CIA Request

DOCS OFFICE
b2
b7d
b7c



5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

WFO 100-47162

The representatives of the FBI observing the movements of the VVAW march on January 20, 1973, were [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] of the Alexandria Division; [REDACTED]; and [REDACTED] of the Washington Field Office.

The LHM is being classified "Confidential" as unauthorized disclosure could reasonably be expected to damage national security by compromising [REDACTED] and other informants who continue to furnish valuable information on a continuing basis relative to VVAW activities.

b7c

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b7d

(X) u



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C. 20535 ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

February 13, 1973

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

CLASSIFIED BY *SP6/MS*
2/14/95

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
SCENARIO FOR 1973 PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURATION,
JANUARY 20, 1973, WASHINGTON, D.C.

The VVAW is a national organization, composed primarily of veterans of the Vietnam War, which has conducted demonstrations against the war during 1970-1972. Its first published objective is to demand all immediate of fighting and withdrawal of all American troops from Indochina. *u*

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY *9788 Rcs/kmb*
DECLASSIFY ON *4/20/81 2-13-89*

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) BY *RAJ/jcl* DATE *1/16/73*

On January 2, 1973, a representative of the United States Park Police (USPP), Washington, D.C. (WDC), advised that a notice of demonstration had been received from the VVAW for a demonstration to occur on January 20, 1973. The notice advised that at 11:00 am, January 20, 1973, members of the VVAW would form at the Tidal Basin area, near the Jefferson Monument, WDC, or at Iwo Jima Memorial, Arlington, Virginia. At 11:20 am the group would march from either location to Arlington Cemetery, Arlington, Virginia, for a short service commencing at 12:00 noon. At 12:20 pm the group would depart Arlington Cemetery and return to the Tidal Basin area, pick up signs, and disperse to WDC traffic circle for a silent vigil. At approximately 4:00 pm the VVAW members would leave the traffic circle and return to the Tidal Basin. *u*

This notice of demonstration further stated that the VVAW may hold a counter inaugural ball at a church (not further identified) during the evening of January 20, 1973. The notice was signed by Tim Butz, [redacted], WDC. *u* *b7C*

Classification
APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) BY DATE

Classified by *Courtland J. Jones*
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite

CLASSIFIED BY *SP-1 gsk/mud/aln*
DATE *1-2-82*
1/13/93
1/14/80
COMP # *57104*

100 - 448092 - 2632

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR

CONFIDENTIAL

On January 9, 1973, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that at the VVAW National Steering Committee Meeting held January 4-8, 1973, at 2440 North Lincoln Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, the following scenario for the presidential inauguration at WDC on January 20, 1973, was set forth. (S) u

VVAW members would assemble at 9:30 am, January 20, 1973, at Arlington Cemetery parking lot. At 10:00 am a non-religious ceremony with Barry Romo and a Vietnamese woman as speakers would be held. At 10:30 am the VVAW march would begin leaving Arlington Cemetery via access bridge, around Lincoln Monument Circle to Independence Avenue. The march would continue down Independence Avenue turning North onto 4th or 5th Street, Northwest, to Mall Ground. The march will halt at the former VVAW Campsite for Operation Dewey Canyon III. (S) u

At the Mall Grounds, Indochinese music will be played and several tables will be set up to serve hot tea and collect signatures on the Nine Point Peace Treaty. Several established guerrilla theatre groups will perform skits related to the Vietnamese struggle and American imperialism. The rally will disperse as soon as people feel the need to leave. (S) u

The march will be led by a large banner reading "VIETNAM FOR THE VIETNAMESE, STOP THE BOMBING, SIGN THE TREATY". Each organization will be allowed one organizational banner, and an unlimited number of signs designating support for the Nine Point Peace Plan. No flags of the nations will be carried on this march. (S) u

Each region will be responsible for providing for the identity and discipline within its group. The march will be four to six abreast to maintain security from infiltrators/provocateurs. The working committee will print a leaflet for distribution with the political reasoning for the tone and nature of self-discipline/security as per national hearing committee decision. (S) u

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

This march will be open to any organization that has consistently supported the Vietnamese Plan for Peace and who agrees to the basics of the scenario. (S) u

Each participating region shall pledge \$25 plus \$1 per person participating. Any surplus of finances will be used to pay the existing debt of the National Office. (S) u

The Working Committee shall consist of people from Washington, Philadelphia, and Boston Regional Offices, with a National Coordinator from Chicago. Other regions wishing to send advance party personnel should contact the Washington, D.C. Office in advance. The Washington, D.C. address to be contacted was given as 1322 18th Street, Washington, D.C. Telephone number (202) 785-3111. (S) u

This march will be a disciplined march in support of the Nine Point Peace Plan. It will be a one day public manifestation of our day to day support of this peace plan in the Vietnamese struggle. (S) u

On January 12, 1973, a representative of the United States Park Police, Washington, D.C., advised that he had been in contact with Tim Butz who wished to make a few minor changes to the previously submitted VVAW Notice of Demonstration. Butz stated that instead of beginning the VVAW march at the Tidal Basin area he was now asking permission to begin the march at Arlington Cemetery, Arlington, Virginia, and then proceed across Memorial Bridge, around Lincoln Monument, and down Independence Avenue, to the site of the former VVAW Campsite, Dewey Canyon, III. Tim Butz was advised that these changes will be noted on his Notice of Demonstration. u

On Sunday, January 14, 1973, a second source who has provided reliable information in the past, advised that

[REDACTED] Source advised that [REDACTED] emphasized that the VVAW march should be peaceful and well organized in (S) u

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VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

order to be most effective. [REDACTED]

b7E

u

On Monday, January 15, 1973, [this same second source] advised that [REDACTED]

b7C

b7E

u

This same source advised that three VVAW Headquarters sites have been set up in WDC for the march on January 20 and are located at the following addresses: 2115 S Street, Northwest, WDC (this is the address of the National Student Association and space was offered to VVAW for use through January 20, 1973).

b7C

b7E

On Monday, January 15, 1973, a third source who has provided reliable information in the past advised that a press conference was held at All Souls Unitarian Church, 16th and Harvard Street, Northwest, WDC, at 9:30 am. The press conference was sponsored by VVAW and the purpose was to explain to newsmen the scenario for their demonstration on January 20. The spokesman was Ed Damato.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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Damato stated at this press conference that the VVAW demonstration would have a clear political message that could not be ignored and that was support of the Nine Point Peace Plan of October 26, 1972. He went on to explain the route of the march the VVAW would take and stated that the ceremony on the Mall would consist of a guerrilla theatre and Vietnamese music while the participants signed the Nine Point Peace Plan Treaty. He stated that Barry Romo, VVAW Coordinator, would give a short speech before the group left Arlington Cemetery. (S) u

On January 11, 1973, a fourth source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] This source further advised that during this meeting it was mentioned that absolutely no violence would be tolerated during the WDC demonstration. To enforce this limitation each chapter will send a Sergeant at Arms to preserve peace and order. [REDACTED] (S) u

On January 11, 1973, a fifth source, who has provided reliable information in the past, advised that to date 35 to 40 Philadelphia area VVAW members have indicated their intention to travel to WDC to participate in the demonstration at the inauguration. This source advised that Scott Reihmer, a Florida VVAW member is in Philadelphia. He is in charge of organizing medical teams composed of VVAW members who will participate in the demonstration at the presidential inauguration. (S) u

On January 15, 1973, this same source advised that [REDACTED], also known as [REDACTED] VVAW activist, is currently in WDC for the purpose of participation in the demonstration at the presidential inauguration on January 20, 1973. This source further advised that the VVAW contingent will be joined in WDC by the November 4th Coalition from New York City, New York. (S) u

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The November 4th Coalition has been publicly described as an ad hoc committee composed of representatives of several anti war groups in New York City.

On January 18, 1973, this same source advised that, to date, 30 to 35 Philadelphia VVAW members have indicated intention to travel to WDC for the demonstration on January 20. They will not use buses or rent trucks. They will travel individually by any means available to them. This source advised that Gary Thomas, VVAW Philadelphia, and Scott Reihmer have been in WDC since January 17. Roy Leeds, Philadelphia VVAW, will leave on January 19 for WDC. (S) u

u (S) [This source] stated that a VVAW working committee has been set up in WDC for the demonstration and consists of Tim Butz, Gary Thomas, [REDACTED] Bart Savage, Ed Damato. A second committee, the VVAW Staff Committee, has also been established and to date consists of [REDACTED] and Scott Reihmer. This source advised that WDC telephone number to be utilized for information by VVAW members are 235-0656 and 829-6436. In addition, telephone number OL2-1556 will have a prerecorded message for last minute instructions for VVAW participants. Numbers to be called regarding VVAW housing are 293-7738 and 293-7798. (S) u

This source advised that as of January 18, 1973, plans call for all VVAW members to assemble during morning of January 20 at Arlington Cemetery and from there cross Memorial Bridge. Members are not planning on carrying any flags or placards and will have their own external and internal security. This source reported that there have been rumors that Trotsky groups will attempt to join the VVAW line of march and VVAW members have commented that should this occur, they will beat up the Trotskies. (S) u

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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On January 15, 1973, a sixth source who has furnished reliable information in the past advised that, to date, nine members of the New Haven, Connecticut VVAW Chapter are scheduled to leave New Haven on January 18, 1973 for the inaugural demonstration in WDC on January 20, 1973. This source advised that all members are being instructed that the entire VVAW demonstration at the inauguration is to be non-violent with the purpose showing solidarity with Hanoi in regard to the bombing. This source advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] and [REDACTED] are planning to attend the demonstration. (S) u

b7C

This source further advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7D

On January 15, 1973, a seventh source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that a meeting of the VVAW was held at the University of South Florida, Tampa, Florida, on [REDACTED] (S) u

b7D

The meeting of the VVAW was held at the University of South Florida, Tampa, Florida, on [REDACTED]. Further plans for the trip to Washington, D.C. were formulated. (S) u

b7D

[REDACTED] It is expected that approximately 75 individuals will travel to Washington, D.C. from Tampa. [REDACTED]

b7C

b7D

The Tampa group will travel in convoy leaving Tampa, Florida at approximately 10:00 am January 18, 1973 and going through Gainesville, Florida to hook up with a convoy from there. (S) u

This source advised that those traveling to Washington, D.C. are being told that the VVAW is not planning any civil disobedience at the inaugural demonstration; however, the VVAW would have no control over individual members who would be free to do what they wanted. (S) u

On January 16, 1973 an eighth source who has provided reliable information in the past, advised that the New York City (NYC) Chapter, VVAW, plans to participate in a demonstration march in Washington, D.C. on January 20, 1973. This source reported that the NYC, VVAW group will participate in this activity with the Attica Brigade (AB), NYC. It was further reported that the NYC, VVAW would also plan to conduct demonstrations, and pick line, and possibly engage in guerrilla theatres, at location of four inaugural balls. (S) u

This same source advised that [redacted] NYC, VVAW Chapter Member was in contact with Tim Butz, Washington, D.C. VVAW leader at VVAW Press Conference, Washington, D.C., held January 15, 1973. It was learned that Butz and other leaders oppose any attempts to infiltrate the inaugural parade. (S) u b7C

This same source advised that the NYC, VVAW contingent will depart New York City at 5:00 am on January 20, 1973 for Washington, D.C. There will be approximately 75 persons in the contingent including about 40 members of the NYC, VVAW Chapter. Definitely expected to participate are Edward Damato, newly appointed National Field Secretary; Joseph Hirsch, Acting Regional Coordinator, New York Region; Brian Matzrese, Assistant Regional Coordinator, New York Region; Skip Delano, New York City Chapter Coordinator; Al Hubbard, former member VVAW National Executive Committee; [redacted] staff member of NYC Chapter; [redacted] all members of the NYC VVAW Chapter. (S) u b7C

The Attica Brigade (AB) was initially formed to support prison inmates of correctional institutions by organizing demonstrations and exposing the United States imperialist system. AB views itself as an anti-imperialist action organization. u

On Friday, January 19, 1973, the second source advised that between 6:00 and 7:00 pm a group of VVAW members would attempt to gain entrance to the Army-Navy Club, Farragut Square and I Street, Northwest, Washington, D.C. This source advised that the VVAW had received information that several South Vietnamese dignitaries would be at the Army-Navy Club and the VVAW hoped to gain entrance to the club in order to talk with these dignitaries. (S) u

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

At approximately 6:30 pm on January 19, 1973, representatives of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) observed six members of the VVAW gather outside the Army-Navy Club, Washington, D.C. The group attempted to gain entrance to the club, but were refused entry. The group then passed out leaflets calling for support for the demonstration to be held January 20, 1973. This group dispersed at approximately 6:50 pm without incident.

On January 20, 1973, at approximately 7:00 am, representatives of the FBI observed small groups of demonstrators affiliated with the VVAW begin to arrive at Arlington National Cemetery, Arlington, Virginia.

While the groups number was increasing, a few of the VVAW members entered the cemetery to watch the changing of the guard at the tomb of the unknown soldier, which proceeded without incident. By 9:30 am the number of VVAW members present had reached several hundred. The group stood peacefully awaiting the speeches to begin.

At approximately 10:45 am, Tim Butz, WDC VVAW, called for the group to assemble at the main gate of Arlington Cemetery. By this time the number of VVAW members present had swelled to approximately 2,000.

At 10:50 am, Butz, using the sound system which had been set up by members of the group, began telling the group about the general plans of the proposed march, stating its purpose was to support the democratic government of Vietnam and to support the signing of the Nine Point Peace Treaty. He also spoke of the rules of the march, which included no flags to be carried and only organizational signs to be allowed.

Butz then read a telegram which he stated he had received this morning from members of the 82nd Airborne Division, Fort Bragg, North Carolina, expressing their support of VVAW's activities, protesting what they called the prostitution of their sentiments, and stating the desire of the international working class to end all imperialistic ventures of the United States.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Butz then closed his remarks by reiterating that the march should be peaceful, stating that the only thing the government will fear is a well discipline left.

At 11:00 am, Butz introduced Barry Romo, who spoke to the group for about eight minutes, stating he had recently returned from a 13 day trip to Hanoi, where he carried letters to prisoners of war (POW) and had visited several small towns. His main point was to announce the United States military assertions that bombs falling on non-military targets are errors. He stated he had seen where bombs had fallen in the exact same craters left by bombs the previous day, and he had seen areas bombed that were obviously non-military in makeup, consisting mainly of homes and small shops.

Following Romo, Butz introduced a Vietnamese girl currently residing in WDC. She spoke for a few minutes, during which time the public address system malfunctioned therefore making it difficult for the group to hear her. Basically, she stated she had lived with war most of her life, and wondered why innocent people were being killed. She stated also that the group has a right to demand the signing of the treaty, and added that because of what the VVAW is trying to do, her poeple have a feeling of solidarity once again. She closed by stating that the Vietnamese "people people" not the "political people" support the VVAW's action in seeking peace in Vietnam.

Butz then made a call for money, asking each person in attendance to donate \$1. Members of the group then passed among them with buckets for the collection. At this point, one attendee began calling for the march to begin stating that this was no place to collect money. Butz replied the march was to be peaceful, that officials were stating the VVAW are only trouble makers anyway and that they should prove them wrong. At this point a few VVAW members hollared "right on" at Butz's trouble maker statement, but the majority of the group applauded loudly at Butz's statement about proving the establishment wrong. At that point about five demonstrators with Viet Cong flags put them away.

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

At 11:20 am the group began joining for the march across the Memorial Bridge. The march began at approximately 11:45 am with between 2,600 and 3,000 demonstrators.

The group was mostly young, both boys and girls, and there were several priests in attendance. Signs and placards were noted, which included "Impeach Nixon," "U.S. Out Now", "Stop the War", and "Stop the War, We Want Peace Now". Small numbers in the group chanted, the chants being mostly "One, Two, Three, Four, Sign the Treaty Against the War".

By about noon, the group had gone on to the Memorial Bridge toward WDC and the march proceeded without incident.

After proceeding across Memorial Bridge, representatives of the FBI observed that the VVAW march circled around the Lincoln Memorial and proceeded down Ohio Drive to Independence Avenue, Northwest. The group proceeded down Independence Avenue to a staging area located approximately at 17th and Independence Avenue, Northwest. At this location a table had been set up by the VVAW for participants to sign the Nine Point Peace Treaty. It was at this area that the 2,600 to 3,000 participants of the VVAW march gathered around and listened to various VVAW speakers. The main portion of this march reached this location at approximately 12:40 pm. Due to the severe cold weather in WDC on this date the majority of VVAW members began to disperse from this location at 17th and Independence Avenue, Northwest, and join with the National Peace Action Coalition (NPAC)/ Peoples Coalition For Peace and Justice (PCPJ) group which was assembling at the Lincoln Memorial at about 1:20 pm for their march along Constitution Avenue to a rallying point at the Washington Monument.

Representatives of the FBI observed that the entire VVAW march was peaceful and that during the whole time the march was under the direction of VVAW. There were no incidents.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The National Peace Action Coalition (NPAC) was founded in 1970 by members of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP). Its basic objective is to unite masses of people including labor unions, GIs, and the black community in the struggle to end United States intervention in Southeast Asia through orderly and peaceful tactics. The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

Peoples Coalition For Peace and Justice (PCPJ) is based in New York City, New York and is a self described coalition of over 100 organizations dedicated to elimination of war, racism, imperialism, and poverty.

The second source advised on January 25, 1973, that several observations were made by him during VVAW presidential inauguration activities in WDC:

Throughout the period of VVAW planning to the actual VVAW march in WDC on January 20, 1973, those VVAW individuals responsible for the major decisions, namely, Tim Butz, Ed Damato, and Bart Savage, were insistent that the VVAW march would be peaceful, well disciplined and that no unlawful incidents would be tolerated. (X) 4

This source advised that the only threat of any break away action came on the morning of the actual march, Saturday, January 20, 1973. As the march was about to begin a leaflet headlined, "Line the Route", began to be distributed throughout the VVAW staging area. Tim Butz and Bart Savage openly accused Al Hubbard and other members of the New York VVAW Chapter as the individuals behind this leaflet. It was noted by Butz and Savage that both the distribution of the leaflet and the appearance of Hubbard and the New York VVAW contingent appeared at the staging area at the same time. Source stated that Tim Butz completely disavowed this leaflet and speaking through a bullhorn emphasized to the assemble marchers that the march would be peaceful and no break away tactics would be tolerated. A copy of the leaflet is attached herewith. (X) 4

Source advised that at the conclusion of the march the emphasis was on getting as many signatures as possible on the VVAW sponsored Nine Point Peace Treaty. This ceremony took place on the Mall, off Independence Avenue, and was the same location as the former VVAW Campsite for Operation Dewey Canyon III. Hot tea was served at this location but no guerrilla theatre groups performed. The weather was very bitter and no sooner had the march reached its destination on the Mall when members began leaving in droves. Those leaving either stated that they were returning home or were going to join the NPAC demonstration march which was assembling at the Lincoln Memorial. Shortly after 1:00 pm approximately 25 individuals were still milling around the tables set up for the signing of the peace treaty. (S) u

The source stated that throughout the week that VVAW members gathered in WDC to organize the march on January 20, 1973, a great deal of talk was devoted to the NPAC/PCPJ coalition set up for counter inaugural demonstrations. Tim Butz and Ed Damato both stated that VVAW could not align with NPAC during the demonstration because of NPAC's "Out Now" philosophy. According to Butz and Damato this "Out Now" theme was not consistent with VVAW's theme of support of the Vietnamese people. When VVAW learned that PCPJ had joined with NPAC it placed VVAW in an embarrassing situation. VVAW leadership was upset with PCPJ for joining with NPAC as it ignored VVAW's position of support for Vietnamese people. The question rose now should VVAW go to NPAC/PCPJ staff meetings regarding details of inaugural demonstrations or should they go their separate ways. Butz and Damato stated that VVAW had decided to accept money from NPAC/PCPJ to help support the costs of VVAW demonstration but they would not attend any staff meetings. Source advised that the National Student Association based in WDC had agreed to provide office space for NPAC/PCPJ during the period prior to the presidential inauguration on January 20, 1973. Because of this agreement with National Students Association with NPAC/PCPJ, VVAW was also offered the use of phones, office space and some money to support their demonstration. Source advised that most VVAW staff meetings regarding the January 20, 1973 VVAW march were held in the National Student Association Building and was considered the "Command Post" of the VVAW. (S) u

This same source furnished background information on several VVAW members who were present in WDC to help with organizing the VVAW march on January 20, 1973:

[REDACTED] is commonly referred to by other VVAW members as [REDACTED] was in WDC prior to January 20

[REDACTED]. Source advised that it was evident from [REDACTED] behavior that no one took him seriously and that his presence was tolerated but not sought after.

Tim Butz; source stated that Tim Butz was obviously "organizer" of the VVAW march. It was Butz who did most of the planning, organizing and work in WDC for this march. Tim Butz resides in WDC and is actually associated with Project Airwar which is located at 1322 18th Street, Northwest, WDC. According to source, Butz is completely opposed to violence and that he spent considerable time with other members emphasizing that the VVAW march should be peaceful. Source advised that Butz worked very hard but lacks true leadership qualities. He is the type of individual that feels if a good job is to be done it has to be done by himself and he cannot delegate authority. Tim Butz is completely trusted by other VVAW members and was privy to all major decisions made by the VVAW leadership regarding the march. Source advised he understands that Tim Butz is not an actual member of any VVAW Chapter but if any VVAW activity is planned in the WDC area he assumes a position of leadership. Source stated that other VVAW members have mentioned that when any action in the WDC area is planned, Tim Butz is the individual who is contacted. He currently resided at [REDACTED]

Gary Thomas is a VVAW member from the Philadelphia area. His job during his stay in WDC was Press Liaison. He worked with Bart Savage writing press notices. [Source] advised that Thomas has the type of personality that once he is engaged in a project he tries to take over which at times is a source of irritation to other members. [Source] advised

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VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

that Gary Thomas was one of the six individuals who attempted to gain entrance to the Army-Navy Club, WDC on the night of January 19, 1973. Source advised that Gary Thomas is completely trusted by other members of the VVAW and was considered to be one of the VVAW leaders in WDC for the inaugural march. U

Bart Savage is from the National Office, Chicago, Illinois. Savage is well respected by other members of the VVAW and according to source is very well observed on new left political groups and structure. During his stay in WDC he was in charge of security and he and Ed Damato, New York VVAW, were considered the "heavies" who made the decisions.

[REDACTED]

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[REDACTED] from Emporia, Kansas arrived in WDC approximately Wednesday, January 17, 1973, to help with VVAW plans for the January 20th march. He stated he was a VVAW chapter leader and worked full time for VVAW.

[REDACTED]

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Source stated he had no idea [REDACTED] Source stated [REDACTED] was a loud talker and tried to impress everyone with what he had done for VVAW in Kansas. U

[REDACTED] Source advised that [REDACTED] had traveled from Chicago and whose main job for the VVAW march on January 20th consisted of helping to organize the medics. These medics were to be used in case anyone became sick or needed food during the march. Source advised that [REDACTED] was well accepted by members of the VVAW and was known by all the leaders. Source stated that [REDACTED] U

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[REDACTED] was therefore in on all decisions made by the VVAW leadership regarding the inaugural march. Source stated that during her stay in WDC, [REDACTED] stayed at [REDACTED]

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(S) u
Ed Damato, VVAW New York, was, according to this same source, actually the individual in charge of the preparation for the VVAW march on January 20, 1973. Source advised that Tim Butz did most of the leg work regarding organizing the march, that Bart Savage was consulted on all decisions regarding the march but that Ed Damato actually was the individual looked upon as leading the VVAW affair. Source stated that Damato was well respected and trusted by all VVAW individuals in WDC. He stated Damato, during his stay in WDC, resided at 1500 Farragut Square, Northwest. This location had been set up by Tim Butz as an answering service for all VVAW members coming to WDC. Source stated that Damato spent much of his time, when he was not at National Student Association Building making VVAW decisions, at this address talking with visiting VVAW members and telling them where to meet and what the VVAW plans were. Source stated that like Tim Butz, Ed Damato was insistent that the VVAW march be peaceful and that he would not tolerate any act of civil disobedience. Source stated that Damato is a very serious individual and gives the impression that he believes 100 percent in what VVAW stands for and what VVAW is doing. (S) u

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

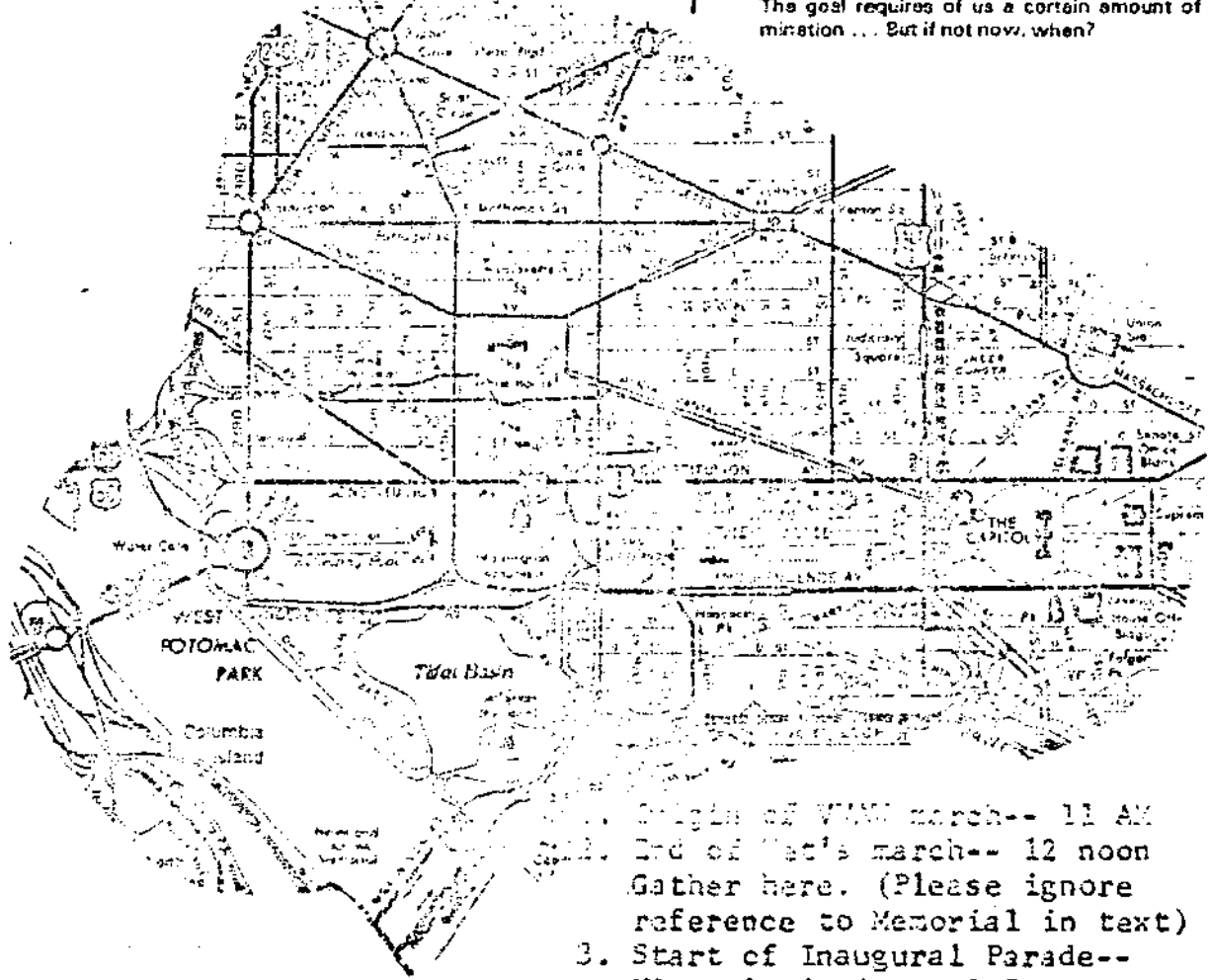
Line 1010

For his refusal to sign the Treaty Nixon is a human brickbat with the intention and intention of Severing half the American people. He does not wish the people of this great land to be marked by the discord of protest. We feel that it is our duty to mark Nixon's path more years by hand with banners and protests which express our outrage and revulsion.

We believe Americans have the right to show our disgust for the Commencement-Chief before the eyes of the world. Inevitably, those signs will be focused most clearly on Nixon's route. You can communicate the reality of a divided, damaged America most forcefully by our late, untimely presence along Pennsylvania Avenue. People whose testimony and common sense favor a direct expression of contempt should not be dissuaded from trying.

People will begin to gather at noon between the War Memorial and the Reflecting Pool (the scheduled conclusion of the VVAW march). From there we will proceed toward Pennsylvania Avenue with the intention of greeting the President at his scheduled 1:00 appearance. Large groups moving toward the Inauguration Parade will be headed off; it is therefore suggested that people approach the extravaganzas as inconspicuously as possible. A special fascist directive has been issued for the occasion prohibiting signs and outward expressions of disrespect at the procession. So those who wish to carry messages should be clever and discreet. No one can pretend to know exactly what the situation will be either getting there or at the parade route, so we'll just have to face the unknown with imagination.

We feel it is important to humiliate Nixon in his hour of triumph. The goal requires of us a certain amount of boldness and determination... But if not now, when?



1. Origin of VVAW march-- 11 AM
2. End of VVAW march-- 12 noon
3. Gather here. (Please ignore reference to Memorial in text)
4. Start of Inaugural Parade-- Nixon leads it at 1 PM.
5. End of parade route-- Nixon sits here in review.
6. Circumvent these areas en route to Penna. Ave. Heavy security, we think.

medical: 293-1010

legal: 293-1076
293-7559

Sign the Treaty

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holmes	
Mr. Gandy	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

EM/W

NR001 PH CODE
 11:52 URGENT 2-14-73 SDB
 TO ACTING DIRECTOR (100-448092)
 TAMPA (100-2514)
 FROM PHILADELPHIA (100-54200)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

RECEIVED BY *SDB/usa*
10/27/94

[REDACTED] ETAL, ARL-CONSPIRACY, EID; VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST
 THE WAR (VVAW), IS - REV. ACT.

b7c

RE PHILADELPHIA AIRTEL AND LHM DATED 11/7/72, CAPTIONED
 [REDACTED] AKA, SM-VVAW"; TAMPA TEL TO DIRECTOR 2/12/73
 PHILADELPHIA IS AWARE OF PREVIOUS VVAW DISCUSSIONS REGARDING

ACTIVITY AT TRI STATE DAM PROJECT. PREVIOUS DISCUSSIONS AND PLANS
 MADE FOR THIS PROJECT HAVE NEVER BEEN ACTED UPON. U

NOT RECORDED
 150 MAR 14 1973

[REDACTED] (LNU) REFERRED TO IN RETEL IS IDENTICAL WITH [REDACTED]
 [REDACTED] DOB [REDACTED] WHO IS KNOWN TO THE BUREAU.

ORIGINAL FILED IN

[REDACTED] IS SUBJECT OF PH FILE [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] HAS BEEN PROVIDING INFORMATION REGARDING THE VVAW BUT
 PHILADELPHIA FEELS THAT [REDACTED]

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7 MAR 11 1973

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[REDACTED] OBTAINING ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING THE POSSIBILITY

END PAGE

CLASS. & EXT. BY *6076 walt/ls*
 REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2
 DATE OF REVIEW *2-14-93*

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
 AND FIELD OFFICES
 ADVISED BY ROUTING
 SLIP(S) OF *Rta*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DATE *3-15-79*

10

54 MAR 1973

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONF

OF ARMS POSSESSION BY PHILADELPHIA VVAW MEMBERS AND FURTHER PLANS
RE TRI STATE DAM PROJECT. (S) u

IT IS NOTED [REDACTED] WAS DISCONTINUED IN [REDACTED] AND WAS NOT
REACTIVATED UNTIL [REDACTED] (S) u

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] HOWEVER, FOR THE INFORMATION OF BUREAU
AND TAMPA [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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b7D

END PAGE TWO

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

PH 100-54000

PAGE THREE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

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PHILADELPHIA BELIEVES [REDACTED] IS PROBABLY [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] AND ONE OF PLAINTIFFS IN PHILADELPHIA
RESISTANCE; ETAL VS. JOHN MITCHELL, ETAL, CLAIMING CIVIL RIGHTS
WERE VIOLATED. (S) u

[REDACTED]

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NO DISSEMINATION IS BEING MADE AT THIS TIME REGARDING THE
ACTION AGAINST THE VETERANS ADMINISTRATION [REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED] SINCE
NO DEFINITE DATE OR FORMALIZED PLAN HAS BEEN DECIDED UPON. (S) u

END

JXS IXX FBIHQ CLR

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 15 1973

TELETYPE

NR 16 SD CODE

1151PM NITEL 2-14-73 GKF

TO ACTING DIRECTOR (100-448092)

LOS ANGELES

FROM SAN DIEGO (100-14477) (P) 1P

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/4/95 BY [signature]

Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Baker	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Cleveland	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Gebhardt	_____
Mr. Jenkins	_____
Mr. Marshall	_____
Mr. Miller, E.S.L.	_____
Mr. Purvis	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Kinley	_____
Mr. Armstrong	_____
Mr. Bowers	_____
Mr. Herington	_____
Ms. Herwig	_____
Mr. Mintz	_____
Mrs. Neenan	_____

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW) SUB-REGIONAL COORDI-
NATOR'S CONFERENCE AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA, JANUARY
27-29, 1973. IS - RA.

RE LOS ANGELES TEL TO BUREAU AND SAN FRANCISCO 1-24-73.

ON 2-12-73, [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] WERE RECENTLY IN OAKLAND,
CALIFORNIA, TO MEET WITH REGIONAL OFFICERS OF THE VVAW FOR
THE PROBABLE PURPOSE OF PLANNING A REGIONAL CONFERENCE TO
BE HELD DURING THE MONTH OF FEBRUARY. THE INFORMANT DID NOT
KNOW THE SITE OF THE MEETING IN OAKLAND.

THE SAME INFORMANT ADVISED THAT THE VVAW IS HOLDING A
REGIONAL CONFERENCE AT SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA, ON
2-16 DASH 18/73 AT A LOCATION AS YET NOT DETERMINED BY THE
INFORMANT.

UACB. [initials]

AIRMAIL COPIES SENT SAN FRANCISCO AND CHICAGO.

END

1 DIS FEB 22 1973 [signature]

5-10

b7c [REDACTED]
b2
b7C
b7D

REC-40 100-448092-2633

14 FEB 15 1973 b7C b7D

~~SECRET~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

[REDACTED]

- 1 - [REDACTED]
- 1 - Mr. W. A. Branigan
- 1 - Mr. [REDACTED]

b7c

TELETYPE AND CABLEGRAM URGENT

DECLASSIFIED BY: [REDACTED]
DECLASSIFY ON: [REDACTED]
2/16/73

TO SACS CHICAGO (100-50772) (PERSONAL ATTENTION)
CINCINNATI (PERSONAL ATTENTION)

LEGAT TOKYO (105-6151) (PERSONAL ATTENTION)

FROM ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092)

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW) (IS - REVACT)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) OF
DATE 2/15/73

ew

[REDACTED]

(S)

RECIPIENTS NOTE THAT INFORMATION FROM SOURCE IN THIS MATTER IS
CLASSIFIED "TOP SECRET/FOR BACKGROUND USE ONLY" AND IS NOT TO BE
INCLUDED IN ANY COMMUNICATION FOR DISSEMINATION OUTSIDE FBI. INFORMA-
TION IS FOR LEAD PURPOSES ONLY AND NO INDICATION WHATSOEVER SHOULD BE
GIVEN THIS INFORMATION IN POSSESSION OF FBI. (u)

FOR INFORMATION OF LEGAT, [REDACTED] IS WHITE MALE, DOB [REDACTED]

b7c

- Mr. Felt
- Mr. Baker
- Mr. Callahan
- Mr. Cleveland
- Mr. Conrad
- Mr. Gohardt
- Mr. Jenkins
- Mr. Marshall
- Mr. Miller
- Mr. Purvis
- Mr. Soyars
- Mr. Walters
- Tele. Room
- Mr. Kinley
- Mr. Armstrong
- Mr. Bowers
- Mr. Herington
- Mr. Herwig
- Mr. Mintz

EX-117

REC 43

100-448092-2634

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (Route through for review)

1 - [REDACTED]

Classified by 1259

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

FEB 20 1973

CLASSIFIED AND
EXTENDED BY [REDACTED]

LP:mjg/jassp... 5/10/73

Date of Declassification Indefinite

SEE NOTE PAGE THREE

~~SECRET~~

2 REPIECE IN ENVELOPE

Cut
RCP

Category 3 deleted
10301000W/lt 8/22/85

FEB 28 1973

TELETYPE UNIT

~~SECRET~~

TELETYPE AND CABLEGRAM TO CHICAGO, ET AL.
RE: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
100-448092

~~Secret~~

[REDACTED] AT [REDACTED] SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER [REDACTED] u

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] b7c
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

IS [REDACTED] AND RESIDES [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] IS WHITE MALE, DOB [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] AT [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED], SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] u

AS RECIPIENTS AWARE, [REDACTED] VISITED U. S. DURING NOVEMBER, NINE- b7c
TEEN SEVENTYTWO, AND SOURCES DEVELOPED INFORMATION HE WAS IN U. S. TO
DEVELOP INFORMATION TO ABROGATE U. S.-JAPAN SECURITY TREATY. HE WAS
INTERESTED IN NUCLEAR WARHEADS IN JAPAN AND INQUIRED REGARDING DELIV-
ERY DATES, DESTINATIONS AND OTHER DETAILS REGARDING PRESENCE OF

~~Secret~~
- 2 ~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

TELETYPE AND CABLEGRAM TO CHICAGO (AMF-1)
RE: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
100-448092

~~Secret~~

NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WARFARE MATERIALS IN JAPAN
AND OKINAWA. [REDACTED] b7C

[REDACTED] (S) u b7D

CINCINNATI AND CHICAGO BE ALERT THROUGH INFORMANTS FOR ANY INFORMATION FURNISHED AVAILABLE SOURCES CONCERNING ACTIVITIES OF [REDACTED] AND [REDACTED] IN JAPAN AND SPECIFIC PURPOSE OF THEIR VISIT. RECIPIENTS BEAR IN MIND POSSIBILITY [REDACTED] AND [REDACTED] COULD BE IN POSSESSION OF DEFENSE INFORMATION CONCERNING NUCLEAR MATERIALS WHICH THEY INTEND TO PASS TO [REDACTED] RECIPIENTS REMAIN EXTREMELY ALERT FOR ANY INDICATION VVAW MEMBERS ARE ENGAGED IN ESPIONAGE ACTIVITIES. (S) u

SOURCE IN THIS MATTER HAS ALSO FURNISHED INFORMATION TO CIA HEADQUARTERS. (S) u

END

NOTE:

[REDACTED] b1

~~SECRET~~
- 3 -

FBI

Date: 2-2-73

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL - REGISTERED _____
(Priority)

To: Acting Director, FBI (100-448092)

From: *TJB* Legat, Rome (100-1871) (P)

Subject: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST
THE WAR (VVAW)
IS - RA



ReROMairtel to Bureau 1-22-73 and ROMairtel to Bureau 2-2-73.

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies each of two separate memoranda, each classified Confidential-Limited Distribution, one dated 1-24-73 received in Rome Office 2-2-73 and the other dated 2-1-73 received in Rome Office 2-2-73. These memoranda were furnished to Legat Rome by the U. S. Ambassador, American Embassy, Rome, Italy, and add to what has been previously forwarded to the Bureau by Legat in this matter.

The Bureau will be kept advised of pertinent developments.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED,
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

3/11/95
CLASSIFIED BY: *SP6 SJA/LVA*
DECLASSIFY ON: *ORU*

REC-63

③ - Bureau (Encs. 10) *4 each Destroyed*
(1 - Foreign Liaison Desk)
1 - Rome (100-1871)
TJB:hcs
(4)

(8) 100-448092-2635
FEB 8 1973

55 FEB 27 1973

Rev. *Ad. Sect.*
DOC. CLASS. OFFICE

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

(b)(1)

(b)(7)(A)

(d)(5)

(b)(2)

(b)(7)(B)

(j)(2)

(b)(3)

(b)(7)(C)

(k)(1)

(b)(7)(D)

(k)(2)

(b)(7)(E)

(k)(3)

(b)(7)(F)

(k)(4)

(b)(4)

(b)(8)

(k)(5)

(b)(5)

(b)(9)

(k)(6)

(b)(6)

(k)(7)

Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

_____ Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of _____

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): _____

The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100-448092-2635 enclosure

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092) DATE: **FEB 12 1973**

FROM : *JFM* SAC, NEW YORK (100-160644)

SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
IS-RA
(OO:CHICAGO)

3/14/95
CLASSIFIED BY: *SP6 SFW*
DECLASSIFY ON: OADR

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are eight (8) copies of an LHM, captioned and dated as above, concerning a document issued by the New York Region of the VVAW in which is set forth a list of NY State and Chapter coordinators and a summary of recent activities of various chapters of the New York Region.

Appropriate copies of the LHM based on its contents are enclosed for indicated offices.

Sources used in the LHM are as follows:

- First Source is [REDACTED]
- Second Source is [REDACTED]
- Third Source is [REDACTED]
- Fourth Source is [REDACTED]
- Sixth Source is [REDACTED]

b1
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APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY SLIP(S) OF DATE *2/19/73*

- 2 - Bureau (Encls. 8) (RM)
- 14 - Albany (100-22519) (Encls. 14) (RM)
- 1-100-
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ENCLOSURE

[REDACTED]

REC-7

b7C

101
100-448092-2636

17 FEB 16 1973

Rev. Act. Sect.

JFM:lh
(54)

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150(2), SS, 40
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by letter Dated *12-22-76*
Per FOIPA Request *11-15-75*

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Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

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SP100 6-19-78


NY 100-160644
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9 - Buffalo (100-21623) (Encls. 9) (RM) b7c
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2 - Chicago (100-50772) (Encls. 2) (RM) b1
1 - New York [REDACTED] (42)
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1 - New York [REDACTED] (42)
1 - New York (100-177395) (INAUGURAL DEMONSTRATIONS) (42)
1 - New York (100-160644-SUB M) (NYC VVAW CHAPTER) (42)
1 - New York (100-160644-SUB F) (NASSAU COUNTY VVAW CHAPTER) (42)
1 - New York (100-160644-SUB N) (ORANGE COUNTY VVAW CHAPTER) (42)
1 - New York (100-160644-SUB I) (SUFFOLK COUNTY VVAW CHAPTER) (42)
1 - New York (100-160644-SUB J) (ULSTER COUNTY VVAW CHAPTER) (42)
1 - New York (100-160644-SUB K) (WESTCHESTER COUNTY VVAW) (42)
1 - New York (100-160644-SUB H) (STATEN ISLAND VVAW) (42) b7c

NY 100-160644


NON-SYMBOL SOURCE ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

Fifth source is


INS, Portland, Maine
(Requested)

b7C

Seventh source is


INS, Calais, Maine
(Requested)

CAUTION: NOT TO BE DISSEMINATED TO
RESIDENT AGENTS. DETACH.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

FEB 12 1973

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Bufile 100-448092
NYfile 100-160644

Vietnam Veterans
Against the War

Unless stated otherwise all confidential sources used in this memorandum have furnished reliable information in the past.

On January 19, 1973, a first confidential source furnished an undated two-page document issued by the New York Regional Office of the Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) in which is set forth a list of New York State and Chapter Coordinators and a summary of recent activities of various chapters of the New York Region:

The VVAW is a national organization composed primarily of veterans of the war in Vietnam, that has organized and participated in numerous demonstrations against the war in Vietnam during 1970-72, including the seizure of the Statue of Liberty, New York City, and the occupation of the Betsy Ross House, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in December, 1971. Six members of the VVAW were indicted by a Federal Grand Jury, Tallahassee, Florida, July, 1972, on charge of conspiracy to violate the Federal Antiriot Law.

A facsimile of the document follows:

DECLASSIFIED BY SP6/SM/WR
3/14/95

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100-448092-2636

ENCLOSURE

Veterans Veterans Assn at the NY - New York State National Office

27 Broadway
New York, New York 10003

NY State VAW Coordinators

Regional Coordinators

NY State - VAW, 27 Broadway, NY, NY 10003 (212) 255-7017

Regional Staff

Joe [unclear] Same as Above

Chapters

Albany - Dave Casbeer, 185 5th St, Albany, NY 12210, (518) 463-8397

Syracuse - Don

Buffalo - [unclear], 259 Jewett, Buffalo, NY 14214 (716) 837-1775

Al [unclear], 262 Parkdale, Buffalo, NY 14213 (716) 844-8322

Bob [unclear], 262 Parkdale, Buffalo, NY 14213 (716) 844-8322

Gail Graham, 374 Hempflite, Buffalo, NY 14213 (716) 866-7986

Steve [unclear], 21 [unclear], Buffalo, NY 14215 (716) 836-7967

John O'Mail, 208 Cleveland, Buffalo, NY 14222, No Phone

Greg [unclear], 12 Cheango St, Buffalo, NY 14213 (716) 883-4327

Cobleskill - Tony Fiore, RD #1 Cobleskill, NY 13043, No Phone

Delhi - Pat Griffin, 76 1/2 Main St, Delhi, NY 13753 (607) 746-2796

Ithaca - Ken Kelly, 1 Deaton Hall, Cornell U, Ithaca, NY 14850 (607) 256-0500

Jerry Casbolt, 70 Meadowbrook Ct., New Field, NY 14867, No Phone

Johnstown - Eric Furgason, 122 W. Main St, Johnstown, NY 12095, No Phone

Mt. Upton - Walter Henriksen, RD #1 Mt. Upton, NY 13809 (607) 843-7983

Nassau City - Bob Miller, 44 Grace Ave, Great Neck, NY 11021 (516) HU 7-7230

Greg Kane, Same as Above

New York City - NYC VAW, 857 Broadway, NY, NY 10003 (212) 255-7017

Coordinating Committee

Dave Blalock, 229 E 10th St, #19, NY, NY 10003 673-6679

Skip Delano, 437 E. 9th St, NY, NY 10003 (212) 473-3686

Pablo Frank, 66 Post Rd, Bronx, NY 10471 (212) 942-1208

Danny Friedman 58 E Court St, Brooklyn, NY 11201, 875-4566

Brian Matarrese 45 Martense St, Brooklyn, 11226 (212) 693-5002

Lynn Roszman, 277 Clermont, Brooklyn, NY 11205 (212) 638-8682

Joe Urgo, 12 Cornelia St, NY, NY 10014, No Phone

Oneonta - Chuck Smith, RD #1 c/o Walsh, Oneonta, NY 13820 (607) 433-2367

Orange City - Don Abrams, 144 Knox Vill., Newburgh, NY 12550 (914) 565-7965

Potsdam - Chuck Harrison, 5 Chestnut, Potsdam, NY 13676 (315) 265-8298

Sam Miller, 24 Hamilton, Potsdam, NY 13676 (315) 265-8456

Rochester - Gary Kenyon, 40 H Ramona Park, Rochester, NY 1461 (716) 647-1852

Suffolk City - Russ Brown, PO Box 48, Stonybrook, NY 11790 (516) 724-6904

Syracuse - Tom McLellan, 402 1/2 Gifford, Syracuse, NY 13203 (315) 478-1028

Ulster City - Mark Adin, Rt. 28A, West Skokan, NY 12494 (914) 657-2703

Waterville - Utica - Larry Davis, Bogan Rd, Waterville, NY 13480

Westchester City - John Kolman, 44 Martling Ave, Pleasantville, NY 10570

(914) 769-4990

Barry Bono, new VAW National Co-ordinator has just returned from Hanol.

Member of Subject Organization

The following is a summary of chapter activities within the New York Region. It is suggested that all members contact local chapter coordinators for more current information pertaining to ongoing programs and particularly concerning the Jan 20 Demonstration.

Buffalo - The chapter is getting a Drug program and PVS counselling service under way. In addition a ten week training program for counselors and facilitators is being offered. A speaker bureau has been set up and the publication of the chapter paper column Left continues. In addition a store front is in the planning stage. The Chapter will be organizing for Jan 20th Benefit for gains

Ithaca - Conducted a Vets Say No to Nixon campaign and will be organizing for the 20th

Nassau - Nassau also conducted a Vets Say No To Nixon Program and will begin heavy organizing for the 20th

New York City - The New York City Chapter conducted a successful Vets Say No to Nixon campaign throughout the Fall. It joined the November 4th Coalition for a highly successful March and Rally. When Nixon renewed the Bombing members took part in large rallies at Times Square. On Christmas Eve body bags and leaflets were handed out at St. Patricks Al Hubbard former VVAW National Coordinator was brutally beaten by the police for handing out leaflets and is now in the process of bringing suit against the Police Department. Will organize for the 20th.

Potdam - The Chapter on Jan 4th took over the Federal building and recruiting offices in Potdam. All anti-war anti-imperialist forces organizing for the 20th.

Orange County - The coffee house at Stewart will be closing but a new storefront will be opening in Highland Falls. A Bus is being rented for the 20th cost will be at 13 per person for a round trip those interested contact Don Abrams.

Oneonta - A petition drive around the signing of the 9 point agreement is underway and all anti-war, anti-imperialist forces are gearing for the 20th.

Rochester - The chapter is being reorganized and hopes to send people to Washington.

Suffolk - Suffolk will be organizing for the inaugural

Staten Island - The chapter has a free lunch program underway and it will continue and be expanded. A benefit was held for the Childrens Hospital in Vietnam.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

Vietnam Veterans
Against The War

Edward Damato

Member of Subject Organization

On January 31, 1973, a second confidential source advised that Ed Damato was recently made a national coordinator of the VVAW and is to move to Chicago, Illinois, within a short period of time.

On March 21, 1972, a third confidential source furnished information that Edward Damato of the VVAW, 25 West 26th Street, New York City, attended the World Assembly for Peace (WAP), also known as the International Conference on Indochina, which was held at Versailles, France during February 11-13, 1972. 4

World Assembly for Peace

"The New York Times", a daily newspaper published in New York City, issue of February 12, 1972, in a news story on the WAP entitled, "800 At Rally Near Paris Say U.S., Sabotaged Talks" described the WAP as one of the largest international assemblies ever held on Indochina. The organizers were identified as 48 French organizations, including the Communist Party, the Socialist Party and interested labor and religious groups.

Joseph Hirsch

Member of Subject Organization

On December 4, 1972, the second source advised that Joseph Hirsch was a member of the VVAW delegation that met with a group of North Vietnamese at the International Center for the Denunciation of War Crimes, Milly-la-Forêt, France, during June, 1972.

Vietnam Veterans
Against the War

Member of Subject Organization

Alan Patrick Donohue

On September 22, 1972, a fourth confidential source advised that Alan Patrick Donohue, Buffalo, New York VVAW President, departed for Rome, Italy, on September 19, 1972, to meet with representatives of the Communist Party (CP) of Italy. (X) 4

Member of Subject Organization

On May 17, 1972, a fifth confidential source furnished a list of members of the fifth contingent of the Venceremos Brigade (VB) that was in Cuba during March-May, 1972. Among those listed was [redacted] date of birth [redacted] with address of [redacted].

b7c

Venceremos Brigade

The Venceremos Brigade was formed in June, 1969, by a coalition of "New Left" organizations to encourage American youth to travel to Cuba in defiance of a ban on travel to that country by the United States Department of State. The ostensible purpose of the travel has been to assist the Castro Regime in the harvesting of sugar cane and other agricultural products, and more recently to engage in construction projects, and to give young Americans the experience of living in a revolutionary communist country.

Vietnam Veterans
Against the War

[REDACTED] b7C
[REDACTED] b7C
[REDACTED] member of [REDACTED] organization
On January 31, 1973, the second source advised that [REDACTED] had traveled to Cuba with the VB.

[REDACTED] b7C
On April 30, 1969 a sixth confidential source advised that [REDACTED] attended the New York District CP Convention held at the Riverside Plaza Hotel, New York City, on April 18-20, 1969.

On May 2, 1970, a seventh confidential source advised that [REDACTED] returned to the United States at Calais, Maine, on August 27, 1970, after serving in Cuba as a member of the VB. (u) b7C

Joseph Urgo

Liberation News Service, Packet Number 378, dated September 25, 1971, reported that Joseph Urgo and two others made a trip to Hanoi, North Vietnam during August 13-21, 1971. During their stay they requested to meet with prisoners of war but the request was denied. They were given a tape recording by United States prisoners of war held by the Provisional Revolutionary Government of South Vietnam.

Liberation News Service

The Liberation News Service is self-described as an underground news wire service, with headquarters in New York City, which publishes news packets weekly that are sold to radical Revolutionary Activity underground newspapers. It was founded in 1967, and reportedly has a paid circulation of 800.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Vietnam Veterans
Against the War

~~Al~~ Hubbard

Member of Subject Organization

On March 21, 1972, the third confidential source furnished information that Al Hubbard of the VVAW, 25 West 26th Street, New York City, attended the WAP, Versailles, France, during February 11-13, 1972. (S) u

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NR 010 LA CODE
1:26 PM URGENT 2-15-73 LRS
TO ACTING DIRECTOR
SAN DIEGO
FROM LOS ANGELES (100-77703) 2P

FEB 15 1973
TELETYPE

Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Baker	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Cleveland	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Gebhardt	_____
Mr. Jenkins	_____
Mr. Marshall	_____
Mr. Miller, E.S.	_____
Mr. Purvis	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Kinley	_____
Mr. Armstrong	_____
Mr. Bowers	_____
Mr. Hurlington	_____
Ms. Herwig	_____
Mr. Mintz	_____
Mrs. Neenan	_____

b7c
[REDACTED]

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW), REGIONAL
CONFERENCE AT SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA, 2/16 - 18/73;
IS - RA; OO: CHICAGO.

[REDACTED] b7c

RE SAN DIEGO NITEL TO BUREAU, DATED 2/14/73.

INSTANT DATE, [REDACTED] AND [REDACTED] ADVISED
CAPTIONED CONFERENCE WOULD BE HELD AT THE DAS INSTITUTE
LOCATED ON EMBARCADERO DEL NORTE STREET, UNIVERSITY OF
CALIFORNIA AT ISLA VISTA, SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b2
b7D
b7c

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED] SAN DIEGO, IN REFERENCED COMMUNICATION, ADVISED
[REDACTED] SAN DIEGO IS
ADVISED TO [REDACTED] EC 99
[REDACTED] 100-448092-2637
[REDACTED] SAN DIEGO

END PAGE ONE

23 FEB 20 1973

9 FEB 16 1973

SI-115
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DATE 3/14/95 BY SP6 BJA/VA

54

LA 100-77703

PAGE TWO

IS REQUESTED TO FURNISH LOS ANGELES [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] SAN DIEGO IS ALSO REQUESTED TO [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7D

CHICAGO ADVISED BY AIR MAIL.

END

HOLD

FBI VDM WASHDC

HOLD

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092)

DATE: 2/13/73

FROM : SAC, LOS ANGELES (100-77703) (P)

SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR
(VVAW)
IS - RA

Re Legat Tokyo airtel to Bureau 1/5/73, captioned as "VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW) IS - RA; PACIFIC COUNSELING SERVICE (PCS) SM - RA; JAPAN PEACE FOR VIETNAM COMMITTEE (BEHEIREN) IS - JAPAN."

The following Los Angeles sources who are knowledgeable of the VVAW activities in the Los Angeles area advised that they are unaware of any planned decision by the VVAW in the Pacific area to occupy PCS foundation in Japan:

[REDACTED]

1/22/73

[REDACTED]

1/22/73

3/14/95 [REDACTED] [REDACTED]

b7C
b2
b7D
UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

On 1/23/73, [REDACTED] advised he has no information regarding VVAW activities in Japan and Okinawa. However, source advised it appeared that the VVAW occupation of quarters used/or previously used by PSC and/or Beheiren was a move by the VVAW to circumvent the decision of local military post commanders in Japan and Okinawa orders denying military personnel request to open VVAW chapters in the area.

LEADS

LOS ANGELES

AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA: Will follow with sources and report any additional information regarding this matter.

- ④ - Bureau (RM)
 - (1 - 14-3079)
 - (1 - 105-148307)
- 2 - Los Angeles

REC-30
EX-109
100-448092 - 2638

FEB 16 1973



5010-108-01

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(6)

1cc TOK info
2/26/73
RIS
RIP/WJZ

Ref. Act. Sec.

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

~~SECRET~~

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092) DATE: 2/13/73

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-160644)

SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST
THE WAR (VVAW)
IS-RA
(OO: CG)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

EX-110-PROCS

[REDACTED] b1

Enclosed herewith for Los Angeles is one copy of referenced communication.

[REDACTED] b1

ReLegat, Tokyo letter requests that a communication for dissemination be prepared by the New York Office.

[REDACTED] b1

REC-11 100-448092-2639

- 2-Bureau (RM)
- 1-Chicago (100-50772) (RM)
- 2-Los Angeles (100-77703) (Encls. 3) (RM)
- 1-New York

21 FEB 16 1973

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(6)

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~~Rev. Sect.~~



20 FEB 27 1973

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DATE 3/14/95 BY [signature]

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8:49 PM NITEL 2-12-73 TWH

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092) (176-2255)

SACS, CHICAGO

JACKSONVILLE

NEW YORK (100-160644) PHILADELPHIA (100-54000)

WFO (100-47162) (100-55328)

FROM: SAC, TAMPA (100-2514)

[REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED] ET AL; ARL- CONSPIRACY, EID; VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST
THE WAR (VVAW), IS - RA.

RETPIELS, 1-30 AND 31-73, BU TELETYPE 2-1-73, ALL TITLED
"VVAW, IS - RA."

[REDACTED]

b2
b7D
b7C

100-448092

END PAGE 1

FEB 22 1973

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
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2 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

(b)(1)

(b)(7)(A)

(d)(5)

(b)(2)

(b)(7)(B)

(j)(2)

(b)(3)

(b)(7)(C)

(k)(1)

(b)(7)(D)

(k)(2)

(b)(7)(E)

(k)(3)

(b)(7)(F)

(k)(4)

(b)(4)

(b)(8)

(k)(5)

(b)(5)

(b)(9)

(k)(6)

(b)(6)

(k)(7)

Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

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PAGE WR

IP 100-2514

[REDACTED]

b7D

ABOVE FURNISHED TO LISTED OFFICES FOR INFORMATION AND ANY ACTION DEEMED NECESSARY. IT IS NOTED THAT [REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED] AND INFORMATION FURNISHED SHOULD BE HANDLED IN A MOST DISCREET MANNER AND IN THE EVENT OF DISSEMINATION, SOURCE SHOULD BE COMPLETELY PROTECTED TO PREVENT IDENTIFICATION.

PHILADELPHIA IS REQUESTED TO ADVISE [REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED]

PHILADELPHIA IS REQUESTED TO SUTEL ANSWER TO BUREAU AND TAMPA BY WEDNESDAY, 2-14-73, SO IF AFFIRMATIVE, [REDACTED]

END PAGE 4

PAGE 5

TP 100-2514

[REDACTED]

b7D

TAMPA WILL SUBMIT LHM AND COVER AIRTEL WITH COMPLETE
RESULTS OF [REDACTED]
END.

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF DATE

FBI

Date: 2/12/73

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DATE 2/12/73 declass

Transmit the following in _____ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED (Priority)

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S) OF DATE 6-16-81

DATE 3/14/85 BY sglb/sgauk

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092)
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-160644) # 249397
SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW) IS-RA (OO: CHICAGO)

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2 ON 01/10/84

- 2-Bureau (Encls. 10) (RM)
- 1-Albany (100-22519) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Albuquerque (100-3808) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Baltimore (100-) (VVAW) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Birmingham (100-6041) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Boston (100-42739) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Buffalo (100-21623) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Butte (100-9147) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Chicago (100-50772) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Cincinnati (100-19732) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Denver (100-10467) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Detroit (100-39271) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Indianapolis (100-) (VVAW) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Jackson (100-) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Jacksonville (100-1745) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
- 1-Kansas City (100-14836) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)

COPY COUNT CONTINUED ON PAGE 2

- 1-New York
- 1-New York

JFM:jas (39)

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DIA, SS, ISD (2), CIA, STATE, 3D

2/16/73
AS
eld/wjz

CLASS. & EXT. BY SP2
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 1/10/84

58 FEB 27 1973

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

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NY 100-160644

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1-Milwaukee (100-15674) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Minneapolis (100-) (VVAW) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Mobile (100-) (VVAW) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-New Orleans (100-19044) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Oklahoma City (100-) (VVAW) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Philadelphia (100-52640) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Phoenix (100-) (VVAW) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Portland (100-12313) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-St. Louis (100-21603) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-San Antonio (100-12620) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-San Diego (100-) (VVAW) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-San Francisco (100-) (VVAW) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Seattle (100-31285) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Springfield (100-) (VVAW) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Tampa (100-2514) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)
1-Washington Field (100-47162) (Encl. 1) (Info) (RM)

CONFIDENTIAL

NY 100-160644

CONFIDENTIAL

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are ten copies of an LHM captioned and dated as above in which is set out minutes of the National Steering Committee Meeting of the VVAW at Chicago, Illinois, 1/4-8/73.

One copy of the LHM is enclosed for designated offices for information inasmuch as the LHM contains some information of interest to those offices.

Source utilized is [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] The document reproduced in the LHM was obtained [REDACTED]

b2
b7D

CONFIDENTIAL



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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February 12, 1973

In Reply, Please Refer to

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Vietnam Veterans Against
the War

The Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) is a national organization composed primarily of veterans of the war in Vietnam, that has organized and participated in numerous demonstrations against the war in Vietnam during 1970-72, including the seizure of the Statue of Liberty, New York City, and the occupation of the Betsy Ross House, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in December, 1971. Six members of the VVAW were indicted by a Federal Grand Jury, Tallahassee, Florida, July, 1972, on charge of conspiracy to violate the Federal Antiriot Law.

On February 6, 1973, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished a copy of the minutes of the National Steering Committee Meeting of the VVAW at Chicago, Illinois, January 4-8, 1973, under the letterhead of the VVAW New York State Regional Office, 857 Broadway, New York, New York, dated January 12, 1973. The minutes take the form of six pages of notes compiled by the New York State delegation to the meeting, twelve pages of workshop reports, and two pages of objectives of the VVAW.

A facsimile of this document follows:

#249891
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~~SECRET~~ 2/12/73 2842 JMW/lmw
3/1/73

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100-448092-2640
ENCLOSURE

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR

New York State Regional Office
857 Broadway
New York, New York 10003
212 255-7017

January 12, 1972

MINUTES OF NATIONAL STEERING COMMITTEE MEETING - Chicago, Ill

Jan. 4-8, 1972

First Day - Informal get-together and arrival of delegations

Second Day -

MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

1. Roll Call - Regions not attending: Washington, New Jersey, North and South Dakota, Tennessee, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Western Pennsylvania, West Virginia, West Maryland.

2. Report on the GI Movement by Geroge Schmitz (CAMP) and Gary Staiger (VVAW-Chio). Noteworthy remarks: High visibility on military installations is essential in establishing GI contacts. DOD wanted to stop giving service COs, but was blocked off due to organized GI resistance. Other points made during presentation were elaborated upon at the GI Workshop (See page 10).

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3. Presentation by Medical Aid to Indochina - Len Rodinski. A group which collects money for medical supplies for Indochina. This aid is sent to the DRV, NLF, Pathet Lao and the Khmer Rouge. They've initiated a drive to raise \$3 million to replace Bach Mai Hospital, which was destroyed by the recent Christmas bombings. So far \$250,000 has been pledged. It was pointed out that whereas the Nguyen Van Troi Hospital won't be built until after the threat of bombing is over, the MAI projects are being initiated to meet the immediate need for medical supplies in Indochina. For further information on this group write to Medical Aid to Indochina, 140 Sixth Street, Cambridge, Massachusetts 02142.

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3. Presentation by Rising Up Angry - Roy Lawson. This is a Chicago based revolutionary organization that has solid roots in the community. They operate for the people of Chicago a free health care center and have a mobile medical van that tests children for lead poisoning. They also provide a legal aid office and provide aid to tenants abused by landlords, a citizens abused by police. They consider the best way to organize people is to provide services that are ongoing that point out the contradictions of US capitalism. For more information write to: Rising Up Angry, Box 3746, Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Ill 60654

4. After much discussion and criticism of the more liberal delegations the question of the size of the delegations was voted upon in the following proposals:
* Proposal - That alternate delegations may attend but only five working delegates may participate. NY-5 No votes
* Proposal - Passed.
* Proposal - That the alternate delegates not exceed three people and that there be no VVAW observers except for logistical people. NY - 5 Yes votes - Proposal - Passed.

5. Round Robin Reports of the Regions - limited to 2 minutes -

- a. New England - Activity low. They criticized themselves for falling down on the job and promised to do better in the future. Several people in the chapter are working on programs at VA hospitals.
- b. Alabama-Mississippi - Seven chapters - 150 active people - volunteer programs with VA - Moving for veterans rights - trying to tight ~~MEMBERS OF SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION~~ way.
- c. New York State - given by Ray Winters, Dave Harris and Dave Bailey describing the activities of their chapters and discussing the problems and prospects of the state organization as discussed at the last state meeting - (Ed Damato was elected a member of the agenda committee and could not participate in this report.)
- d. Southern Illinois-S. Missouri - They are in the process of setting up a coffeehouse in St. Louis and are concentrating on speaking engagements and the Gainesville Conspiracy. They are hitting the membership for donations of \$25 each, to keep them interested in the activities of the chapter.
- e. Washington State - Operate rap groups through a PVS grant. Four chapters are set up. Interest seems to be increasing and was helped by a concert by Country Joe McDonald.
- f. Idaho- Mountain Home chapter no longer functioning as a VVAW chapter. Differences discussed and they are reported to have purged women members because they were too political. Regional office moved to Boise, where the members are having a difficult time getting things organized.
- g. Oregon - Nine chapters operating in the state with 100 members. They are working on veteran discharge counseling and are operating PVS groups
- h. Texas - Because regional coordinator is in Gainesville as one of the alleged conspirators the chapter is falling down. After the indictments the working class vets and GIs stayed on while the students split. They are in the process of setting up rap groups in three of the chapters to deal with three areas: vets, vets and women, and vets and community. If these groups are successful they will initiate them in other areas.
- i. Arkansas/Oklahoma - Because of Bill Leemer, former rego coord and his turning out to be a pig, the membership split and there is now nothing going on except for some activity in Oklahoma that they don't quite know what is going on there.
- j. Washington DC/Virginia/E. Maryland - Problems ever since Dewey Canyon III and the bills left behind - Three chapters in area. They will be organizing for the 20th.
- k. Colorado/Utah/Wyoming - They are working on a videotape of a mock grand jury. They are in poor financial shape and are paying for activities out of their own pockets. Conducting study groups on US Imperialism
- l. New Mexico/Arizona - Communication problems because of large land area - Demonstrated against Tricky when he was there.
- m. California - 15 continuously active chapters with five storefronts operating in the state. Do work on political prisoners. Redwood City has weekly TV show.

- n. Wisconsin/Minnesota - Six chapters with Milwaukee being the regional office. Operating National PWS Clearinghouses and conduct rap groups. Setting up subscription programs for speaking gigs from kindergarten to college audiences, with slide shows, etc.
- o. Ohio/Indiana/W. Kentucky - Concentrating on organizing at military installations. Fifteen chapters. Working in VA in Dayton and Cincinnati. Setting up regional defense comm.
- p. Kansas - Nine chapters, all campus based except for one in Kansas City. They are moving towards collective leadership in the chapters which they feel will better help them organize. Publish a sporadic regional newspaper.
- q. Florida - Five Chapters - Small groups in each chapter do all the work. Organizing for War 20th. Three editions in Florida directed towards inner cities during the past three months.
- r. East Pennsylvania/Delaware - Reorganizing after a long absence of activity. Problems with stolen checks etc. Building to have a good turnout on the 20th.
- s. N. Illinois/Iowa - hard core people operating most of the chapters, in spite of reactionary areas. Problems with people not showing information in their chapters. Changed name of their paper from War-Core to United Warriors. Problems in dealing with PSU (American Servicemen's Union)
- t. Louisiana - At this point only one chapter at LSU. Self help projects are needed to interest the membership. Doing speaking gigs. Took out membership to membership.
- u. Michigan - E. Lansing chapter took over American Legion Hall and are using it to the fullest advantage and turned half of it into a day-care center. Other chapters are holding it together.

6. Agenda Committee Report - Got up nine workshops: GI, WGI on H & A-bombs and Intelligence, Home/Third World, January 1968. Future of VVAW, VA/PWS, War, Other actions. Agenda passed.

7. NOSCAM (National Office for Servicemen's Communications And Mail) Overseas GIs need contact with VVAW. Party now members have joined VVAW since the program was instituted in July. Three chapters set up in Japan.

8. Bary Romo, Hanoi Report **MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION**
 A more detailed report of this trip will be sent to the chapters. His report dealt with his experiences in Hanoi during the war, the bombings. Highlights of reports: Experiences at Bach Mai hospital, press conference of POW pilots, determination of the Vietnamese people.

9. Gainesville Report -
 The Gainesville report outlined expenses incurred by defense committee \$26,023.02. Pointed out that defense will continue around the Grand Jury system. Pointed out what they do not want Bill Leamer talked of in terms of being a pig. Ask for chapters to set up speaking engagements and to publicize the case. Several questions were raised about problems existing between defense committee and NY region, pertaining to funds. Answers were to the point and helpful. To see not get off right off.

10. National Report - **MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION**

Each national coordinator outlined his job functions: Steve Harkins-treasurer, Lart Savage-internal liaison, Barry Romo, external liaison, Mike McCain-fundraising, Bill Branson, political prisoners, Chrzley, membership, Rusty Bronsugh, films. As of January 4th the bank balance was approximately \$1,000 with debts totaling \$8,932.44. Internal liaison reported on chapters and regions not functioning and asked that these regions be assimilated into regions that are active. Mike McCain resigned from the national office, for reasons that were personal. The office is operating well in a collective way and they feel that they are beginning to effectively disseminate information and act as a national office for a national organization. The report was fairly brief as it was by now 2 AM.

NY
1/11

Third Day -

1. Old Business -

- a. The Ohio proposal to change objective number three was discussed and voted down. (For proposed change, refer to National Steering Committee meeting report from Palo Alto, California. NY voted 5 against, as per our state meeting vote.
- b. Proposed change to Objective 32 (to be discussed at next steering committee meeting):
To demand immediate termination of all other operations by the US government, its agencies and American business interests that are designed to suppress the rightful struggles for liberation and self determination of the Peoples inside and outside the US. (The rest of the objective would remain the same.) (This is to be discussed at the next state meeting.)
- c. Proposal to split Arizona/New Mexico into two regions. Discussion centered around whether it was necessary to split this since the main factor involved was that there was too much space and not around too many people. NY voted 5 against - Motion failed.
- d. Oregon Alternative Communications - Announced that a meeting would be held in Portland to discuss alternate communications. The dates were not given.

2. Workshops - Meeting broke down into workshops:

- a. January 20th - Ed Damato
- b. WSI, A&H Bombs - Ray Winters
- c. Third World/Women/County Fair - Dave Bailey
- d. GI Workshop - Dave Harris

These workshops lasted for the remainder of the day. (For details on these workshops see Workshop reports.)

Forth Day -

MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

1. Elections of new national Coordinators - Three openings, three nominees, elections, three new national coordinators. Sam Shorr, Reg Coord Calif, Brian Adams, Reg Coord, Colorado, and Ed Damato, Reg Coord, New York. Each of the candidates discussed their views on certain matters raised at the meeting and gave their reasons for accepting nomination. They were elected unanimously.

2. Workshops

- a. GI Workshop discussed, amended, accepted
- b. January 20th, discussed, amended, accepted
- c. Other two workshops postponed until fifth day

3. Workshops for the Day:

- a. Future of VWM - Ed Espino
- b. VA/PVS - Ray Winters
- c. The War - Dave Harris
- d. Other Actions - Dave Bailey
- e. Operation Country Fair - No. 12 Delegate

These workshops lasted for the remainder of the day.
(For details on these workshops see Workshop reports)

Fifth Day -

- 1. Third World Workshop - discussed, demanded, accepted
- 2. Women's Workshop - discussed, accepted
- 3. Operation County Fair - discussed, accepted
- 4. Future of VWM - discussed, accepted
- 5. Other Actions - discussed, accepted
- 6. VA/PVS - discussed, accepted
- 7. The War (PAMWP) - discussed, accepted
- 8. Postal Service vs. VWM - discussion on ways to mark and insure mail delivery including suing the government were tabled until next meeting.
- 9. New Revolution Concepts - tabled by proposer until next meeting.
- 10. The following three proposals were presented by the national office and due to the lack of time left they were tabled until the next meeting. The content of these proposals were complex and since they directly involved individual chapters, it was felt that they should be discussed first at chapter level. They will be on the agenda of the next meeting.

A. Medical Aid For Indochina:

- 1. That VWM participate in local conditions to promote and develop local and regional consciousness of the need for continuing aid and support to the people of Indochina from the people of the United States.
- 2. That VWM participate in and organize fund-raising and educational programs for MAI.
- 3. That VWM receive the Hoan Van Troi Hospital as a National project. This should be done because the MAI program is now providing direct aid and support to the people of Indochina. The hospital project is not scheduled to begin until after the ending of the war. We feel that direct aid and support for the people of Indochina are needed now.

B. The following proposal is put forward in lieu that certain political organizations (specifically the Socialist Workers Party and their affiliates, National Peace Action Coalition (NPAC), the Young Socialist Alliance (YSA), Student Mobilization Committee (SMC), and the Women's National Abortion Action Coalition (WNAAC), the Progressive Labor Party (PLP), and their affiliates, Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), and Workers Action Movement (WAM); Workers World and their affiliates Youth Against War and Fascism (YAWF), and The American Servicemen's Union (ASU)) engage in attempts to split or co-opt other organizations in order to achieve their goals.

That in the past these attacks have been made upon VWM as SWP attacks with the members of ILLINOIS, etc.

Ohio, Texas, New England, Missouri, and Colorado, etc.

That in the past PLP has attacked Calif, Texas, MA, FLA, NY
That in the past Workers World thru their affiliates VAWF
and ASU have directed attacks against Illinois, NY, etc.

That none of these organizations support the Vietnamese people
in their struggle for liberation and self-determination, the 7 point
proposal of the PRG, or the 9 point agreement reached by the US,
DRV and the PRG;

We resolve the following:

That VVAW chapters, be they local, regional or national, shall
not form any alliances with any of the above mentioned organizations
and parties specifically, and any other parties and organizations
which by nature use means of co-optation or splitting tactics on
other organizations to obtain their objectives;

That VVAW cadre, be they local, regional, or national, shall
not place the objectives of other political organizations to
which they may belong before the objectives of VVAW;

That all members of VVAW, after sufficient time for education,
must support the Vietnamese people, the 7 point proposal of the
PRG, the 9 point accords of Oct 72, and that failure to do so is
grounds for expulsion from VVAW.

C. 1. Proposal that the National Office be allowed to raise
money without restriction in any region, as long as the NO
staff does all the work. Percentages of splitting up money
when a region or chapter participates will be worked out
on a case by case basis, negotiations to be between the NO
and those who are doing the work only.

2. Proposal that the requirements for membership in this
organization be altered to require a minimum of \$2.00 monthly
membership fee. One dollar to go to the National Office
and one to the regional office. Money to be handled by NO.
Members would be provided with cards, numbered and issued by
the national office and dispersed by the regional offices.
Non-payment of dues would be cause for dismissal, unless by
the written intercession of the regional coordinator.

The above minutes are taken from the notes of the NYS
delegation. If there are any errors, the corrections will be
sent to you after the official national minutes are sent to the
regional office. The following reports represent the results of
the workshop reports including the changes made when they were
discussed on the floor. Again, if there are any errors, these
changes will be sent to you.

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The New York State delegation consisted of four people:
They were Ed Damato, regional coordinator; Dave Harris, Oneonta
chapter; Ray Winans, Buffalo Chapter; and Dave Bailey, NYC
chapter. Chuck Harrison of the Potsdam chapter was to have been
the fifth delegate but he did not show up due to the fact that
the chapter in Potsdam took over the federal building on January 4th.

The NYS delegation voted in accordance with the results of the
state meeting in Oneonta. For votes that were not discussed in the
state meeting, we voted on how we interpreted the discussion, re-
maining in the framework of the organization and with policy that
we felt was consistent with the policy of the chapters in New York.

Each of the four voted separately on these matters with the
fifth vote going to whatever the majority opinion was. If
there was a tie, that vote was used as an abstention.

Operation County Fair Workshop

I. Operation County Fair has been adopted by the Alabama and California regions as an on-going program to provide medical aid for the people of Boca Chita (Broun), Alabama, and to establish a permanent clinic within the community.

II. It is proposed that WVAW adopt Operation County Fair as an on-going national project and that all the regions be responsible for disseminating information to the chapters and general membership level and committees of those chapters concerning Operation County Fair.

A. It is felt that Operation County Fair will, as a national project, create new energies, unity and direction within the structure of WVAW and strengthen the bonds of solidarity externally with the Black Brothers and sisters of Boca Chita and their World People's nationally, rather than being dealt with in the manner of special interest groups.

III. California regional office: C. O. P. Pico
Los Angeles, Calif. 90010
accepts the responsibility of compiling and disseminating information, conditions, and all the immediate administrative affairs, as Alabama is not prepared to handle the clerical load at this time.

IV. Alabama County Fair Operations Provisional Headquarters
1317 14th St.
Muscaloosa, Alabama 35401

Alabama WVAW accepts the responsibility of drafting an organizational proposal, incorporating the clinic within the state and also with the internal revenue service as a non-profit volunteer organization, so that donations of money and services will be tax deductible and also establishing a provisional co-directorship with WVAW and the community, with a Board of Directors as trusteeship, and from the black professional community (clergy, doctors, lawyers) until the community is prepared to staff and recommend policy of the clinic, and also create a means of continued fundings.

V. The national regions' responsibility will be to establish contacts on the regular chapter and general membership level to solicit active support from:

- A. professional personnel—doctors, nurses, business people
- B. para-professionals—nurses and corpsmen
- C. donations to WVAW Operation County Fair, California region
- D. supplies and medical equipment sent to WVAW Alabama by United Parcel service with a duplicate packing slip sent to California
- E. any and all help in approaching local foundation and political organization in funding.

VI. Immediate aid station will be established in the community, and it is estimated that the commitment of building a structure cannot be initiated until April (during Easter vacation) when the California region and supporters from other regions and chapters will convene to Boca Chita to help with the clinic proper. Personnel should bear in mind that Boca Chita is a poor Black rural community and logistical support should be provided within your own areas; the encampment will be a through arrangement.

- A. primary emphasis on clinic proper
- B. draft counsiling-application to Third World
- C. C.I. rights
- D. special problems of the community
- E. VA counsiling
- F. legal aid and political education
- G. PVC with veterans

VII. What is being done presently with Operation County Fair? The California region has released a mailing (pink sheet) and raised several hundred dollars to date. They are also contacting musical groups for concerts. Los Angeles Free Clinic and Vencemos Peoples Medical clinic have been interviewed and received contacts to solicit supplies, funds, etc. and also were given organizational proposals from a historical perspective, including local struggles, by-laws, etc. Contacts are also being made with

- A. HEW
- B. Federal programs for rural poor
- C. Public Health Service
- D. National Care Center

VIII. John Musgrove has outlined in depth some of the problems that have occurred while dealing with the Cairo project--

- A. lack of sensitivity of the desires of the community

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- B. COOP by liberals and Third World Peoples.
- C. lack of discipline
- D. lack of understanding
- E. paranoia
- F. unconscious racism

These problems were resolved through instituted programs of Survival Revival, fund-raising, local benefits with bands, donations of food and clothing, rap sessions prior to conbo, str-assing political education of situation and people, clear definition of individual responsibilities...

*****NEED A STERILIZER FOR THE CLINIC*****

WORKSHOP ON THE FUTURE OF VVAW

Workshop members:

Darrell Barni, Rich Bangert, St. Louis; Brian Adams, Bart Savage, Ed Dangto- National Office; Blade/Underwood- Southern California; Dave Rosen- Denver; Bill Kupter- New Orleans; Pete Zastrow- Cincinnati; Steve Huck- Illinois; Gary Staiger- Ohio/Indiana/Kentucky; Randy Best- Indianapolis; Susan Schwortz- Wisconsin; Harla Watson- Kansas/ West Missouri; Ron Mathews and Liz Perri

MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

This workshop resulted from the assumption that VVAW requires a long range structural change if it is to survive as an organization and effectively deal with the objectives and programs established since its creation. The following recommendations should be studied and criticized by each region and chapter, keeping in mind that these recommendations are presented as a conceptual basis for change only, in order to assure our continued existence and effectiveness.

OUTLINE FOR ORGANIZATIONAL CHANGE INTERNALLY

Internal Restructuring Stages

1. Non-functioning regions should be added to stronger regions. A de facto situation already exists and the resulting change would not immediately increase responsibility in any given region. This change would go into effect immediately upon acceptance of the proposal.
2. Each region should examine their own area and determine the strategy which would be most effective given their particular circumstances in order to more effectively organize that region. This would be presented in a detailed, written report to be studied by all concerned and sent or presented to the National Office.

Transitory Period

1. The responsibilities of the Regional Coordinators will include an evaluation of each chapter as to its effectiveness, internal structure, ideology, etc... and a report sent to the National Office.
2. The National Office will establish and maintain direct communication with each chapter.
3. An increase in the number of National Coordinators in order to deal more effectively with specific areas of responsibility.
4. As the flow of information between the National Office and individual chapters increases, a group of potential "travelling organizers" be listed and training sessions be implemented to establish the policy and responsibilities of these individuals. These individuals will be selected by the National Coordinators. The National Coordinators will be chosen by the chapters.
 - A. The concept of the travelling organizers.
 1. These organizers would hold responsibility within a given region, i.e., the Northeast would consist of Ohio, Penn., New York, Mass. (an example only).
 2. Among the responsibilities of these organizers would be continual communication between chapters, suggestions as to programs and actions, establishment of new chapters, etc...
 5. The position of Regional Coordinators be abolished when travelling organizers are capable of starting work. In conjunction, a new Steering Committee will convene annually and establish policy and programs for the upcoming year.

In addition to the above, every three months the travelling organizers and national staff will meet in a central location and act as an interim committee. This body will discuss programs and policy established by the steering committee to facilitate implementation and effectiveness.

17. During this quarterly meeting, programs are found to be (3) failing, a detailed report would be formulated and sent to all chapters and, if necessary, a vote by mail taken. If a vote by mail is impractical an emergency meeting will be called and the National Steering Committee will convene. (note: The travelling organizers will be selected by the National Office during the first year of implementation. After this, each region will select their own organizers).

The following criticisms were raised during this workshop. They are presented here only as a basis for discussion and not meant to be a complete criticism of this organizational change.

1. What prevents "front" infiltration?
Chapters will be given charters by the national office upon recommendation by the travelling coordinators.
Political education of all members concerning this problem will be undertaken by the national office and all regions.
2. What are the specific advantages to such a re-organization?
Chapters will originate and establish policy.
Elimination of the "middle-man" in policy making decisions.
3. What constitutes a chapter?
A group of members somewhat proportionate to the population who work on a day-to-day basis toward objectives in accordance with national policy. In addition to this a member was defined as an individual working on a regular basis towards the goals and objectives of the organization. (note: after a program of political education is established and implemented an individual member who does not subscribe to the goals and objectives of national policy may face expulsion).

THE WINTER SOLDIER CONCEPT

1. Upon approval by the National Steering Committee and chapters and on a set date, each chapter would henceforth be called VVAW UNIT SOLDIER ORGANIZATION.
2. After a period of one year (not less than) and after the name has become synonymous with VVAW, the VVAW will be dropped entirely from the organizational name.

SURVIVAL OF VVAW

The following are recommendations by the workshop concerning immediate action by each chapter in order to ensure its survival.

1. An evaluation as to the effectiveness and deficiencies in each chapter.
2. A program be implemented to develop office skills. (basic mechanical office skill).
3. An evaluation of community needs and possible policy by each chapter.
4. Membership recruitment and retention.
 - a. Membership recruitment is good, but retention of membership is a problem. Each new member should be given an introduction to the organization, an explanation of the objectives, an explanation of national, regional, and chapter structure. Also, a basis for communication of political education should be established by an introduction to the war and a history of the organization.

Finally, this workshop is to be taken on a conceptual basis only. This is not a firm proposal, only a basis for discussion and criticism of the presently inadequate structure. Each chapter and region is urged to examine and criticize the present structure and this structure.

The results of these criticisms should be presented at the next national steering committee meeting.

POST VIETNAM SYNDROME

Post Vietnam Syndrome is a definite problem confronting Vietnam Veterans and their community in general. The first problem we dealt with in the PVS workshop was a definition of PVS. This is what we came up with:

What appears to be sociopathic behaviour, is actually the symptoms of a man struggling to survive. His reasoning is distorted by physio-psychological disorders-physical and emotions pains and stresses. Example: A man who carries four ounces of shrapnel in his body, and the memory of a bullet passing through his body.

results: GUILT, FEELING OF BEING A SCAPGOAT, DRUG, ALCOHOLISM OR (4)
DRUG ADDICTION, ALIENATION, LACK OF MOTIVATION, FEELING UNABILITY OF
EVER LOVING AGAIN, AND SUICIDE.

In order to deal with PVS we have to get into our community
with concrete programs. The PVS workshop recommends:

1) People interested in grassroots programs must do research
to be able to bring together in their heads a working definition of
PVS. This can be done by obtaining a copy of the PVS library from
the national clearing house.

2) Information obtained from the library should be disseminated
to the community to raise support and aid to formulate PVS rap groups.
This is of crucial importance because the VA does not at this time
even acknowledge the existence of PVS.

3) Rap groups can then be established with the help of
professionally trained Vietnam Veterans and any other help that can
be okayed by the group members unanimously. There also is an immediate
need to include women and non-veterans in PVS rap groups that are at
a point where they can accept such a move. One way to do this is to
set up more than one PVS rap group.

4) A HSI in front of congress on PVS.

5) VVAW should also petition congress to be recognized as an
official veteran service organization. We realize that the VA is
not going to deal with veteran problems, but we recognize the VA as a
tool to contact veterans.

We would like to end with some poetry by Don Kemp, a Vietnam
Vet currently doing life in Waupun State Prison, Wisconsin. Don is
a victim of PVS related murder charge.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENT, PLAY
SING YOUR BEAUTIFUL SONG
SING THE SONG
THAT BRINGS JOY
TO MY HEART,
A SMILE TO MY FACE
FILL THE AIR WITH MUSIC,
SWEET AND CLEAR
FILL THE AIR,
FOR EVERYONE
TO SEE AND HEAR
MUSICAL NOTES:
BEAUTIFUL NOTES
THUNDER THRU THE AIR
THE ROCKETS RED GLARE
THE BOMBS BURSTING IN AIR
HAUNT ME THRU THE NIGHT
AS IF I WAS STILL THERE

CRASHING INTO BODIES
SHEDDING FIRE AND BLOOD
SHEDDING DEATH AND DAMNATION
MUSICAL INSTRUMENT, PLAY
SWEET MUSIC, M-1

* Amendment: at the next national steering committee meeting in
PVS workshop, 1/2 of workshop be devoted to developing a political
definition of PVS, and that it is mandatory that a report on this is
presented to the next national steering committee meeting.

PAHMAPPropaganda Against Nuclear Weapons-Attack Plan

Realizing that the U.S. Government and big business will not willingly relinquish its struggle to gain economic control of South East Asia, we feel that the military struggle will continue in some form even if a treaty is signed. The possibilities include clandestine military operations, the introduction of Tactical Nukes, the continuation of the air war, and re-introduction of ground troops. In preparation for these possibilities we must press on in our education of the public. This education must take many forms, including speaking, leafleting, demonstrating, and all the various ways that have been used in the past.

We also realize that being Vietnam veterans does not automatically make us experts on the political struggles of the Indochinese people, and finding in the workshop that many of us felt that we are not knowledgeable on many aspects of the struggle, we recommend that VVAW MEMBERS CONTINUE OR START TO EDUCATE THEMSELVES. Resources for our education should come from all available sources including newspapers (clippings), research organizations (RANIC, etc) overseas publications, and very importantly, the Vietnamese themselves.

We also recommend strong liaison with the local media be established and every effort be made by individuals and collectives make use of all available resources and study.

Historically, the American public has been covertly prepared by the intelligence community of impending inhumane policies of the U.S. government using the mass media. This insidious propaganda effort has been implemented through 'planned' leaks of military contingency plans, which are presented in a way to de-sensitize the American public to government policies that would normally be rejected.

We believe that one of the options that Nixon has for escalation of the war in Indochina is the use of Tactical Nuclear Weapons. Many of us have seen a growing campaign in the media to prepare the Public for the use of these weapons by "speculation" on the subject. We feel that VVAW must combat this propaganda and present the following plan of action.

The following plan was developed to be implemented at the regional and local level.

1. Head-quarters (regional) level.

Head-quarters will develop and keep an up-to-date file of materials published on the use of Tactical Nukes and the effects of Nukes.

Research Task Force Teams-- Several agents (members of VVAW) assigned to compile this info to be sent to local level. To do this, research in Libraries, news clippings, magazine articles, etc.

2. Company (chapter) level.

Develop a complete propaganda packet that contains enough info on Tactical Nukes that it can be read quickly and easily. Packets must be accessible to CNEATs.

Counter Nuclear Weapons Attack Teams-(CNEAT)-5 to 10 people who can be mobilized to act in 24 hours of notification of enemy propaganda, to strike collectively at the source of the propaganda. Units should act only on being provoked by bullshit in the media.

3. Implementation.

Whenever the media (TV, radio, newspapers, etc) puts out articles or features which supposedly discuss the use of Nukes in an "objective" manner, PAHMAP goes into effect. CNEATs must immediately (within 24 hours) go to the source of the propaganda (radio station, news office, etc) and demand to present counter information. Picket lines, counter news articles compiled by RFTs, letter to the editor campaigns are PAHMAP tools. Use imagination.

WORKSHOP ON JANUARY 20th Inauguration Day, Chicago NSMC

In October, the Administration announced that peace was at hand. The nine point proposal of the Vietnamese clearly outlined a correct political settlement for the war in Indochina and the signing of this agreement seemed imminent prior to the election. After election day, Nixon destroyed the chance for peace that the American and Indochinese Peoples clearly wanted. During the Christmas holidays he answered "peace is at hand" by ordering the most massive bombing in the history of the world.

On January 20th the inauguration of Richard Nixon will represent the continuing degeneration of American principles, and a triumph of the continuance of US imperialism.

It is vital that VVAW organize a national action on the 20th in Washington D.C., and encourage similar actions in cities where people are unable to come to Washington, so that the Administration and the American People must support the Indochinese Peoples, and that we demand the peace treaty be signed immediately.

This action will represent the only demonstration in Washington that supports the Indochinese struggle and that it is our revolutionary duty to educate the American People to the lies of the Administration and to the necessity of the immediate signing of the treaty.

We further propose that this demonstration be opened to all people who support the Indochinese, and to all organizations who have consistently supported the struggle of the Indochinese Peoples.

SCENARIO

Assemble at 9:00 in the Arlington National Cemetery (Navy) parking lot. Speakers there will be invited to Harry Dano and one Vietnamese woman. There will be a non-religious ceremony from 11:00- 11:30, and then a march to the War Memorial. Indochinese music will be played there, and several tables will be set up to serve tea and collect signatures on the 9 point peace treaty. Several established grassroots theater groups will perform skits related to the Vietnamese struggle and American imperialism. The rally will disperse as people feel the need to leave. This will begin approximately at noon.

Discipline/Security: Each region will be responsible for providing for the identity and discipline of the members within its' group. The march will be slow to sit abreast to maintain security from infiltration/subvertures. The working committee will provide a guideline for distribution with the political reasoning for the tone and nature of self-discipline/security, as per NSC decision.

Banners and Signs: The march will be led by a large banner reading "Vietnam for the Vietnamese, Stop the bombing, Sign the Treaty". Each organization will be allowed one organizational banner, and an unlimited number of signs designating support for the 9 Point Peace Plan. No flags will be carried on this march.

Participation: This march will be open to any organization that has consistently supported the Vietnamese plan for peace, and who agrees to the basics of the scenario.

Finances: Each participating region shall pledge \$25.00 plus \$1.00 per person participating. Any surplus of finances will be used to pay the existing debts of the national office.

Flowing: Any people remaining over in DC. should contact Doug Schocka at the DC. Office of NSC Staff. (202) 387-0229

MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

Working Committee: The working committee shall consist of people from the Washington, Philadelphia, and Boston regional offices, with a national coordinator from Chicago. Other regions wishing to send advance party personnel should contact the DC. office in advance.
Office address - 1322 18th St. NW, Washington D.C., 20036
Office phone - (202) 783 3111

Medical/communication/food: Every regional group should be prepared to feed its own people. VVAW medical people will act complimentary to existing medical structures. Miami Outreach personnel will be contacted for possible communications support.

Disposition of the Treaty Signatures: Individuals who wish to deliver copies of the treaty signatures to Congress will informally do so on January 22, 1973.

General tone: This march will be a disciplined march in support of the 9 Point Peace Plan. It will be a one day public manifestation of our day to day support of this peace plan, and the Vietnamese struggle.

West Coast Action: The west coast regions that are planning a supportive demonstration in San Francisco invite any group that can not make the DC. action to join them. Any money for the west coast action should be sent to the Northern California Sub-regional office.

Contingency Plan: In the event that the 9 Point Peace Plan is signed between now and January 20th, this demonstration will occur as planned with the central demand being that the U.S. implement the Treaty and honor it. The ceremony on the War Memorial grounds will be a ceremony of solidarity with the Vietnamese.

UTURE ACTIONS WORKSHOP

This workshop met to discuss several proposed actions. They are:

- 1) A Bonus March II on Washington
- 2) Actions during the Gainesville Trial
- 3) A Kent State Anniversary action
- 4) Lobbying in Congress during the vote to cut off appropriations for the war
- 5) A War Dead Memorial at Eagles Nest Chapel in New Mexico

After discussion of these proposed actions, it was our consensus that we should give top priority to a national action at the time of the Gainesville Trial. The trial is considered an attack on VVAW as a whole and it is suggested that actions take place in all regions, and in Gainesville, in protest against the Government's blatant harassment of our brothers there.

Keeping in mind that we do not want to have an action for action's sake, all other proposals are not considered by us to be truly worthwhile. We decided against a Bonus March because we feel that any action that we do while the War is still on should not be focused on making the military service more attractive.

We decided against an action at Kent State for fear of blatant repercussions. The action at Eagles Nest was also put aside for reasons of non-relevance to the serious problems in Indochina, which are, right now, our main concern.

It was suggested that there be a national day of actions in local communities centered around the struggle to stop war appropriations. The date we leave open, subject to selection by the National Staff. We feel that we should not adopt this action as a national action because we anticipate chapters' participation in this

struggle as a matter of course and that local areas will prepare actions without the need for national organization.

Approved Monday, January 8, 1973
VVAW NSCM Chicago

WOMENS CAUCUS

In this portion of the workshops, the women seemed anxious to talk about themselves for a twofold reason. One, that they wished to know each other better in order to find a common base from which to work, and two, to help sensitize the men to our gut feelings and the directions from which our problems as women within the organization stem.

In order to do this, we passed around a set of questions which seemed basic to those needs. As we went around the group each woman answered all the questions at once, so as to lend continuity to the situation.

These are the questions:

- 1) How did you get into VVAW?
- 2) How would you describe your chapter? (ie. active or not)
- 3) What is the number of women as compared to men?
- 4) Are the women active?
- 5) What do the women do?
- 6) Are the women in any sort of a group? If so describe it.
- 7) How do you think the women should be involved in VVAW?
- 8) What is your perception of how men in VVAW do/would relate to a "womens caucus"?
- 9) Why do you stay in VVAW? What is your true motivation?

The answers to these questions gave us all a lot of insight into ourselves and each other. This was followed by sort of an interview situation, in order to allow the men present to direct questions dealing with more specific problems. Even though there are still many questions to be asked, and problems solved, a base was laid.

There is communication between the women (and any interested men) that will deal with projects and continue to encourage each other. The questionnaire will also be sent to each person on the communications list.

There is a problem that we will consider and attempt to deal with in our communications. It is one that seems to be a primary example of all our problems as both men and women within VVAW.

It appears to us that among the veterans there is an amplification of a common conditioning men experience from birth. When a man comes in from the bush, he finds it less painful to deal with that experience if he has no close personal contacts to deal with.

This is carried over into civilian life. If he comes under severe stress, he tends to withdraw completely from the people he cares about the most, which often includes a woman.

The problem this created for a woman is dual in nature. Because of her primary conditioning, she feels incorrectly that she is merely a back-up force. So, when the cuts her off, she finds herself with the inability to assert herself.

We have only begun to confront the problems involved. They will continue to face all of us. And gradually reduced, we hope. Therefore, we must continue the dialogue we began last night and so urge that workshops on the position of women within and around VVAW be held on their own at all future NCMS. Eventually action programs will evolve out of these, giving us greater opportunities to come to grips with these problems.

We are revolutionaries
 We are the very revolution itself
 We fight not for the right to call ourselves
 revolutionaries but for the right to live
 whatever we call ourselves. We cannot live. We must call
 ourselves nothing because we will be nothing. Don G. Keap

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Up until this time Vietnam Veterans Against the War's preoccupation has been with the war in Vietnam and its impact on us as veterans only. Our country into society had been an immersion back into that same racist society which spawned imperialism and its bastard child, the Vietnam War. Our time spent in the military was an experience in Jim Crow racism which pressed third world brothers into the front lines to die or into military jails.

This war has also taught us the value of brotherhood by shared blood. In combat we learned that brotherhood meant survival. Now again we face a common foe, and to survive again we must struggle together as brothers.

One of the biggest problems in WVAW is that, as yet, our organization has had little success in relation to third world people in general and third world veterans in particular. One of the principal reasons for this has been that most of our efforts have been directed at relating to third world people through our eyes instead of theirs. We decided that it would be more fruitful if we tried to determine, in connection with third world people the particular problems of their community and work with them on the solutions. By relating to third world people in terms of their own oppressions, we can, first of all, create an atmosphere for a better understanding of our own racism and educate ourselves concerning it. It paves the way for a better understanding on the part of third world people of where we are coming from and why and how our struggle is related to theirs.

As the struggle on the home front intensifies, black, brown, Indian and other third world people have increasingly taken the leadership role and also the brunt of this racist society's attacks.

We are presently trying to reestablish those bonds we found successful in Vietnam. In light of this realization it is hoped that we can begin to struggle as one people against our common oppressor.

Recommended for adoption as national WVAW policy, by workshop on 3rd world and oppressed peoples.

Whereas less than honorable discharges from active duty are given in a systematically discriminatory manner to racial minorities in substantially higher proportions than to whites, and such discharges permanently effect the economic and social capabilities of these third world veterans, WVAW proposes a national campaign on all levels to change all less than honorable discharges in compliance with WVAW national objective #5, which states that there be only one type of discharge without distinction, and that this policy be retroactive.

GUIDELINES FOR CONTACT BETWEEN WVAW AND THIRD WORLD OR OTHER

- 1) OUTREACH
- A. Individual contact is to be made between local WVAW chapters and oppressed groups on a person to person basis. The person making initial contact is responsible for maintaining contact with the group and for reporting on it at chapter meetings and to regional coordinators and/or collectives. Person making initial contact should present to the group contacted the results of each of their chapters at national steering committee meetings.
- B. Regional coordinators and/or collectives are to report on contacts and results in cash of their chapters at national steering committee meetings during regional round robin.
- 2) The local chapter and the other group should exchange participation in political education sessions and/or exchange information in search of common goals and areas in which the two groups can work together. (i.e. free breakfast programs, drug programs, joint support in each other's actions, exchange of speakers.)
- 3) Be specific in your chapter's commitments to the other group, and live up to it. Establish trust through personal, physical commitment rather than offering blankets and trinkets. Offer yourself and time.
- 4) Local chapters should clearly define the limits of their support to local groups. Do not overreach the resources of your chapter. No commitment is better than an unfulfilled commitment.
- 5) WVAW should try to complement efforts of an existing third world or oppressed group wherever possible rather than initiating

parallel programs.

6) Suggested areas for local chapter activities are: Sponsor 3rd World speakers on campus or do VVAW activities, participate in local community programs, and in VA and draft counseling, support prison programs, (reform movements and prison unions), actively seek coalition with third world groups on campuses and/or in the community.

G.I. Workshop

Historical Notes on Civilian (not active-duty) GI Projects.

In general, civilian run projects, mostly coffee houses, have died out over the past year. What follows is a general analysis of some of the problems that helped reduce the effectiveness of the civilian run projects, Although we did not discuss the whole area of active-duty run projects, this area does need to be discussed in depth.

1. Missionary attitude: Civilian organizers tried to move in and dictate to GIs that the GIs should want.
2. Laying down trips, civilians tried to impose their politics on GIs. Armchair revolutionary syndrome.
3. National perspective civilians tried to organize GIs around national issues without understanding the need to organize around local issues.
4. Racism: Projects were run by whites with little understanding of the struggles of minority peoples, especially black GIs.
5. No money.
6. Lack of support from the local community, in some cases meeting open repression.
7. Apathy and fear of GIs.
8. Women and the question of sexism was handled poorly, which has led to very little female participation in projects, service-women and civilians.
9. Transients of GIs negated possibility of mass work.

What is the goal of doing GI organizing:

The two major goals of organizing active-duty service people back a specific and a general content. The two goals are not exclusive and in fact must go together in forming a complete strategy.

Point one is to stop Imperialism; that is, to negate or reduce the strength of a war machine engaged in aggression and genocide.

Point Two is to provide services or actions around service peoples' immediate needs, such as housing, relief from harassment, etc.

In viewing these goals, the workshop decided to focus on the specific problems of working with GIs and then on what specific and general programs VVAW can undertake to achieve these goals.

The primary contradiction in the military today is racism. The struggles of minority GIs provides the focus for current work around the GI movement. It is our opinion that VVAW should see its work on racism is primary in regards to the GI movement. However, the work on racism must also go hand in hand with specific service work for individual GIs, ie. military counseling, legal help, etc. We must not lose sight of the human element.

Organizing:

- L. 4 dozen resource centers
 - a. CAMP (Chicago area military project)
 - b. USSF - regular money, legal

- c. RESIST - initial money
- d. SOS - materials and money
- e. OCCO - draft and military counseling
- f. NLC - legal
- g. ACLU
- h. NOBCAN - VVAW liaison

2. Non-specific centers

- a. AFSC
- b. War Resisters League - WIN Magazine
- c. WARVIC - electronic warfare, military weapons
- d. JACLS - research work
- e. CCAS - Asia, research, Pacific Counseling Service
- f. SCLC, NAACP, etc.
- g. The Guardian
- h. must utilize local resources or project will die

Working with GIs

- 1. Fears: how to deal with it
 - a. do not work on post night off
 - b. work in the community around post as veterans and wait for GI to approach you.
 - c. work at personal problems level which has limited effectiveness
 - d. offer a service to the GI
 - e. must relate to GIs as providing the leading ideas for struggle - trust GIs to lead you
 - f. must be community support for any struggle
 - g. must realize the oppression which came and will befall GIs who oppose military and educate them on what consequences of an action are - NO BULLSHIT
 - h. you are there to serve the GI, not the other way around
 - i. know the UCMJ and what are the individuals rights under that set of laws and what resources there are to help

2. Drugs, Individualism

- a. use politicized ex-users
- b. try to use the oppression of drug users to raise consciousness about how the man likes drugs to bust people to stop organizing
- c. expose programs on base
- d. push people's drug programs
- e. do not try to organize them - they are not in a position to be organized - let them help themselves 'cause you can't force treatment

3. Transients

- a. Navy and the Army are the most problematic in this area
- b. let down of people because focus was on the individuals and not on the project
- c. community must support the project
- d. collectiveness and not individual leaders have best success
- e. know where other projects are so that transferred people can re-contact and continue resistance.
 - 1. papers
 - 2. coffee houses
 - 3. lawyers
 - 4. VVAW chapters

4. Distrust of Civilians

- a. relate to GI by being involved in what they are doing
 - 1. partying
 - 2. playing cards
 - 3. smoking dope

- b. don't place demands on them
- c. dudes are in it for the money
- d. use of political comic books
- e. show them you can be trusted by working in the community around a base and publicizing your presence
- f. support the defense of service people in political trials by being present at courtroom or with legal and monetary assistance.
- g. let GIs come to you for help - don't force your help or politics on him/her.

- 5. Scouting bases/Starting out
 - a. find existing projects in community or on base
 - b. personal contact with personnel in base
 - c. look for permanent party bases - non-transient population
 - d. find out the power structure of the base, i.e. post commander, JAG officers, etc.
 - e. rap with people to discover what are the major struggles on the base, i.e. racism, poor housing, lifers, etc
 - f.

I. Support of existing projects
 This means support, not lead, ie films, books, materials, whatever they want

- II. Where projects do not exist, nor military installations
 - Annex petition amongst reservist and National Guard
 - Leafleting community explaining current struggles in the military, i.e. racism
 - Train military counselors to take care of Guards and reservist.
 - Establish legal and psychiatric contacts.
 - Publish a GI survival kit to hand out to inductees at induction center (This is a kit that should relate how, from the vets experiences, to survive basic and later years)
 - Whereas we see that the military is the major tool of imperialism and genocide abroad, and a major tool for suppression and repression at home,

Whereas the history of the military is smeared with episodes of suppression of organized working people,

Whereas the Vietnam Veterans Against the War has one of the highest potentials in this country of reaching active duty men and women, and as veterans of the military must use that experience as a major tool in combating the military,

Whereas the Vietnam Veterans Against the War has paid lip service to the GI movement, especially in areas where there are no major military installations
 We of the GI workshop say it is absolutely imperative that all chapters of VVAW institute programs to support the GI movement wherever the chapters are thereby accomplishing their goals: recruiting new members to VVAW before discharge, providing services to service people and veterans, and finally, importantly, effectively reduce the war-making power of imperialism.

OBJECTIVES OF VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR

1. To demand an immediate cessation of fighting and the withdrawal of all American troops, planes, military and economic aid from Southeast Asia. We support, as a basis for the cessation of these hostilities, the various peace proposals of the peoples of Southeast Asia, such as the Seven Point Program of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of South Vietnam or such future plans as they develop based upon their right of self-determination and actual control of their own destinies.

2. To demand the immediate termination of all other operations by the US government, its agencies, and American business interests that are designed to suppress the rightful struggles for liberation and self-determination of the peoples of Africa, Asia and Latin America. This includes the maintenance of dictatorial governments, economic domination, and the theft of the natural resources of other countries. The US should make reparations, in a program acceptable to the Indo-Chinese, for all the damages done by the UNITED STATES.

3. To demand that all active duty servicemen, service women, reservists and national guard be afforded the same rights that are guaranteed by the US Constitution and Bill of Rights that are presently denied by the Uniform Code of Military Justice. We are appalled that our active duty GI's are treated as less than first-class citizens. We endorse the efforts of our active duty brothers and sisters in their struggle to democratize the military.

4. To support all military personnel refusing to serve against their consciences in wars at home and abroad. We demand that Congress enact legislation for the immediate repatriation of those brothers and sisters who are in prison or self-exile by reason of their refusal to serve in the military. It must also involve an end to all repression and a freeing of all political prisoners.

5. To demand that there be no distinctions as to types of discharges and that a single type of discharge be issued, and that this be retro-active. We also demand that all veterans receive all rights and benefits under the VA and that compensation for disabilities be based solely upon degree of disability for veterans and their families without regard to sex, race, rank, or length of service.

6. To make clear that the US has never undertaken an extensive, open investigation of American war crimes in Indochina. In Indochina the principles of Nuremberg have been violated. As active duty and former GI's, we recognize the responsibility and guilt of the individual soldier to refrain from committing war crimes. We also recognize that the responsibility and guilt of war crimes committed in the name of America lies with our policy makers at all levels.

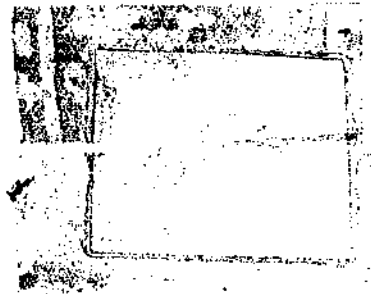
7. Resolved to fight racism to show Americans that our society is permeated by racism, which manipulates whites into viewing non-whites as inferior or less than human. This racism pushes third world people through inferior schools to inferior jobs and into combat arms. Thus third world people are sent off to die in disproportionately high numbers as we kill Asians indiscriminately. We also demand that the US military recognize its complicity in America's domestic and international racism.

8. Resolved to fight sexism, to show that sexism plays a major part in promoting war. We must show Americans that our society is permeated by sexism, which forces an inferior status upon women, reducing them to subservient sexual objects, and which robs both men and women of their natural growth. This institutionalized sexism channels women into unfulfilling, lower paying jobs which are servile in nature and purpose; it exploits their bodies for sex and profit; and it degrades and dehumanizes them by a double standard of morality wholly dependent on the myth of male supremacy. This sexism is exploited by the military, officially defining service women as subordinate and thoroughly degrading them to servile work and the role of a sexual object. We resolve to fight sexism within our society, within our own organization, and within ourselves.

9. We dedicate ourselves to these principles and objectives which directly relate to the imperialist suppression of the people of the world by the United States government. We understand that this war is imperialist and affirm that the membership of VVAW is not only concerned with ending this war, but with changing the domestic, political, social, and economic institutions that have caused and perpetuated its continuance.

10. We support the democratic rights of Americans to unionize and strike to protect their income and safeguard their employment. We consider all legislation designed to suppress these rights to be illegal and not in the interests of the American working people. We also demand full employment for all Americans, including free educational and vocational training for all who need or want it. We refuse to participate in the efforts being made to separate us from other working people, making ourselves enemies by giving us the charade of employment priority. We condemn this as a method of encouraging military enlistment by the false promise of employment after service. We also condemn the use of GI's, National Guardsmen, and reservists as strikebreakers.

Reaffirmed, VVAW National Meeting, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, July 1972



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Vietnam Veterans Against the War

The American Servicemen's Union (ASU) was founded in 1968, by the Workers World Party (WWP). Its objective is to cause discontent among military enlisted personnel and call for the establishment of a servicemen's union. Its main propaganda weapon is the publication "The Bond - The Servicemen's Newspaper."

The "Guardian" is self-described as an "independent radical newsweekly" which takes a strong left position, but is not identified with any organized group. It is considered to be the largest radical weekly in America.

National Peace Action Coalition (NPAC) was founded in 1970 by members of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP). Its objective is the immediate, total and unconditional withdrawal of all United States forces and material in Southeast Asia.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The Progressive Labor Party (PLP) founded in 1965 by former members of the CPUSA, who assertedly followed a Chinese Communist line, is a revolutionary Marxist-Leninist organization dedicated to a dictatorship of the working class.

Students For A Democratic Society (SDS) was founded during June, 1962, at Port Huron, Michigan, and in the 1960's functioned as the leading New Left campus-based student organization in the United States. From a stance of "participatory democracy", the SDS moved to a radical-revolutionary position. It maintained a national office at 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, until February, 1970. Internal factionalism during 1969 produced three main factions: Weatherman, Revolutionary Youth Movement (RYM), and Worker Student Alliance (WSA). The Weatherman and RYM no longer consider themselves associated with the SDS. The WSA faction continues to use the name SDS.

Vietnam Veterans Against the War

The Student Mobilization Committee (SMC) is controlled by the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) and its youth affiliate, Young Socialist Alliance (YSA). SMC initiates and supports public demonstrations against the war in Southeast Asia.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The Workers World Party (WWP) was founded in 1959 by individuals who disagreed with policies of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP). The WWP dissidents advocated unconditional support of the Soviet Union and the building of a revolutionary party geared to the overthrow of Capitalism. More recently, the WWP has called for peaceful solutions to Sino-Soviet disputes, however, the WWP generally supports the Peoples Republic of China in its ideological differences with the Soviet Union.

As the youth organization of the SWP, the YSA serves as the main source of recruitment into that organization. The YSA is described in the masthead of its official publication, "The Young Socialist Organizer", as "a Multi-National Revolutionary Socialist Youth Organization".

Youth Against War and Fascism (YAWF) is the youth group of the Workers World Party (WWP).

FBI

Date: 1/31/73

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448992)
FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-89772)
SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST
THE WAR (VVAW)
IS - RM

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/14/80 BY SP-108

[Redacted]

mw
b7c

[Redacted]

Re Bureau airtel dated 1/23/73 instructing that justification for "Secret" classification of 1/22/73 Letterhead Memorandum (LHM) be furnished.

Information contained in referenced LHM emanated

[Redacted]

b2
b7D

DECLASSIFIED BY SP-108/LLM
ON 3/14/95

100

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 1 - Albany (100-22519) (RM)
- 1 - Albuquerque (100-3803) (RM)
- 1 - Atlanta (100-16340) (RM)
- 1 - Birmingham (100-6041) (RM)
- 1 - Boston (100-32739) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-160644) (RM)
- 1 - Buffalo (100-21623) (RM)
- 1 - Butte (100-3147) (RM)
- 1 - Charlotte (100-11266) (RM)
- 1 - Cincinnati (100-19743) (RM)
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- 1 - Detroit (100-39271) (RM)
- 1 - Jacksonville (100-1745) (RM)
- 1 - Kansas City (100-14833) (RM)
- 1 - Little Rock (100-4158) (RM)
- 1 - Los Angeles (100-77703) (RM)
- 1 - Memphis (RM)
- 1 - Milwaukee (100-15674) (RM)
- 1 - Minneapolis (RM)
- 1 - Newark (100-83565) (RM)
- 1 - New Haven (100-21053) (RM)

CLASS. & EXT. BY SP-108/LLM
DATE OF REVIEW 11/31/93
Comp # 55704 11/14/80

REC-32

100-448092-2641

FEB 3 1973

Rev. Act. Sect.

Approved: M. J. [Signature]
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____
Per _____

70 FEB 27 1973

CG 100-50772

- 1 - New Orleans (100-19044) (RM)
- 1 - Philadelphia (100-52840) (RM)
- 1 - Pittsburgh (100-17114) (RM)
- 1 - Portland (100-12313) (RM)
- 1 - St. Louis (100-21603) (RM)
- 1 - San Francisco (RM)
- 1 - San Antonio (100-12620) (RM)
- 1 - Seattle (100-31235) (RM)
- 1 - WFO (100-47162)
- 1 - Chicago

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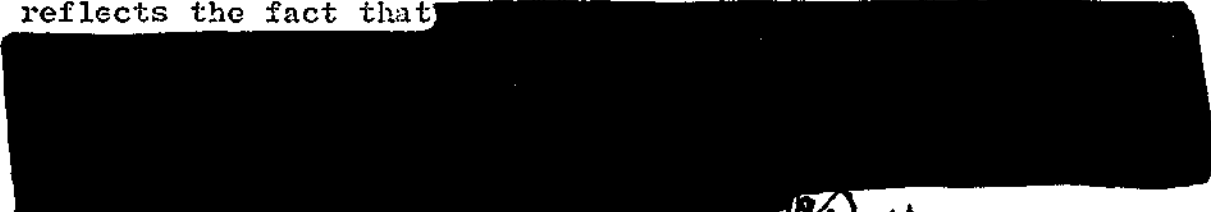
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CG 100-50772

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On 1/6 and 7/73 the 102 attending delegates broke up into workshop groups, with approximately 20 delegates in each workshop group. Information in referenced LHM clearly reflects the fact that

b7D



As the Bureau recognized (in Bureau letter to all offices 4/23/72), the VVAW in recent months has become increasingly militant and has the potential for serious future violence and disruptions.

In view of this, it is felt that disclosure of the information contained in Chicago LHM dated 1/22/73 could reasonably be expected to result in serious damage to the national security and that the "Secret" classification is fully justified.

The Bureau and recipient offices requested to amend justification statement contained in Chicago airtel dated 1/22/73.

Form errors scored to personnel responsible for inadequate classification statement.

Handled
R 2/7/73

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FBI

Date: 2/2/73

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via A I R T E L _____
(Priority)

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092)
FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-50772)
SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
IS - RA

b7C
S/pen

Re Chicago teletypes dated 11/10/72,
11/15/72 and 11/20/72.

Enclosed are six copies of an LHM captioned

[Redacted]

The first source utilized in the LHM is the
Covert Unit, Chicago Police Department, and the second
source utilized is [Redacted] NISO, Chicago, who
requested that his identity be protected.

b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE _____ BY _____

EX-109

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/14/95 BY SP4 [Redacted]

100-448092-2640

b7C

2-Bureau (Encls. 6) (RM)
2-Chicago
(1-100-53449)

PRW/mbw

(4)

ENCLOSURE

DIA, SS, ISD (2), CIA, STATE
TOC (3) info
2/2/73
RLP/wjz

14 FEB 8 1973

Rev. Act. Sect.

Approved: 54 M/ [Signature] Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Chicago, Illinois
February 2, 1973

CG 100-50772

[REDACTED]

Source, a local agency which collects security information in the Chicago area, furnished the following information on November 14, 1972, in regard to [REDACTED]

In late October, 1972 [REDACTED] arrived in Los Angeles from Japan, via Japan Airlines, and subsequently, on either November 4 or 5, 1972, he arrived in Chicago via Japan Airlines.

While in Chicago he held several closed door meetings with Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) co-ordinators Barry Romo and Bart Savage, and possibly one or two other persons.

This source, who did not attend these meetings, speculated through hearsay and conversations overheard subsequent to the meetings, that the purpose of [REDACTED] travels concerned possible Peoples Coalition for Peace and Justice (PCPJ) and VVAW demonstrations in Washington, D. C. at the time of the Presidential Inauguration on January 20, 1973.

Also, this source speculated that the invitation to [REDACTED] to come to the U.S. originated at a PCPJ conference held in Tokyo in August, 1972. Apparently at this conference it was decided that the PCPJ would be the umbrella sponsor for the January 20, 1973 demonstrations in Washington, D.C. This source further speculated that the possibility existed that older and more conservative PCPJ leaders feared that possible VVAW

Handwritten: 3/14/95 [Signature]

Handwritten: b7c

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED~~

Handwritten: 100-448092-2642

[REDACTED]

b7C

militant plans for January 20, 1973 demonstrations might result in violence and that as a result, the PCPJ was factionalized over the question of whether to withdraw from umbrella sponsorship.

PCPJ is self-described as a broad coalition of local and national organizations including the Communist Party, U.S.A, committed to conducting demonstrations aimed at ending the war in Indochina, and poverty, racism and injustice at home. Its National Office is located at 156 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

VVAW is a national organization, comprised primarily of veterans of the Vietnam War, which has conducted demonstrations against the war during the period 1970 - 1972.

This source understands that [REDACTED] is a world traveler with worldwide contacts, who in the past has attended Stockholm peace conferences and is to attend one there within the next month or so.

The source stated that supposedly [REDACTED] is a member of the Japanese Communist Party and has organized many demonstrations in Japan in recent years which have resulted in disruption and violence.

b7C

This source further stated that in order for [REDACTED] to obtain a visa from American Consular officials for his current visit, it was necessary for him to sign a statement in Tokyo that he would not participate in any demonstrations or related activities while in the U.S.

The source stated that [REDACTED] has traveled in the U.S. previously, dates and details not known to the source.

[REDACTED]

The source advised that [REDACTED] departed Chicago on November 9, 1972 for Akron, Ohio, where he was to meet with VVAW member Gary Steiger. From Akron, he was to travel to Pittsburgh, Boston, and Washington, D.C., exact dates or details not known. On November 22, 1972 he was to be in New York City and fly from there to Paris, airline or time not known.

The second source, another governmental agency which conducts intelligence investigations, advised on November 10, 1972 that on November 9, 1972, [REDACTED] was to have mailed a registered letter to the Japanese Council Against Atomic and Hydrogen Bombs, 23-196, Chome Shirhashi, Minao-Ku, Tokyo, Japan. The conjecture was that the letter concerned results of [REDACTED] contacts in the U.S. up to that date, regarding plans for disruption of the January 20, 1973 Presidential Inauguration.

The second source also advised on November 10, 1972, that [REDACTED] who was in Los Angeles, California on October 28, 1972, and planned to travel to Chicago, Illinois via Dayton, Ohio, was in telephonic contact with an unidentified individual from Denver, Colorado, who has taken part in demonstrations at various Army and Navy bases in Japan.

On November 10, 1972, the second source, and on November 20, 1972, the first source, furnished the following descriptive data regarding [REDACTED]

Date of Birth
Place of Birth
Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes

[REDACTED]

b7C

Ears
Attire
Military

[REDACTED]

Occupation

TREAT AS YELLOW

file

FBI

Date: *2/17/73*

IMMEDIATE

URGENT *Priority*

Transmit the message that follows by coded teletype:

NITEL

TO: THE PRESIDENT

FIELD DISSEMINATION

THE VICE PRESIDENT

ATT.:

ROME

WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM

PARIS

ATT.:

SECRETARY OF STATE *#594*

DIRECTOR, CIA *VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR*

DIRECTOR, DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

AND NATIONAL INDICATIONS CENTER

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

NAVAL INVESTIGATIVE SERVICE

U. S. SECRET SERVICE (PID)

ATTORNEY GENERAL (BY MESSENGER)

NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY, ATT: SENIOR OPERATION OFFICER

REC-110

100-448092-2643

From: *ACTING* DIRECTOR, FBI

20 FEB 21 1973

Classification: ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

327 file
TELETYPE

Subject: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)

- Felt _____
- Baker _____
- Bishop _____
- Callahan _____
- Cleveland _____
- Conrad _____
- Dalbey _____
- Gebhardt _____
- Jenkins _____
- Marshall _____
- Miller, E.S. _____
- Purvis _____
- Soyars _____
- Walters _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Mr. Kinley _____
- Mr. Armstrong _____
- Ms. Herwig _____
- Mrs. Neenan _____

(Text of message begins on next page.)

DECLASSIFIED BY *[Signature]*
3/4/90

50 FEB 28 1973

Approved _____

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

file

VZCZCFBI594

PP RUEHOC RUEAIIX

DE RUEHFB #0594 0482020

ZNY CCCCC ZZH

P 172030Z FEB 73

FM ACTING DIRECTOR FBI

TO RUEHOC/SECRETARY OF STATE

RUEAIIX/DIRECTOR CIA

BT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)

ON FEBRUARY EIGHT, SEVENTY-THREE, SOURCES WHO HAVE BEEN RELIABLE IN THE PAST, ADVISED THAT JOHN DAVID MUSGRAVE, VVAW LEADER, IS CURRENTLY IN GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA AND SURROUNDING AREA, LECTURING IN ATTEMPT TO RAISE FUNDS FOR DEFENSE OF SIX VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW) MEMBERS UNDER FEDERAL GRAND JURY INDICTMENT. SOURCES ADVISED MUSGRAVE PLANS TO TRAVEL TO PARIS, FRANCE AND ROME, ITALY, LEAVING UNITED STATES FEBRUARY TWENTY, SEVENTY-THREE, FOR CONFERENCES WHICH WILL STUDY THE VIETNAM WAR IN EFFORT TO GAIN RECOGNITION OF THE PROVISIONAL REVOLUTIONARY GOVERNMENT AS THE AUTHENTIC GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH VIETNAM. SOURCES ADVISED THIS CONFERENCE IS SPONSORED BY INDIVIDUALS FROM STOCKHOLM, SWEDEN. SOURCES FURTHER ADVISED MUSGRAVE PLANS TO TRAVEL TO PARIS, FRANCE FROM ROME, ITALY, ARRIVING IN PARIS ON FEBRUARY TWENTY-SEVEN, SEVENTY-THREE FOR "AMNESTY" CONFERENCE.

ON FEBRUARY TWELVE, SEVENTY-THREE, SOURCES ADVISED MUSGRAVE INTENDS TO TRAVEL FROM GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA TO NEW YORK CITY VIA CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. MUSGRAVE WILL MEET ED DAMATO, REGIONAL VVAW COORDINATOR FOR NEW YORK, EITHER IN CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, OR IN NEW YORK, AND BOTH WILL PROCEED TOGETHER TO EITHER ROME, ITALY OR PARIS, FRANCE, LEAVING NEW YORK CITY FEBRUARY TWENTY, SEVENTY-THREE. SOURCES ADVISED THAT ON HIS RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES, MUSGRAVE IS TO RETURN TO GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA.

MUSGRAVE IS DESCRIBED AS WHITE MALE, BORN [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] b7c
[REDACTED] PASSPORT NO. [REDACTED] ISSUED APRIL TWENTY-SEVEN, SEVENTY-TWO AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA, VALID FIVE YEARS.

~~CLASSIFIED BY W. R. WANNALL, XGDS2, DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE.~~

XGDS2

BT

#0594

NNNN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI DATE: 2/7/73

FROM : *RS/610*
SAC, SAN DIEGO (100-14477)

SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
IS - RA
Bufile 100-448092

PACIFIC COUNSELING SERVICE (PCS)
SM - RA
Bufile 14-3079

JAPAN PEACE FOR VIETNAM COMMITTEE (BEHEIREN)
IS - JAPAN
Bufile 105-143307

EXP. PROC. #35
 2-12-73
 UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

Re Legat Tokyo airtel to the Bureau dated 1/5/73.

In San Diego, California, a Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) chapter as well as a Pacific Counseling Service (PCS) chapter exist. They are not inter-connected according to [redacted] and [redacted].

[redacted] These informants stated that the local VVAW chapter is autonomous and have no plans for any activities outside the San Diego area.

- ④ - Bureau (RM)
 - (1-Legat Tokyo)
 - (1-Foreign Liaison Desk)
- 2 - San Diego

AAR/gar
(6)

2/20/73 1-742 DB

HWD/sfd

EX-109

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 2/14/95 BY [signature]

REC-32100-448092-2644

*TOK info
2/10/73
EAS
R/gwsz*

7 - XEROX
FEB 23 1973

FEB 12 1973

Rev. Act. Sect.

NAT. INT. SEC.



57 MAR 1 1973

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 2 11973

TELETYPE

NR 03 SD CODE

9:36 PM NITEL 2-20-73 GKF

TO DIRECTOR (100-448092)

(ATTN: D. I. D.)

SAN FRANCISCO

LOS ANGELES

FROM SAN DIEGO (100-14477) (P) 3P

Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Baker	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Cleveland	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Geunardt	_____
Mr. Jenkins	_____
Mr. Marshall	_____
Mr. Miller, E.S.	_____
Mr. Purvis	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Kinley	_____
Mr. Armstrong	_____
Mr. Bowers	_____
Mr. Herington	_____
Ms. Herwig	_____
Mr. Mintz	_____
Mrs. Neenan	_____

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/4/95 BY SP6/SAL/UA

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW) REGIONAL CONFERENCE
AT SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA, FEBRUARY 16-18, 1973.
IS - RA. OO: CHICAGO.

[REDACTED] b7c

[REDACTED] b7c

[REDACTED] b7c

[REDACTED]

ON FEBRUARY 20, 1973, A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE OF THE SAN
DIEGO OFFICE OF THE FBI, WHO HAS FURNISHED RELIABLE INFORMATION
IN THE PAST, ADVISED THAT DURING VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE
WAR (VVAW) REGIONAL CONFERENCE HELD AT SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA,
ON FEBRUARY 16-18, 1973, BRIEF AND VAGUE REFERENCE WAS MADE
TO A PROPOSED "WINTER SOLDIER INVESTIGATION," WHICH MAY BE
INITIATED BY A VVAW CHAPTER, POSSIBLY IN JAPAN, FOR THE PURPOSE
OF INFORMING THE PUBLIC ABOUT NUCLEAR AND HYDROGEN BOMB STORAGE
SITES, AND RADIOACTIVITY AND OTHER DANGERS CREATED AS A RESULT
OF THE EXISTENCE OF THESE DEVICES.

REC 44

100-448092-
2645

ST-116

FEB 22 1973

END PAGE ONE

CIA, STATE, DIA, TOK
2/24/73
R/S
R/S

70 MAR 11973


5-A

PAGE TWO

SD 100-14477

INFORMATION IS REPORTEDLY BEING COMPILED FOR FUTURE POSSIBLE PRESENTATION BEFORE THE U.S. SENATE. THIS IS ALONG THE SAME LINES AS THE "WAR CRIMES WINTER SOLDIER INVESTIGATION" CONDUCTED BY VVAW AT AN UNKNOWN DATE IN THE PAST ACCORDING TO SOURCE.

MENTION WAS ALSO MADE THAT THERE ARE PEOPLE IN HIGH GOVERNMENT POSITIONS AND IN THE PENTAGON WILLING TO TESTIFY REGARDING ABOVE MATTER AND HAVE CONTACTED LEGAL COUNSEL REGARDING THEIR RIGHTS AND POSSIBLE RESULTING LEGAL COMPLICATIONS.

 (PHONETIC) OF LOS ANGELES CITY CHAPTER OF THE VVAW, AND TWO UNIDENTIFIED NATION VVAW OFFICERS ARE REPORTEDLY INVOLVED IN THIS "WINTER SOLDIER INVESTIGATION" EFFORT. b7c

DISCUSSION REGARDING THE ABOVE MATTER WAS TERMINATED SHORTLY AFTER ITS ORIGINATION DUE TO A FEAR OF LACK OF SECURITY EXPRESSED BY THOSE PRESENT AT CONFERENCE.

END PAGE TWO

THR

PAGE THREE

SD 100-14477

ADMINISTRATIVE:

RE SAN DIEGO TELETYPE TO BUREAU DATED 2-14-73, AND CAPTIONED AS ABOVE, AND BUREAU AIRTEL TO ALBANY DATED 1-11-73, CAPTIONED VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR. IS-4-.

LOS ANGELES AND SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE ARE REQUESTED TO CONTACT ANY SOURCES IN ATTENDANCE AT VVAW REGIONAL CONFERENCE IN SANTA BARBARA FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING ABOVE-DESCRIBED MATTER AND FURNISH BUREAU WITH AVAILABLE PERTINENT DETAILS, KEEPING IN MIND BUREAU RULES REGARDING RECORDING OF SUCH INFORMATION ON FD-302.

FOR THE INFORMATION OF LOS ANGELES, [REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE REFERRED TO ABOVE IS [REDACTED]

b2
b7D

END

LNG FBI HQ CLR TU AR

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

TELETYPE

Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Baker	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Cleveland	_____
Mr. Connelley	_____
Mr. Gebhardt	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Mr. Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holmes	_____
Mr. Gandy	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

xxxx b7c
[REDACTED]

NR001 TP CODE

4-20 PM URGENT 2/20/73 BLW

TO ACTING DIRECTOR (100-448092)

ATTENTION: DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

JACKSONVILLE

KANSAS CITY

ST. LOUIS

FROM TAMPA (100-2514) 3P

THIS DOCUMENT IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/14/95 BY SP6 BJA/MLP

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW). IS - RA.

ON 2/20/73, [REDACTED] ADVISED THAT [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] SOURCE STATED THAT

THE PURPOSE OF [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] SOURCE BELIEVES

THE PURPOSE OF [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

END PAGE ONE

100-448092-
b2 2646
b7D

23 FEB 22 1973

5-4

57 MAR 1 1973 b7c

[REDACTED] 2/22/73/A

PAGE TWO

TP 100-2514

[REDACTED]

BUREAU AUTHORITY IS REQUESTED FOR [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

IT IS NOTED THAT [REDACTED]

BUREAU AUTHORITY IS REQUESTED TO [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

SOURCE NOTED THAT [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

AND INFORMATION FURNISHED TO ALL INTERESTED OFFICES.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

END PAGE TWO

[REDACTED]

8-21-23
b7D

PAGE THREE
TP 100-25 14

[REDACTED]

b7D

BUREAU REQUESTED TO AUTHORIZE [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

END

MBT FBIHQ CLR

FBI

Date: 2/14/73

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL
(Priority)

*ESM
RCW*

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092)
(ATTN: DID)

FROM: SAC, TAMPA (100-2514) (P)

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
IS - RA

[REDACTED] b7c

ReTPtel to Bureau, 2/12/73, entitled
[REDACTED] ET AL, ARL - Conspiracy, EID; VVAW; IS-RA."

b7D

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies
and for the other offices two copies each of an LHM
dated and captioned as above.

The confidential source furnishing information
in LHM is [REDACTED]

b2

b7D

It is noted that information in LHM [REDACTED]

Therefore, any information disseminated should be handled
in a most discreet manner and source should be completely
protected to prevent identification.

- ② - Bureau (100-448092) (Enc. 5) ENCLOSURE
 - 2 - Chicago (Enc. 2) REC 43
 - 2 - New York (100-160644) (Enc. 2)
 - 2 - Philadelphia (100-54000) (Enc. 2)
 - 2 - WFO (100-47162) (Enc. 2)
 - 2 - Jacksonville (100-1745) (Enc. 2) EX-103
 - 2 - Tampa
- TVH:smf
(14)

100-448092-2647

FEB 19 1973

b7D

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/14/95 BY [Signature]

SS, ISD (2), Anteroin
2/22/73
R/S
RLP/whz

REC 43
Act. Secf.

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

TP 100-2514

[REDACTED]

For the information of the Bureau, [REDACTED]
who is known to the Bureau, [REDACTED]

However, no information was furnished by [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

1
b2
b7E

No local dissemination is being made of LHM, since
local authorities have no interest [REDACTED]

Tampa is continuing to follow activities of VVAW.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Jacksonville, Florida
February 14, 1973

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR

The Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW) is a national veterans organization with a national office located at 25 West 26th Street, New York City. Its first published objective is "to demand an immediate cessation of fighting and a withdrawal of all American troops from Indochina."

On February 12, 1973, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished the following:

[REDACTED]

1
b7C
b7D

[REDACTED]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

3/14/95 SP6/BJM/UA

100-448092-2647

ENCLOSURE

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

(b)(1)

(b)(7)(A)

(d)(5)

(b)(2)

(b)(7)(B)

(j)(2)

(b)(3)

(b)(7)(C)

(k)(1)

(b)(7)(D)

(k)(2)

(b)(7)(E)

(k)(3)

(b)(7)(F)

(k)(4)

(b)(4)

(b)(8)

(k)(5)

(b)(5)

(b)(9)

(k)(6)

(b)(6)

(k)(7)

Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

_____ Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of _____

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): _____

The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100-448092-2647 enclosure page 2

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR

[REDACTED] advised that national VVAW headquarters had recently been moved from New York City to Chicago, Illinois, since Chicago was more centrally located to the rest of the United States.

b7E
b7C

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 16 1973

TELETYPE

- Mr. Felt _____
- Mr. Baker _____
- Mr. Callahan _____
- Mr. Cleveland _____
- Mr. Conrad _____
- Mr. DeLoach _____
- Mr. Jenkins _____
- Mr. Marshall _____
- Mr. Mohr _____
- Mr. Parsons _____
- Mr. Rosen _____
- Mr. Sullivan _____
- Mr. Tavel _____
- Mr. Trotter _____
- Mr. Tele. Room _____
- Mr. Holmes _____
- Mr. Gandy _____
- Mr. Neenan _____

FTB016 9:50AM 2-16-73 RSP

STATE 327

2:45 PM URGENT 2-16-73 MEG

TO ACTING DIRECTOR (100-448092)(100-459771) NR 051-16
FROM LEGAT ROME (100-1871) 1P

~~Confidential~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

2/14/95
CLASSIFIED BY: 8665/MLK
DECLASSIFY ON: OADR

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW), IS - RA. PEOPLE
COALITION FOR PEACE AND JUSTICE (PCPJ), IS - REV ACT.

REROMTEL FEBRUARY NINE LAST CAPTIONED "PEOPLE COALITION
FOR PEACE AND JUSTICE (PCPJ)."

[REDACTED]

END

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING

(9) [S]

ST-104 REC-49 100-448092-2648

CLASS. & EXT. BY: 108-8 850/120
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW: 2/16/93

20 FEB 21 1973

XEROX
FEB 23 1973

0824034

5-A
6855 DML/KF

51 FEB 28 1973

Rm. 1008 9&D

~~Confidential~~

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

b7c
[REDACTED]

b1

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN

b7c

X

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. DeLoach	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Bishop	
Mr. Casper	
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. Felt	
Mr. Gale	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

JTB

NROO1 TP CODE
 10-44 AM URGENT 2/14/73 BLW
 TO ACTING DIRECTOR (100-448092) (176-2255)
 NEW YORK (100-160644)
 WFO (100-47162) (100-55328)
 FROM TAMPA (100-2514)(P) 3P

Green
 [REDACTED]
 [REDACTED]
 [REDACTED]
 [REDACTED]

SCOTT CAMIL, ET AL, ARL - CONSPIRACY, EID.
 VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW), IS - RA.

RE TP TEL, 2/12/73. *100-448092-*
 ON 2/14/73, RECONTACT WAS MADE WITH [REDACTED]

b2
b7D
b7C

AND SOURCE ADVISED AFTER REVIEW FOLLOWING CHANGES SHOULD
 BE MADE IN INFORMATION PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]
 [REDACTED]
 [REDACTED]

NOT RECORDED
 30 FEB 28 1973
 28 FEB 21 1973

END PAGE 1

LD
246
 54 FEB 27 1973

ALL INFORMATION
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 3/14/95 BY 86311/A

ORIGINAL FILED IN

PAGE 3

TF 100-2514

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

LHM [REDACTED] BEING SUBMITTED.

END

JXS FBIHQ CLR

b7D

CODE

CABLEGRAM

URGENT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~SECRET~~

2/22/73

TO LEGAT TOKYO (105-6161)

CONFIDENTIAL

FROM ACTING DIRECTOR FBI (100-448092)

1 - Mr. R. L. Shackelford

1 - Mr. R. L. Pence

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW), IS - REVACT

REBUCAB FEBRUARY TWO ONE, LAST; TOKCAB FEBRUARY TWO TWO, INSTANT.

[REDACTED]

3/24/91
Classified by SP6 BJA/LLK
Declassify on: OADR

b1

47

b1

118-228-2-2649

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (Route Through for Review)

1 - [REDACTED]

- Felt
- Baker
- Callahan
- Cleveland
- Conrad
- DeLoach
- Malone
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Rm.
- Holmes
- Gandy

RLP:mjg/ems
(7)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY 3108

~~SECRET~~

57 MAR 1 1973

DECLASSIFICATION

CONFIDENTIAL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

ST 11679
REC-23
100-448092-2649
NOTE: [unclear]
CWT

FEB 28 1973

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

(b)(1)

(b)(7)(A)

(d)(5)

(b)(2)

(b)(7)(B)

(j)(2)

(b)(3)

(b)(7)(C)

(k)(1)

(b)(7)(D)

(k)(2)

(b)(7)(E)

(k)(3)

(b)(7)(F)

(k)(4)

(b)(4)

(b)(8)

(k)(5)

(b)(5)

(b)(9)

(k)(6)

(b)(6)

(k)(7)

Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of _____

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): _____

The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100-448092-2649 page 2

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 12 1973

TELETYPE

Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Baker	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Cleveland	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Gebhardt	_____
Mr. Jenkins	_____
Mr. Marshall	_____
Mr. Miller	_____
Mr. Purvis	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Kinley	_____
Mr. Armstrong	_____
Mr. Bowers	_____
Mr. Henington	_____
Ms. Herwig	_____
Mr. Miner	_____
Ms. Neenan	_____

NR006 SA CODE

7:23PM NITEL 2/12/73 RMP

TO ACTING DIRECTOR (100-448092)

MIAMI

WASHINGTON FIELD (100-47162)

FROM SAN ANTONIO (100-12620 SUB 1)(P)

[REDACTED] b7c

[REDACTED]

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW), IS - RA. OO: CHICAGO.

RE WASHINGTON FIELD NITEL TO SAN ANTONIO , 2/9/73.

SAN ANTONIO INDICES NEGATIVE CONCERNING [REDACTED] b7c

[REDACTED] SAN ANTONIO FILES REVEAL NAME OF ONE [REDACTED] b7c

[REDACTED] TELEPHONE [REDACTED]

WAS CONTAINED ON LIST OF NAMES RECEIVED FROM TEXAS VVAV,
RECEIVED FROM NATIONAL VVAV ON A MACHINE PRINTOUT. THIS LIST
OF NAMES WAS RETURNED AS BAD ADDRESSES.

END PAGE ONE

REC 44

ST-113

100-448092-2650 b7c

*Records processed
100 files*

[REDACTED]

FEB 21 1973

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 3/14/95 BY SP6 BFW/WR

70 FEB 27 1973

XEROX

FEB 23 1973

5-Rf

Unrecorded Copy Filed In

PAGE TWO

SA 100-12620 SUB 1)

BY NITEL, 6/30/72, IN CASE CAPTIONED [REDACTED] SM-
VVAW (EXTREMIST) (KEY ACTIVIST), MIAMI FILE 100-16232, MIAMI
ADVISED ONE [REDACTED] MALE, BORN [REDACTED]
RESIDENCE [REDACTED] TELEPHONE [REDACTED]
TEXAS DRIVERS LICENSE [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

FOR INFORMATION OF MIAMI, WASHINGTON FIELD HAS CONTACTED
ONE [REDACTED] REGARDING VVAW ACTIVITIES IN WASHINGTON, D. C.,
AREA. [REDACTED] ADVISED AGENTS [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

RECEIVING OFFICES WERE REQUESTED TO CHECK INDICES AND
PROVIDE WASHINGTON FIELD WITH ANY BACKGROUND INFORMATION ON
[REDACTED]

MIAMI PROVIDE WASHINGTON FIELD NECESSARY BACKGROUND
INFORMATION.

CHICAGO, DALLAS, EL PASO, HOUSTON AND NEW YORK ADVISED
AIRMAIL.

END.

HOLD

b7c

FTB02 5:30AM 02-21-73 P M

STATE 647

3:40 PM URGENT 2/20/73 EC

TO ACTING DIRECTOR NR 052-20

FROM LEGAT PARIS (100-3189) 1P

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 21 1973

TELETYPE

Mr. Fell	_____
Mr. Baker	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Cleveland	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Gehardt	_____
Mr. Jenkins	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Marshall	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Miller, E.S.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Purvis	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Soyars	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Mr. Walters	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Kinley	_____
Mr. Armstrong	_____
Mr. Bowers	_____
Mr. Herington	_____
Ms. Herwig	_____
Mr. Mintz	_____
Mrs. Neenan	_____

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAV).

REPARCAB FEBRUARY TWENTY INSTANT CAPTIONED "INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE OF EXILES FOR AMNESTY", BUCAB FEBRUARY SEVENTEEN LAST CAPTIONED AS ABOVE, NEW YORK AIRTEL FEBRUARY SIX LAST CAPTIONED "SAFE RETURN COMMITTEE".

FOR INFORMATION OF BUREAU AND INTERESTED OFFICES, INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE OF EXILES FOR AMNESTY, WHICH WAS SCHEDULED TO BE HELD IN PARIS, FRANCE FROM FEBRUARY NINETEEN - FEBRUARY TWENTY ONE, NINETEEN SEVENTY THREE WAS BANNED BY FRENCH MINISTRY OF THE INTERIOR AS POSSIBLY PREJUDICIAL TO VIETNAMESE PEACE TALKS WHICH COMMENCE FEBRUARY TWENTY SIX NEXT IN PARIS. SOURCES HAVE ADVISED PARTICIPANTS ATTEMPTED TO HOLD PRESS CONFERENCE FOLLOWING GOVERNMENT DECISION BUT WERE NOT ALLOWED USE OF FACILITIES AT HOTEL MEURICE IN PARIS BY HOTEL MANAGEMENT.

PARIS FOLLOWING AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION WILL BE FURNISHED UPON RECEIPT.

ST-116

21 FEB 23 1973

END

LEGAT NR IS 052-20

END

55 MAR 1 1973

Mr. Boynton
Rm. 1008 S&S

LNG FBI JB ACK FOR TWO TELS CLR TU AR

NY, C9, IP, SL info

2/23/73

RS

RSP/WJZ

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10/18/95 BY SP8/MLK

b7c

b7c

b7c

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 21 1973

TELETYPE

- Mr. Felt _____
- Mr. Baker _____
- Mr. Callahan _____
- Mr. Cleveland _____
- Mr. Conrad _____
- Mr. Gabbard _____
- Mr. Jenkins _____
- Mr. Marshall _____
- Mr. Miller _____
- Mr. Purvis _____
- Mr. Soyars _____
- Mr. Walters _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Mr. Kinley _____
- Mr. Armstrong _____
- Mr. Bowers _____
- Mr. Herington _____
- Ms. Herwig _____
- Mr. Mintz _____
- Mrs. Neenan _____

FTB007 6:58AM 2-21-73 JT

STATE 653

11:45 AM URGENT 2-21-73 MEG

TO ACTING DIRECTOR (100-448092)(100-459771) NR 054-21
FROM LEGAT ROME (100-1871) 1P

~~Confidential~~

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW), IS - RA. PEOPLE
COALITION FOR PEACE AND JUSTICE (PCPJ), IS - REV. ACT.

b7c
[Redacted]
[Redacted]

3/14/95
CLASSIFIED BY: [Redacted]
DECLASSIFY ON: OADR

REMYTEL FEBRUARY SIXTEEN LAST.

[Large Redacted Block]

b1

END

JXS JB CLR

REC-10

100-448092-2652

103

5 FEB 22 1973

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

Classification
12/15/77 LA

6855 DML/df

32cc Mr. Boynton
Rm. 1008 S&D

CLASS. & EXT. BY SP-8 [Redacted] 12.4.23
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 2/21/93
OH 34034

~~Confidential~~

SECRET

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

~~X~~

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/16/73

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-175233) (C)

JFA
WFO

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]
SN-VVAW

b7c

There are enclosed herewith for the Bureau six (6) copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above.

Subject is not being recommended for the ADEX.

Subject was interviewed and the results are set forth in the enclosed LHM. He admitted his own VVAW membership and furnished general information but would not furnish names of others active in the VVAW.

Based on the subject's attitude and reaction during the interview, it is concluded that subject has no informant potential at this time.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

3/4/95
CLASSIFIED BY SP6/BJ/LWR
DECLASSIFY ON: OADR

REC-87

100-448092 - 2653

2cc of LHM destroyed
1cc of LHM destroyed
2cc of LHM to RAG
1cc of LHM to SS
CF/ME
3-8-73

14 FEB 23 1973

2-Bureau (Encls. 6) (RM)
1-New York

Rev. Act Sect.

FJS:mcp
(3)



5010-106

MAR 8 1973

~~X~~

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

Where Located

[REDACTED] (c)
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] (c)
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b1
b2
b7D

NY 100-175233

The following sources were contacted with
negative results:

 (c)

b1

b2
b7D

X

NON-SYMBOL INFORMANT PAGE

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

Contacting Agent

[REDACTED]
Local Board 6,
Valley Stream,
New York

SA [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]
Security Office,
Nassau County
Community College,
Garden City,
New York

SA [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]
Civil Disobedience
Unit, Philadelphia
Police Department
(Concealed by Request)

b7C
b7D

X



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
February 16, 1972

Re: [REDACTED] b7C
[REDACTED]
Security Matter-
Vietnam Veterans
Against The War
[REDACTED]

Background

On September 18, 1972, the first confidential source advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] was born on [REDACTED] b7C
[REDACTED] His parents are [REDACTED]
and [REDACTED] He graduated from [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] served in the United States Army from [REDACTED] 107
[REDACTED] to [REDACTED] when he was honorably discharged. He received the following decoration while in the United States Army:

[REDACTED]

Confidential Source 1 advised that the subject [REDACTED] b7C

The source described the subject as follows:

Sex
Race
Hair
Eyes

[REDACTED]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 2/14/95 BY SP6BJM/AV

100-448092-2653

ENCLOSURE

Height
Weight
Social Security
Number
Selective Service
Number
Army Serial Number



b7C

On December 13, 1972, a Second Confidential Source advised that [redacted] born [redacted], who resides at [redacted] was at that time [redacted]. His Social Security Number is [redacted] telephone number [redacted].

[redacted] Commanding Officer, Identification Bureau, Nassau County Police Department, Mineola, New York, furnished the following arrest record for [redacted].

b7C

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

(b)(1)

(b)(7)(A)

(d)(5)

(b)(2)

(b)(7)(B)

(j)(2)

(b)(3)

(b)(7)(C)

(k)(1)

(b)(7)(D)

(k)(2)

(b)(7)(E)

(k)(3)

(b)(7)(F)

(k)(4)

(b)(4)

(b)(8)

(k)(5)

(b)(5)

(b)(9)

(k)(6)

(b)(6)

(k)(7)

Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

_____ Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of _____

Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): THIRD PARTY IDENTIFICATION RECORD

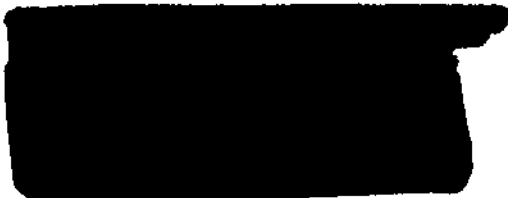
The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
100-448092-2653 enclosure page 3

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

Vietnam Veterans Against The War Activity (VVAW)

On December 29, 1971, a Third Confidential Source furnished a list of officials of the VVAW effective as of December, 1971:



b7C

On December 14, 1971, a Fourth Confidential Source advised that the Northeast Region of the VVAW would sponsor a number of demonstrations. Included was a demonstration to be held in the Philadelphia, Pennsylvania area, on December 27, 1971.

A Fifth Confidential Source on December 27, 1971, advised that on that date, approximately 25 individuals occupied the Betsy Ross House, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Doors were locked and an individual removed the 13 star United States Flag from the outside pole and placed it upside down on the pole. Four Philadelphia Police Officers broke the lock on the door and entered the house. All 25 individuals were arrested and transported to Police Headquarters without incident. The only damage to the house, was a broken lock on the front door. The flag was restored to his original position.

Among those who were arrested was:

Name
Race
Sex
Date of Birth
Height



b7C

Weight
Hair
Eyes
Build
Social Security
Number
Marital Status
United States
Army

Residence



b7C

Confidential Source 5 advised on March 15, 1972, that the group of 25 individuals arrested at the Betsy Ross House on December 27, 1971 had a hearing before Judge Richard Klein, in a City Hall Court Room, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on March 13, 1972. Five individuals pleaded no defense to the charges of Disorderly Conduct stemming from the take over of the Betsy Ross House and were each fined \$10.00 plus \$2.50 court cost. Charges were dropped against the remaining 20 individuals, including [REDACTED]

On November 3, 1972, a Sixth Confidential Source advised that [REDACTED] telephone number [REDACTED] was listed on August 12, 1972, as [REDACTED] of the VVAW.

b7C

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 2/1/73

1

[REDACTED] advised that

He stated that there is no meeting place in Nassau County, New York. He stated that the VVAW in Nassau County, New York, is no longer a functioning organization and that he is no longer an active member of that group.

[REDACTED] explained that the mailing list of the Nassau County VVAW had consisted of approximately 350 names of persons who were not necessarily members of the VVAW. He stated that except when a demonstration was being planned for the immediate future only five or ten people would appear for a meeting. He stated that even these five or ten people were not particularly helpful with the duties necessary to keep an organization functioning.

[REDACTED] said that the VVAW held no regular meetings and there was no real organization involved. He said that any person willing to work could be the County Coordinator by virtue of the fact that he would perform the necessary duties.

[REDACTED] stated that the official position of the VVAW is non-violence and the main goal was peace in Indo-China. He stated that he is a non-violent person and said "He would never touch a gun again".

Interviewed on 2/1/73 at [REDACTED] File # NY 100-175233
 by SAs [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] Date dictated 2/1/73
[REDACTED] FJS/mcp

NY 100-175233

2

[REDACTED] stated that as was any large group of people, the VVAW had members, some who were conservative and some who favored stronger action. Some VVAW members also were affiliated with other groups which favored more forcible action than advocated by VVAW.

[REDACTED] declined to furnish any specific names of other individuals.

[REDACTED] said he is a United States Army veteran who served in Vietnam. [REDACTED]

From observation [REDACTED] was described as follows:

Race
Sex
Height
Weight
Hair
Eyes
Characteristics

[REDACTED]

|
b7C
|

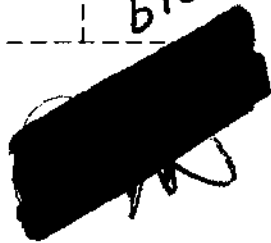
FBI

Date: FEBRUARY 14, 1973

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL - REGISTERED _____
(Priority)

b7c



TO: Acting Director, FBI (100-448092)
FROM: *AB* Legat, Rome (100-1871) (P)
SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
IS - RA

ReRomairtel to Bureau 2/5/73, and Rome airtel to Bureau 2/2/73.



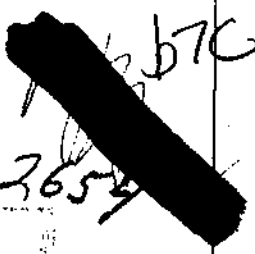
referred

Legat following and will advise.

ST-104

REC-27

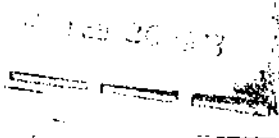
100-448092-2654



10

- 3 - Bureau
(1 - Foreign Liaison Section)
- 1 - Rome
- TJB:MEG
(4)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/11/95 BY SP6 BJA/VA



Rev. Act. Sect.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____

Special Agent in Charge

Handwritten initials and marks

FBI

Date: 2/12/73

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-160644)

SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST
THE WAR (VVAW)
IS-RA
(OO: CG)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/14/95 BY SP4 BZG/MLP

Sloen b7c
[Redacted]

ReWFOntel to Bureau, Chicago, Dallas, El Paso,
Houston, NY and San Antonio, dated 2/9/73.

mul
[Redacted]

Indices check of NYO disclosed following information:

On 7/24/72, [Redacted] who has furnished reliable
information in the past, advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

During October, 1972, [Redacted] who has furnished
reliable information in the past, advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

REC-36

FEB 23 1973

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 1 - Chicago (100-50772) (RM)
- 2 - Washington Field (100-47162) (RM)
- 1 - New York

100-448092-2655

*Records place in
100 file re [Redacted]*

JFM:lv
(7)

FEB 14 1973

Reg. Act. Sect.

FEB 28 1973

Approved: *[Signature]*
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

b2
b7c
b7D
100-475509-
b7c
b7c
Unrecorded Copy Filed In

100-160644

The files of the NYO were found to contain no further background information on [REDACTED]

b7C

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 16 1973

TELETYPE

Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Baker	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Cleveland	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Gebhardt	_____
Mr. Jenkins	_____
Mr. Marshall	_____
Mr. Miller, E.S.	_____
Mr. Purvis	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Kinley	_____
Mr. Armstrong	_____
Mr. Bowers	_____
Mr. Herington	_____
Ms. Herwig	_____
Mr. Mintz	_____
Mrs. Neenan	_____

NR010 DL PLAIN
 6-57 PM NITEL 2-16-73 SLH
 TO ACTING DIRECTOR (100-448092)
 WFO (100-47162)
 FROM DALLAS (100-12222) (P) (3P)

[REDACTED] b7c
 [REDACTED]

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW), IS - RA. OO: CHICAGO

RE WFO NITEL TO BUREAU 2-9-73.

A REVIEW OF DALLAS FILES REVEALS THE FOLLOWING INFO RE [REDACTED] b7c

ON 9-8-72 [REDACTED] WHO HAS PROVIDED RELIABLE INFO IN THE PAST ADVISED THE 8-24-72 ISSUE OF "THE DAILY WORLD" CONTAINED AN ARTICLE ENTITLED, "VIETNAM VETERANS UNDER FIRE", [REDACTED] b2 b7D b7C

SOURCE EXPLAINED THAT [REDACTED] WAS EXTREMELY PARANOID OF HIS JEWISH RELIGION WHILE ATTENDING HIGH SCHOOL IN FORT WORTH, TEXAS, AND WAS ALWAYS ATTEMPTING TO ERASE THIS SELF-IMPOSED STIGMA BY SHOWING PEOPLE HE WAS A GOOD CITIZEN. AFTER HIGH SCHOOL [REDACTED] JOINED THE MARINE CORPS. WHEN DISCHARGED HE WENT TO AUSTIN, TEXAS, WHERE
 END PAGE ONE.

REC 44 100-448092-2656

ST-116

Records place re [REDACTED]

XEROX FEB 23 1973

55 MAR 1 1973

COPIES CONTAINED [REDACTED] BY [REDACTED]

b7c
878

PAGE TWO

DL 100-12222

HE BECAME A VVAW MEMBER, MUCH TO SOURCE'S SURPRISE CONSIDERING HIS PREVIOUS ASSESSMENT OF [REDACTED] MOTIVES. b7c

PRIOR TO THE VVAW MARCH FROM FORT WORTH TO DALLAS, TEXAS, 9/4-6/71, [REDACTED]

ON 2-13-73 [REDACTED] PATROLMAN AND LIAISON OFFICER TO THE FORT WORTH PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM, FORT WORTH, ADVISED THAT [REDACTED] WAS BORN [REDACTED] AND GRADUATED FROM [REDACTED] IN 1963. HIS FATHER IS [REDACTED] OF [REDACTED] WITH [REDACTED] BEING [REDACTED] AND HIS MOTHER [REDACTED] OF [REDACTED] ADVISED [REDACTED] b7c

END PAGE TWO.

PAGE THREE

DL 100-12222

A REVIEW OF CRIMINAL AND INTELLIGENCE RECORDS AT THE FORT WORTH PD AND TARRANT COUNTY SO FAILED TO REFLECT [REDACTED] NAME.

ON 2-14-73 [REDACTED], RADIO COMMUNICATIONS, TARRANT COUNTY SO, ADVISED [REDACTED] MALE, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED], WAS ISSUED TEXAS DRIVER'S LICENSE NO. [REDACTED] HE IS DESCRIBED AS [REDACTED] LBS., [REDACTED] HAIR, [REDACTED] EYES, ADDRESS [REDACTED] b7c

[REDACTED] ADVISED THEIR RECORDS REFLECT [REDACTED]

AIR MAIL COPIES FURNISHED CHICAGO, EL PASO, HOUSTON, NEW YORK AND SAN ANTONIO.

END.

FTB004 3:35AM 2-23-73 TJT

STATE 852

3:30PM URGENT 2/23/73 RAR

TO ACTING DIRECTOR (100-448092) NR 040-22

FROM LEGAT TOKYO (100-1005) 2P

~~SECRET~~

Classified by 8662/BJW
Declassify on: OADR

REC 107

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11/19/01 BY 60322 UCBAW/btc

Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Baker	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Cleveland	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Gebhardt	_____
Mr. Jenkins	_____
Mr. Marshall	_____
Mr. Miller, E.S.	_____
Mr. Purvis	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Kinley	_____
Mr. Armstrong	_____
Mr. Ewers	_____
Mr. Herington	_____
Ms. Herwig	_____
Mr. Mintz	_____
Mrs. Neenan	_____

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW), IS-REVACT

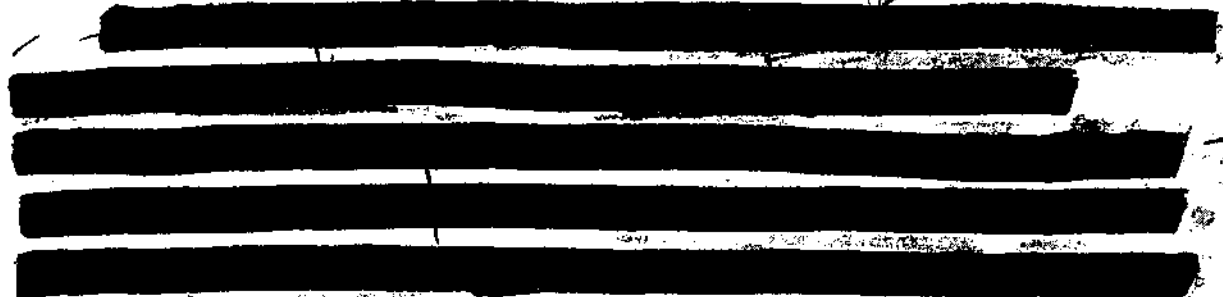


RE TOKYO AND BUREAU CABLES FEBRUARY TWENTY TWO, LAST.



b1

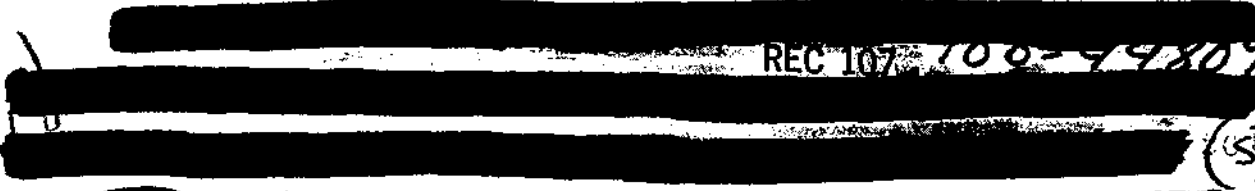
(S)



b1

W5

(S)



REC 107 100-448092-2657

(S)



b1

END PAGE ONE

58 MAR 2 1973

~~SECRET~~

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP-5 RTO/AR

2-8-80

2-23-93

XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

(b)(1)

(b)(7)(A)

(d)(5)

(b)(2)

(b)(7)(B)

(j)(2)

(b)(3)

(b)(7)(C)

(k)(1)

(b)(7)(D)

(k)(2)

(b)(7)(E)

(k)(3)

(b)(7)(F)

(k)(4)

(b)(4)

(b)(8)

(k)(5)

(b)(5)

(b)(9)

(k)(6)

(b)(6)

(k)(7)

Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

_____ Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of _____

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): _____

The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:

100-448092-2657 page 2

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : *Wink* ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/21/73

FROM : SAC, DETROIT (100-31319)(C)

SUBJECT:

SM - VVAW

VICTIMS

VETERANS PROGRAM

10-11-72

*b7C
b7D*

On 10/3/72, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that on 9/21/72, [REDACTED] attended a meeting of the Detroit VVAW [REDACTED]

On 12/19/72, a second source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that [REDACTED] is described as follows:

Name
Date of birth
Place of birth
Residence
Social Security #
Education

Employment

[REDACTED]

*b7C
Wink
10/21*

Criminal checks at Detroit and Cass City, Michigan, negative.

On 2/15/73, the first source advised that [REDACTED] has attended no subsequent meetings of the VVAW and is not known to be active in subversive activities at Detroit.

b7C

In view of subject's position [REDACTED], it is not felt that an interview at this time would be productive or desirable. In view of subject's lack of subversive activity, no further investigation in this matter is deemed warranted.

② - Bureau (RM)
1 - Detroit
WTJ/ah
(3)

100-448092 - 2658

REC-67

EX-109



3-14-95

spbk/llp

7/2

Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Baker	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Cleveland	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Gebhardt	_____
Mr. Jenkins	_____
Mr. Marshall	_____
Mr. Miller	_____
Mr. Purvis	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Kinley	_____
Mr. Armstrong	_____
Mr. Bowers	_____
Mr. Herington	_____
Ms. Herwig	_____
Mr. Mintz	_____
Mrs. Neenan	_____

NR015 WF CODED

649 PM NITEL 2-9-73 WWC

TO ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092) AND
 SACS, CHICAGO
 DALLAS
 EL PASO
 HOUSTON
 NEW YORK
 SAN ANTONIO

FROM SAC, WFO (100-47162) (P)

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW), IS - RA, OO:CHICAGO.

[REDACTED] WAS CONTACTED BY WFO
 REGARDING VVAW ACTIVITIES IN WASHINGTON,
 D.C. (WDC) AREA.

REC 43

100-448092-2650
 EX-103
 21 FEB 21 1973

[REDACTED]

RECEIVING OFFICES ARE REQUESTED TO CHECK INDICES AND
 PROVIDE WFO WITH ANY BACKGROUND INFORMATION STRESSING DATE
 OF BIRTH, SSN, ETC., IN ORDER FOR WFO TO EVALUATE [REDACTED]

59 FEB 21 1973
 FOR 1

Revised plan ce in
 profile re [REDACTED]

H BXXXX FBI WASHDC

XEROX
 FEB 23 1973

b7c

b7c

b7c

AP

Handwritten scribble

2/14/73
 [REDACTED]

Handwritten initials

Handwritten signature

100-448092-2650
 475500

14 FEB 23 1973

b7c

Airtel 1 - Mr. [redacted] (FS)
1 - Mr. [redacted]
1 - Mr. [redacted]

To: SAC, Chicago (100-50772)
From: Acting Director, FBI (100-448092) - 2660

COPIES/29773

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
IS - RA

DECLASSIFIED BY 2660/UR
ON 1/94/95

CLASS. & EXT. REASON - FCIM II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 11/29/92
Comp # 50704

ReCGairtel dated 1/22/73 dual captioned as above and "Espionage Miscellaneous" with letterhead memorandum (LHM) captioned "Vietnam Veterans Against the War National Steering Committee Meeting, 1/4-5/73, Chicago, Illinois." (S)u

Dissemination of referenced LHM being held in abeyance. Referenced airtel indicated that LHM was being classified "Secret" because of the nature of the meeting, limited attendance and also to protect identity of source who furnished sole coverage. Chicago justification further stated "unauthorized disclosure of the information in the LHM could adversely affect the national security." (S)u

As Chicago should be aware, justification given for classification of "Secret" does not sustain such a classification. In order to be classified "Secret" disclosure of information must reasonably be expected to result in "serious damage" to the national security. By return airtel, Chicago advise whether LHM should be classified "Secret" and furnish full justification to Bureau and other recipients in order that justification statement in airtel can be amended. Handle promptly.

Chicago, score error of form to personnel responsible for insufficient justification for classifying document "Secret."

- 1 - Albany (100-22519)
- 1 - Albuquerque (100-3808)
- 1 - Atlanta (100-16340)
- 1 - Birmingham (100-6041)
- 1 - Boston (100-42739)
- 1 - New York (100-160642)
- 1 - Buffalo (100-21623)
- 1 - Butte (100-9147)
- 1 - Charlotte (100-11256)
- 1 - Cincinnati (100-19743)
- 1 - Denver (100-10467)
- 1 - Detroit (100-39271)
- 1 - Jacksonville (100-1745)
- 1 - Kansas City (100-14836)
- 1 - Little Rock (100-4158)
- 1 - Los Angeles (100-7770)
- 1 - Memphis ()
- 1 - Milwaukee (100-15674)
- 1 - Minneapolis
- 1 - Newark (100-53565)
- 1 - New Haven (100-21058)
- 1 - New Orleans (100-1904)
- 1 - Philadelphia (100-52)
- 1 - Pittsburgh (100-1711)
- 1 - Portland (100-12313)
- 1 - St. Louis (100-21607)
- 1 - San Francisco
- 1 - San Antonio (100-12)
- 1 - Seattle (100-31285)
- 1 - WFO (100-47162)

MAILED 2
JAN 26 1973
FBI

XEROX
FEB 27 1973 SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

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COPY OF ENCL FILED IN

62-112738-

Airtel to Chicago
Re: Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW)
100-448092

NOTE:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Chicago has submitted LHM classified "Secret" with insufficient justification in cover communication to warrant such classification. Dissemination of the LHM will be held in abeyance pending advise from Chicago as to whether, in fact, should be classified "Secret."

FBI

Date: 1-22-73

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Transmit the following in _____

Via AIRTEL DECLASSIFIED BY SP-5 RJL/ML ON 10/11/85 (Priority)

ESM/RD
A-28-79
RJL/ML

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, CHICAGO

SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST

THE WAR (VVAW)
IS - RA
(Bufile 100-448092)
(CG file 100-50772)

ESPIONAGE - MISCELLANEOUS
(Bufile 65-NEW)
(CG file 65-NEW)

CLASSIFIED AND EXTENDED BY SP-5 RJL/ML DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION 1-22-93

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S)

Re Chicago teletype to the Bureau, San Francisco, and WFO with dual caption of "VVAW" and "PROTESTS DURING PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, 1973, IS - RA, 1/9/73"; and Bureau airtel to all offices 1/11/73, captioned, "VVAW" regarding VVAW attempts to solicit classified defense information that could possibly result in engaging in espionage activities.

ST-104

REC 43

100-448092-266

6 - Bureau (Enc. 12) (RM)
(2 - 100-) (PROTESTS DURING PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, 1973)

- 1 - Albany (100-22519) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Albuquerque (100-3808) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Atlanta (100-16340) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Birmingham (100-6041) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Boston (100-42739) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-160644) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Buffalo (100-21623) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 3 - Butte (Enc. 3) (RM)
(1 - 100-9147) (Info)
(2 - 100-)
- 1 - Charlotte (100-11256) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Cincinnati (100-19743) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Denver (100-10467) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)

b7c
2-23
25 JAN 25 1973

(Copies cont. 1i)

Approved: M/JA

Special Agent in Charge

QA, DA, SS, IS, OS, DU, sent to
2/7/75
r/s
RLE/w, 4

CLASS. & EXT. BY FCIM 11
DATE OF REVIEW or
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION

1/14/80
EST 704
FORM 100-100-100

CONFIDENTIAL

airtel to Chicago 1/29/73 RLP/ML

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

ORIGINAL AND COPY OF ENCL. FILED IN

62-109119-

CG 100-50772
CG 65-NEW

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

- 1 - Detroit (100-39271) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Jacksonville (100-1745) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Kansas City (100-14836) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Little Rock (100-4158) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Los Angeles (100-77703) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Memphis (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Milwaukee (100-15674) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Minneapolis (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Newark (100-53565) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - New Haven (100-21058) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - New Orleans (100-19044) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 3 - Philadelphia (Enc. 3) (RM)
 - (1 - 100-52640) (Info)
 - (2 - 65-NEW) [REDACTED] (u)
- 1 - Pittsburgh (100-17114) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Portland (100-12313) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - St. Louis (100-21603) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - San Francisco (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - San Antonio (100-12620) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - Seattle (100-31285) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - WFO (100-47162) (Info) (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 5 - Chicago
 - (1 - 100-50772)
 - (2 - 65-NEW) [REDACTED] (u) (u) 7514 JCH - 2-12-81
 - (1 - 100-53295) (PROTESTS DURING PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURAL CEREMONIES, 1973)

b7C

b7C

(1 - [REDACTED]) (u)

b2
b7D

PRW:rmb
(45)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

12 100-50702
03 85-NEW

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Enclosed for the Bureau are 12 copies of an LHM captioned, "VVAW NATIONAL STEERING COMMITTEE MEETING, 1/4-8/73, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS." Copies of this airtel and LHM are being furnished to indicated offices for information purposes because VVAW Regional Coordinators are reportedly located in territories covered by these offices. Detailed information contained in informant reports will be furnished interested offices by BU-308.

The source utilized in the LHM is [redacted]. The LHM is classified secret because of the nature of the meeting; because of limited attendance and also to protect the identity of the source, who furnished sole coverage. Unauthorized disclosure of the information in the LHM could ~~adversely affect~~ *cause damage* the national security. (R)u

b2
b7D
b7C

Based on information contained in the LHM, Chicago is initiating an espionage investigation regarding [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] as a VVAW National leader, he will be operating out of Chicago. (S)(u) 75149CH-2-12-81

LEADS

DUTIE

AT MOUNTAIN HOME, IDAHO. Attempt to ascertain current membership of [redacted]

PHILADELPHIA

AT PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA. [It is suggested Philadelphia initiate an espionage investigation regarding [redacted]] (S)(u)

b7C
|

CHICAGO

AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. Will attempt to ascertain attendance of [redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

3/4/95 - [Signature]

CLASSIFIED AND
CONTROLLED BY

SP-5 RJA/KA 12-28-79

DATE OF
DECLASSIFICATION

2
22-93

SP1 gsk/mac/alm 11-14-80

Comp #
55904

(P)
[Signature]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

100-448092-2660

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

[Faint, mostly illegible typed text, possibly a memorandum or report. Some words like "service" and "end" are visible.]

(A) 4

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The following information is classified as CONFIDENTIAL because of its nature and the necessity of its being kept secret for the national defense. It is intended for the use of personnel of the Department of Defense and its agencies, and it is to be controlled in accordance with the provisions of the Department of Defense Manual, Volume 5, Chapter 1, Section 1.4, and the Department of Defense Manual, Volume 5, Chapter 1, Section 1.5.

(S) 4

Information of this nature is to be controlled in accordance with the provisions of the Department of Defense Manual, Volume 5, Chapter 1, Section 1.4, and the Department of Defense Manual, Volume 5, Chapter 1, Section 1.5. It is to be controlled in accordance with the provisions of the Department of Defense Manual, Volume 5, Chapter 1, Section 1.4, and the Department of Defense Manual, Volume 5, Chapter 1, Section 1.5.

(S) 5

(S) 7

(S) 2

The information contained in this document is classified as CONFIDENTIAL because of its nature and the necessity of its being kept secret for the national defense. It is intended for the use of personnel of the Department of Defense and its agencies, and it is to be controlled in accordance with the provisions of the Department of Defense Manual, Volume 5, Chapter 1, Section 1.4, and the Department of Defense Manual, Volume 5, Chapter 1, Section 1.5.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

... of January 7, 1957

(S) u

]

(S) u

The ... the ...

These ... speakers ...

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On the ... these ...

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The ... will be led by a ...

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Washington D.C. 20007

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... medical
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Individuals
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... January 20, 1970.

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... situation will ... the central ...
... of the ... of Solidarity ...

WORKSHOP ON JANUARY 20th 1968, Chicago, Ill.

In October, the administration announced that ...
... political ... for the war ...
... the ... of ...
... the ... of ...
... the ... of ...

On January 20th ... of Richard Nixon ...
... the ... of American ...
... of U. S. ...

... a national ...
... and ...
... the ...

This action will represent the only demonstration ...
... the ...
... the ...

We further propose that this demonstration be opened ...
... the ...

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

VETERAN VETERANS UNION
CONFIDENTIAL

~~SECRET~~

CONFIDENTIAL

Discussion regarding the above indicated that there should be no special anti-VVAW activities planned for January 20, 1957, and that no parades or counter-parades were planned. It was indicated that every region would not be in line, with the anticipation being that 500 or more VVAW members would march in Washington, D.C., but that apparently only three VVAW regions had further identified, and definite plans to send representatives to Washington, D.C. (T) 4

It was indicated, however, that a Michigan delegation of the VVAW would be leaving Detroit for Washington within the next day or so to assist in VVAW plans for the January 20, 1957, activity. (T) 4

Also, it was stated that the VVAW definitely planned to vie with its opponents at the inauguration and if there is a possibility of violence by street gangs which could possibly be attributed to the VVAW, VVAW members were instructed to attempt to curtail any violent actions on the part of any other individuals or organizations. (T) 4

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

THE FIFTEENTH ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF THE CIVILIAN LEADERS

The following is a summary report regarding the 15th annual conference which was held in Washington, D.C. in 1964.

HISTORICAL NOTES ON CIVILIAN (NOT ACTIVE-DUTY) GI PROJECTS:

In general, civilian GI projects, mostly coffee houses, have died out over the past year. What follows is a brief analysis of some of the problems that helped reduce the number of these projects and projects. We did not include any active-duty GI projects, although they have been used to some extent in the past.

Handwritten notes in a box on the right side of the page, including the letters "S" and "T" and other illegible markings.

- 1. Missionary and indoctrination civilian organizers have been and should be eliminated. (AM)
- 2. Laying down strict guidelines tried to impose violence on GI's. (AM)
- 3. National organizations: civilians tried to organize around national issues without understanding the need to organize around local issues. (AM)
- 4. National projects were run by whites with little understanding of the struggles of minority peoples, especially blacks. (AM)
- 5. No money. (AM)
- 6. Lack of support from the local community, in some cases, resulting in open repression. (AM)
- 7. Apathy and fear of GI's. (AM)
- 8. Women and the question of sexism was handled poorly, which has led to very little female participation in projects, service-women and civilians. (AM)
- 9. Intolerance of GI's regarding possibility of mass action. (AM)
- 10. The goal of doing GI organizing. (AM)

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The two major goals of organizing active-duty service people are: 1) to get a general content. The two goals are not separate, they go together in forming a complete strategy. (24)

Point one is to get our members that is, to organize or reduce the number of our members engaged in aggression and homicide. (24)

Point two is to provide services or actions around service people that are needed, such as housing, relief, etc. (24)

The major concern of the workshop decided to focus on the specific needs of our members, GI's and then on what specific and general programs we can and/or take to achieve these goals. (24)

The primary contradiction in the military today is racism. The program of minority GI's provides the focus for current work within the GI movement. It is our opinion that this should be its work on racism has priority in regards to the GI movement. However, the work on racism must also be done in conjunction with specific service work for individual GI's, is military counseling, legal help, etc. We must not leave a part of the human element. (24)

WORKING WITH GI's

1. Means: how to deal with it
 - a) do not work on post night off
 - b) work in the community around post as veterans and wait for GI to approach you.
 - c) work at general problems level which has limited effectiveness
 - d) offer a service to the GI
 - e) must relate to GI as providing the leading ideas for struggle - must GI's to lead you
 - f) act as community support for any struggle

(24)

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

a) must require the organization work area and will befall GI's who expose military and educate them on what consequences of exposure are

b) you are there to serve the GI, not the other way around
c) know the UCMJ and what are the individuals rights under that act or laws and what resources there are to help

3) Drugs, Individualism

- a) use politicized ex-users
- b) use the use and possession of drug users to raise consciousness, and show the use faces users to hurt people to stop using
- c) expose programs or base
- d) work people in the states
- e) do not try to encourage them - they are not in a position to be organized - let them help themselves because you can't force treatment

(44)

4) Transience

- a) Navy and the Army are the most problematic in this area
- b) let down GI people because focus was on the individuals and not on the project
- c) command by best support the project
- d) collectiveness and not individual leaders have best success.
- e) know where other projects are so that transferred people can re-contact and continue resistance.
 - 1. papers
 - 2. coffee houses
 - 3. lawyers
 - 4. VVA Chapters

5) Distrust of Civilians

- a) relate to GI by being involved in what they are doing
 - 1. parties
 - 2. playing cards
 - 3. smoking dope
- b) don't place demands on them
- c) side- are in it for the money
- d) use of political comic books
- e) know when you can be trusted by working in the community and a base and publicizing your presence.
- f) support the defense of service people in political
- g) be there present at court-martial or war: legal and moral

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~
CONFIDENTIAL

c) Let his come to you for help - don't force you help or protection of his/her

VI) Scouring bases, starting out

- a) Find existing projects in continuity or on base
- b) personal contact with persons in base
- c) look for permanent party bases - non-transient population
- d) Find out the power structure of the base, ie post commander, IAG officers, etc
- e) work with people to discover what are the major struggles on the base, ie racism, poor housing, lifers, etc

VII Support of existing projects

This means support, not lead, ie films, books, materials, whatever they want.

VIII Where projects do not exist, for military installations

"Annex position amongst Reservist and National Guard
"Leafletting community explaining current struggles in the military, ie racism, Pat Coenococh

"Train military counselors to take care of Guards and Reservist.

"Establish legal and psychiatric contacts.

"Publish a GI survival kit to hand out to inductees at induction center (This kit should relate how, from the vets experiences, to survive basic and later years)

"Whereas we see that the military is the major tool of imperialism and genocide abroad, and a major tool for suppression and repression at home,

"Whereas the history of the military is smeared with episodes of suppression of organized working people,

"Whereas the Vietnam Veterans Against the War has paid lip service to the GI movement, especially in areas where there are no major military installations.

~~SECRET~~

NATIONAL FEDERATION AGAINST THE WAR

~~SECRET~~

CONFIDENTIAL

Whereas the War has cost the lives of the highest percentage of the country's youth, and as veterans of the military must use their experience as a major tool in combat in the military. (X) 4

We of the NF workshop say it is absolutely imperative that all chapters of the Institute programs to support the NF movement wherever the chapters are thereby accomplishing their goals: recruiting new members to NF, combat discharge, providing services to service people and veterans, and finally, unconditionally, unreservedly reduce the war's financial power of imperialism. (X) 4

~~SECRET~~

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The following is a report regarding the 3rd World workshop which was held in Manila in the NSC meeting at Laurel:

"Recommendation for adoption of national VVAW policy, by workshop on 3rd word and oppressed peoples.

"r.e. objective #7

"Where as VVAW has adopted as one of its primary national objectives an end to racism in all forms.

"And where as VVAW recognizes the existence of institutionalized racism in the American school system.

"VVAW supports use of two-way busing, including across district lines, as one tool, admittedly imperfect, for achieving racial and educational equality.

"r.e. objective #5

"Where as less than honorable discharges from active duty are given in a systematically discriminatory manner to racial minorities in substantially higher proportions than to whites,

"and such discharges permanently effect the economic and social capabilities of these third word veterans.

"VVAW proposes a national campaign on all levels to change all less than honorable discharges in compliance with VVAW national objective #5, which states that there be only one type of discharge without distinction, and that this policy be retroactive.

"GUIDELINES FOR CONTACT BETWEEN VVAW AND THIRD WORD OR OTHER SUPPRESSED GROUPS

"1) OUTREACH

"A) INDIVIDUAL CONTACT IS TO BE MADE BETWEEN LOCAL VVAW CHAPTERS AND OPPRESSED GROUPS ON A PERSON TO PERSON BASIS. The person making initial contact is responsible for maintaining contact with the group and for reporting on it at chapter meetings and to regional coordinators and or collectives. Person making initial contact should present to the group contacted the results of each of their chapters at national steering committee meetings.

~~SECRET~~~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)

~~SECRET~~

"1) Regional co-ordinator and/or collectives are to report on contacts and results in case of their chapters at national steering committee meetings during National Round Robin. (X) u

"2) The local chapter and the other group should exchange participation in political education sessions and/or exchange information in search of common goals and areas in which the two groups can work together. (ie. free breakfast programs, drug programs, joint support in each other's actions, exchange of speakers.) (X) u

"3) Be specific in your chapter's commitments to the other group, and live up to it. Establish trust through personal, physical commitment rather than offering blankets and trinkets. Offer yourself and time. (X) u

"4) Local chapters should clearly define the limits of their support to local groups - Do not overreach the resources of your chapter. No commitment is better than an unfilled commitment. (X) u

"5) VVAW should try to complement efforts of an existing third-world or oppressed group whenever possible rather than initiating parallel programs. (X) u

"6) Suggested areas for local chapter activities are: Sponsor 3rd world speakers on campus or do VVAW activities, participate in local community programs, and in VA and draft counseling, support prison programs, (reform movements and prison unions), actively seek coalition with third-world groups on campuses and/or in the community. (X) u

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XXXXXX
XXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

2 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

(b)(1)

(b)(7)(A)

(d)(5)

(b)(2)

(b)(7)(B)

(j)(2)

(b)(3)

(b)(7)(C)

(k)(1)

(b)(7)(D)

(k)(2)

(b)(7)(E)

(k)(3)

(b)(7)(F)

(k)(4)

(b)(4)

(b)(8)

(k)(5)

(b)(5)

(b)(9)

(k)(6)

(b)(6)

(k)(7)

Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

_____ Page(s) withheld inasmuch as a final release determination has not been made. You will be advised as to the disposition at a later date.

_____ Pages were not considered for release as they are duplicative of _____

_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): _____

The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages:
100-448092-2660 enclosure pages 15-16

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X for this page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

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XXXXXX
XXXXXX

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST
THE WAR (VVAV)

~~SECRET~~

January 7, 1973 Activity

CONFIDENTIAL

(S) 4

~~SECRET~~

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

... meeting ...

... the ...

(u)

... of ...

(u)

... prepared to ...

... of ...? If ... should be involved.

... of ... in ... caucus? ... What is your ...

(u)

... all a lot of ... followed by ...

(u)

... between the women ... projects and ...

(u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

... and
... our own
... of work

(S)4

... more in
... from
... at
... slow

(S)4

... for
... include

(S)4

... deal in
... the
... So, when
... the

(S)4

... the problems involved.
... gradually reduced, we
... dialogue we began
... the position of woman
... own - at all
... evolve out of
... grip with

(S)4

...
... itself
... will ourselves
... the power to live
...
... ourselves nothing
... G. Kemp.

]

(S)4

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fy

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10/10/01 BY 60322 UCBAW/STP

fy

~~SECRET~~

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

EX 4

EX 4

... regarding the ... available

... has been adopted by ... (Brown) ... within the

... direct operations ... liberation to the ... County Fair will ... as a ... and direction within ... of solidarity ... of local clubs ... when being ... interest groups.

EX 4

EX 4

... office: 3503 W. Pico ... Los Angeles, California ... and disseminating information ... administrative affairs, as ... clerical load at this time.

EX 4

... Operations provisional ... Ave ... Alabama ... of drafting an ... within the ... as a non-profit ... of money and equipment ... establishing a provisional ... the community, with a Board of ... Black professional community ... the community is prepared to ... and also create

EX 4

EX 4

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

...responsibility will be
...and general members

...doctors nurses, business

...and carpenters

...of County Fair, Calif and

...sent to VFW

...maintaining the

...local foundation
...funding.

...be established in
...the commitment of

...California region and

...will convey to Boes

...personnel should bear in

...community and

...within your own areas

...management.

...proper

...to Third World

...community

...education

...with Operation

...released a mailing

...dollars to care,

...for concerts.

...People Medical clinic

...to solicit

...organizational

...including local

...also being held with

(ep)

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(4) [

... explained to depts
... of the ...

... decisions of the ...
... Peoples

... programs
... benefits
... rap sessions
... situation
... responsibilities....

... THE CLINIC*****

]

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

... regarding the ... available to the

... across several proposed

... Gainesville Trial ... West Chapel in New

... actions, it ... blatant harassment

(4) y

... do not want to have an action ... making military

... Ken: State ... Eagles Nest

... national day of actions ... national struggle

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

... anti-war ...
... to disrupt ...
... of Peace ...

(2)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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The following is a report back regarding the last PYS workshop of the people to which was made available to the VAC treatment center.

Post Vietnam Syndrome is a definite problem confronting Vietnam Veterans and their community in general. The final objective dealt with in the PYS workshop was a description of Post Vietnam Syndrome. This is what we come up with:

Post Vietnam Syndrome, is actually the symptoms of a person's inability to survive. His reasoning is that he has a host of physical disorders--physical and emotional stress and anxiety. Example: A man who carries four bullets and shrapnel in his body, and the memory of a burning city in his mind. Undesired results: nightmares, phobias and withdrawal from reality. Bad results: TRIST, FEELING OF BEING A SAMPSON, RAGE, ACIDISM, ANXIETY, DEPRESSION, APOATHY, LACK OF MOTIVATION, FEELING OF ISOLATION, SUICIDE, AND SUICIDE.

In order to deal with PYS we have to get into our community and grassroots programs. The PYS workshop recommends:

u
Q

1. People interested in grassroots programs must do research to be able to bring together in their heads a working definition of Post Vietnam Syndrome. This can be done by obtaining a copy of the PYS library from the national clearing house.

2. Information obtained from the library should be disseminated to the community to raise support and aid to form local PYS rep groups. This is of crucial importance because the VAC at this time does not even acknowledge the existence of PYS.

3. Rep groups can then be established with the help of professionally trained Vietnam Veterans and any other interested persons chosen by the group members unanimously. There also is an importance need to include women and non-veterans in PYS rep groups that are at a point where they are ready to move. One way to do this is to set up more PYS rep groups.

A ASI is want, of course, on PWS.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

(S)4

It should also mention congress to be recognized as an official service organization. We think that it is not going to deal with veteran problems but we recognize the VA as a tool to contact veterans.

(S)4

We could take to me with some poetry by Don... a Mexican who currently doing life in... Wisconsin. Don is... related murder charge.

(S)4

MUSICAL INSTRUMENT, WITH
RINGING VOICES, SOME
RINGING THE BELL
TO MY HEART
A SYMBLE TO MY FACE
TILL THE AIR WAS PURE,
EVERY ONE OF
TILL THE AIR
OUR BROTHERS
TO SIN AND GUILT
MUSICAL INSTRUMENT
SMITHED WITH
LETTER THIS THE AIR
FRASHING INTO SCISSORS,
BRINGING MEER IN PLACE
LIVING BONES OF EVANGELION
THE AIR WITHIN THE AIR
SHEET THE AIR
THE ROCKERS RED GLEEN
THE WINDS BLOWING IN AIR
HAUNT ME THROUGH THE NIGHT
AS IF IT WAS STILL THERE."

(S)4

VICTIM VETERANS AGAINST
THE WAR (VVAW)

~~SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The main concern of the war workshop was in regard to nuclear weapons controlled by the United States and the VVAW opposition to this. (Q) u

Also, it was advocated that if the news media prints or states anything regarding nuclear weapons, which is contrary to the VVAW position, the VVAW must demand the right to counteract this through the same media. (Q) u

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEMORANDUM FOR THE NSC STAFF

~~SECRET~~

The following is a report back regarding the
scope of NAW revision which will be made available to the
NSC meeting at large: **EVH**

This workshop resulted upon the assumption that
NAW requires a long range structural change if it is to
survive as an organization and effectively deal with the
operational and programmatic assignments since its creation.
The following recommendations should be studied and criticized
by each region and chapter, keeping in mind that these
recommendations are presented as a conceptual basis for
change only, in order to serve our continued
interests and effectiveness. **(EVH)**

OUTLINE OF ORGANIZATIONAL CHANGE INTERNALLY **(EVH)**

Internal Restructuring Stages **(EVH)**

1. Non-functioning regions should be added to
stronger regions. A definite situation already exists and
the resulting change would not immediately increase
responsibility in any given region. This change would go into
effect immediately upon acceptance of the proposal. **(EVH)**

2. Each region should examine their own area and
determine the strategy which would be most effective, given their
particular circumstances, in order to more effectively
organize that region. This would be presented in a detailed
report to be studied, critiqued and sent or
presented to the National Office. **(EVH)**

3. Once again, this is a concept and not meant to be
implemented until each region and chapter has fully
researched and criticized it and acceptance given by the NSC. **(EVH)**

Transitional Period

4. The responsibilities of the Regional Coordinators
will include an evaluation of each chapter as to its
effectiveness, internal structure, ideology, etc...and a report
sent to the National Office. **(EVH)**

5. The National Office will establish an... **(EVH)**

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

"3. An increase in the number of National Coordinators in order to deal more effectively with specific areas of responsibility. (X) u

"4. As the flow of information between the National Office and individual chapters increases, a group of potential 'travelling organizers' be invited and training sessions be implemented to establish the policy and responsibilities of these individuals. These individuals will be elected by the local Coordinators. (The National Coordinators will be chosen by the chapters). (X) u

"5. The concept of the Travelling Organizers. (X) u

"6. These organizers would hold responsibility within a given Region. eg. the Northeast would consist of Ohio, Penn., New York, Mass. (an example only). (X) u

"7. Among the responsibilities of these organizers would be continual communication between chapters, suggestions as to programs and actions, establishment of new chapters, etc. (X) u

"8. The position of Regional Coordinators be abolished when travelling organizers are capable of steering work. In conjunction, a new Steering Committee will be created consisting of one representative from each accredited chapter. This new Steering Committee will convene annually and establish policy and programs for the upcoming year. (X) u

"9. In addition to the above, every three months the travelling organizers will meet every three months in a central location and act as an interim committee. This body will discuss programs and policy established by the steering committee to facilitate implementation and effectiveness. (X) u

"10. During this quarterly meeting, programs are found to be failing a detailed report would be formulated and sent to all chapters and, if necessary, a vote by mail taken. If a vote is not possible an emergency meeting will be called and a report submitted to the steering committee. (X) u

Travelling organizers will be selected by the National Office during the first year of implementation. After this, each region will select their own organizers. (S) u

Charters will be given by the National Office upon recommendation by the travelling coordinators. (S) u

Political education of all members concerning this problem will be undertaken by the National Office and all regions. (S) u

10. What are the specific advantages to such a re-organization? Chapters will originate and establish policy. Elimination of the 'middle-man' in policy making decisions. J

11. What constitutes a Chapter?

A group of members somewhat proportionate to the population who work on a day-to-day basis toward objectives in accordance with National Policy. In addition to this a member was defined as an individual working on a regular basis towards the goals and objectives of the organization. (note: after a program of political education is established and implemented an individual member who does not subscribe to the goals and objectives of National Policy may face expulsion). (S) u

THE 'WINNER SOLDIER' CONCEPT (S) u

12. Upon approval by the National Steering Committee and implementation on a set date, each Chapter would henceforth be known as VYAW WINNER SOLDIER ORGANIZATION. (S) u

13. After a period of one year (not less than) and after the name has become synonymous with VYAW, the VYAW will be dropped entirely from the organizational name. (S) u

SURVIVAL OF VYAW (S) u

The following are recommendations by the workshop concerning immediate action by each chapter in order to ensure its survival. (S) u

1. An evaluation as to the effectiveness and deficiencies in each chapter. (S) u

2. Each chapter may be encouraged to develop officer training basic. (S) u

NATIONAL VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (NVWA)

~~SECRET~~

1. An evaluation of community needs and possible policy by each Chapter. (C)

CONFIDENTIAL

2. Membership recruitment and retention. (C) 4

a. Membership recruitment is good, but retention of membership is a problem. Each new member should be given an introduction to the organization, an explanation of the objectives, an explanation of National, Regional, AND Chapter structure. Also, a basis for communication of political position should be established by an introduction to the general history of the organization. (C) 4

Finally, this workshop is to be taken on a conceptual basis only. This is not a firm proposal, only a basis for discussion and criticism of the presently proposed structure. Each Chapter and Region is urged to examine and criticize the present structure and this structure. (C) 4

"The results of these criticisms should be reported at the next National Steering Committee Meeting." (C) 4

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

32

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VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST
THE WAR (VVAW)

~~SECRET~~

January 8, 1973 Activity

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

On January 8, 1973, Sam Schorr from California, Ed D'Amato from New York and Urban Adams of Colorado, were elected as new VVAW national coordinators. Bart Savage, Steve Hawkins and Barry Rowe were held over as VVAW national coordinators.

Discussion was had in regard to the various workshops, and workshop reports were accepted for the most part as set forth previously.

It was decided to hold the next NSC meeting during the period April 24-25, 1973 at Placitas, New Mexico, and all mail regarding this meeting was to be addressed to: Placitas Coyotes, Post Office Box 461, Placitas, New Mexico, 87043, or telephone number 505-277-3171 or 505-266-0658.

The VVAW National Office debt was announced to be \$10,000 and no solution was offered other than the possibility of obtaining the services of a professional fund raiser.

Observations By The Source

From numerous discussions it would appear that the VVAW has approximately 15 hard core persons who are attempting to carry out the VVAW program.

It appears that the VVAW, as a group, feels indebted to the Vietnamese people because of past United States actions in Vietnam.

The NSC meeting and the organization itself were taken very seriously by those in attendance at the meeting. Also, there appeared to be a general feeling that the VVAW has the technical knowledge and training to carry out any revolutionary program proposed.

~~SECRET~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

3.3*

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FBI

Date: 2/16/73

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1/14/85 BY SP6/BJW/STW

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI (100-448092)
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-160644)
SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST
THE WAR (VVAW)
IS-RA
(OO: CHICAGO)

b7C
[Redacted]

On 2/15/73, [Redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that it was learned on 2/14/73, that at a New York State Regional meeting of the VVAW held in Newburgh, NY, on 2/9-11/73, RAY WINTERS of the Buffalo, NY VVAW, was chosen to be the new Regional Coordinator of the New York Region of the VVAW and that the Regional Office of the VVAW is to be moved from 857 Broadway, NYC, to Buffalo, NY. JOE HIRSCH, Acting Regional Coordinator from NYC, is to assist WINTERS in this transition of the Regional Office from NYC to Buffalo, NY. MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

LEADS

BUFFALO REC-49 100-448092-2661

AT BUFFALO, NEW YORK. Will through appropriate sources verify the moving of the NY Regional Office of the VVAW to Buffalo and will determine its location.

- 1-Bureau (RM)
- 3-Buffalo (100-21623) (RM)
- (1 - 100- [Redacted])
- 1-Chicago (100-50772) (RM)
- 3-New York (100-160644) (42)
- { 1- [Redacted] (42)
- { 1- [Redacted] (42)

Records: please cc in new 100 file re

11 FEB 19 1973

JFM:jas

XEROX
FEB 23 1973

Rev. [Redacted]

100-448092-2661

b7C

b2

b7D

b7C

TELETYPE

Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Mr. Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Holmes	_____
Mr. Gandy	_____

NR004 WF CODE

307 PM URGENT 2-14-73 SAT

TO ACTING DIRECTOR

TAMPA

FROM WASHINGTON FIELD

FOUR PAGES

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW), IS - RA

WFO FILE 100-47162.

[REDACTED]

WFO FILE

[REDACTED]

REFERENCE IS MADE TO TAMPA NITEL DATED 2/12/73 AND TAMPA TELETYPE DATED 2/14/73, DUAL CAPTIONED, "SCOTT CAMIL, ET AL, ARL - CONSPIRACY, EID AND VVAW". REFERENCE COMMUNICATIONS SET FORTH INFORMATION FROM [REDACTED] TO THE EFFECT THAT TIM BUIZ OF THE WASHINGTON CHAPTER, VVAW, SUSPECTS AN INFORMANT OF THE FBI AS BEING A MEMBER OF THE LOCAL CHAPTER. WFO HAS ANALYZED THIS SITUATION AND FEELS THAT ANY NUMBER OF INDIVIDUALS COULD BE UNDER SUSPICION, NOTING THAT [REDACTED]

END PAGE ONE

4 MAR 5 1973

cc 9.04 (D)

100-448092-

NOT RECORDED
167 MAR 5 1973

29609500

b2
b7D
File on
100-448092
(VVAW)

53 MAR 6 1973

2/14/95 sp6 Bja/MP

ORIGINAL FILED IN

PAGE THREE

[REDACTED]

WFO CONCURS WITH OPINION OF [REDACTED]
RE THE NON VIOLENT NATURE OF THE WDC VVAW CHAPTER PERSONNEL.
IT IS THE OPINION OF WFO THAT [REDACTED]

b2
b7D

[REDACTED]

WFO CONTEMPLATES HAVING [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

WFO NOTES THAT THERE IS SOME BASIS TO BELIEVE THAT
THE [REDACTED]
THIS SOURCE STATED THAT [REDACTED]

END PAGE THREE

PAGE FOUR

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] AT THIS TIME, AS FAR AS THE SOURCE CAN RECALL, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] SOURCE FURTHER RECALLS THAT [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] WFO FEELS THAT [REDACTED]

WFO IS CURRENTLY IN THE PROCESS OF ASSESSING THE TOTAL VALUE OF INFORMATION DEVELOPED BY THIS SOURCE AS WELL AS HIS POTENTIAL FOR THE FUTURE. THESE ASSESSMENTS WILL BE SUBMITTED

[REDACTED]

END

DKS FBI WASHDC CLR

*cc Miller
Wash DC all*

*b7C
b7D*

PAGE TWO

THIS SOURCE ADVISED [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7D
b7C

DURING EVENING OF 2/15/73 DISCREET SURVEILLANCE AT
RESIDENCE OF [REDACTED] AND VICINITY OF COMMUNITY BOOK STORE,
P STREET, N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C. (LOCAL VVAW MEETINGS HAVE
OCCURRED IN THIS ESTABLISHMENT) DETERMINED THAT NO VVAW
MEETING WAS HELD AT THE ABOVE LOCATIONS 2/15/73.

WFO WILL FOLLOW AND REPORT ANY SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS.

END

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

NR005 WF CODE

FEB 16 1973

5:53PM NITEL 2-16-73 ALM TELETYPE

Mr. Tolson	_____
Mr. DeLoach	_____
Mr. Mohr	_____
Mr. Bishop	_____
Mr. Casper	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Felt	_____
Mr. Gale	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Sullivan	_____
Mr. Tavel	_____
Mr. Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Miss Holmes	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

TO: ACTING DIRECTOR (100-448092) (176-2255)

ATTENTION: DID

CHICAGO

JACKSONVILLE

NEW YORK

PHILADELPHIA

TAMPA

FROM: SAC, WFO

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/14/95 BY [signature]

1
b2
b7D
b7C

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAV). IS - RA (WFO
100-47162); [REDACTED], WFO FILE [REDACTED]

REFERENCE TAMPA TELETYPE TO BUREAU DATED 2/14/73,
DUAL CAPTIONED "[REDACTED] ET AL, ARL - CONSPIRACY, EID,
AND VVAV"; WFO TELETYPE DATED 2/14/73.

[REDACTED]

END PAGE ONE

100-448092 -
NOT RECORDED
167 MAR 5 1973

53 MAR 6 1973

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-448092-1

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/20/73

FROM : SAC, KANSAS CITY (100-15456) C

SUBJECT: [REDACTED]

SM - VVAW
OO KC

This case was predicated upon information furnished by [REDACTED] on 9/8/72 identifying [REDACTED] Emporia, Kansas, as probable head of the VVAW chapter to be established at Kansas State Teachers College (KSTC), Emporia, Kansas, the fall of 1972.

On 10/31/72 this source advised [REDACTED] lived at [REDACTED]

On 9/27/72 [REDACTED] Emporia, Kansas Police Department, advised subject is unknown to him and further determined there is no record for subject at the Credit Bureau of East Central Kansas, Emporia, Kansas.

On 9/12/72 it was determined through [REDACTED], an established source (PROTECT IDENTITY), KSTC, that no one by the name of [REDACTED] has been a student, past or present, at the college. Records were again checked November 22, 1972, for the 1972 fall semester under the names [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] without success.

On 11/22/72 the roster of College of Emporia was reviewed and no listing was found for subject.

On 1/26/73 [REDACTED] further advised he has no information to indicate anyone by the name of [REDACTED] is involved with the VVAW at Emporia, Kansas.

2 Bureau (RM)
1 Kansas City
TEK:jrt
(3)

REC-67

100-448092-2662

7 FEB 26 1973

EX-117



5010-108-02

58 MAR 6 1973 Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

b2
b7C
b7D

5- Fmt

KC 100-15456

On 2/21/73 [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] which complex contains the address
[REDACTED] advised no one by the name of [REDACTED]
resides at that complex nor has he ever heard of anyone
by that name residing there.

b7c

In view of the above, it appears the name of [REDACTED]
may be an alias utilized by someone else and no additional
investigation is being conducted in an effort to identify
[REDACTED]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. E. S. Miller

1 - Mr. Miller

1 - Mr. [REDACTED]

DATE: 2/22/73

1 - Mr. [REDACTED]

1 - Mr. [REDACTED]

1 - Mr. [REDACTED]

FROM :

SUBJECT: VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
INTERNAL SECURITY - REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES

- Mr. Felt _____
- Mr. Baker _____
- Mr. Callahan _____
- Mr. Cleveland _____
- Mr. Conrad _____
- Mr. Gebhardt _____
- Mr. Jenkins _____
- Mr. Marshall _____
- Mr. Purvis _____
- Mr. Soyars _____
- Mr. Walters _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Mr. Kinley _____
- Mr. Armstrong _____
- Mr. Bowers _____
- Mr. Herington _____
- Ms. Herwig _____
- Mr. Mintz _____
- Mrs. Nease _____

PURPOSE:

[REDACTED] b1

BACKGROUND:

[REDACTED] b1

[REDACTED] b1

CONSULTED
 EXTENDED SP 3 TEK/RA/CAL 2/26/73
 REASON
 FCIM
 DATE OF
 DECLASSIFICATION

MEMBER OF SUBJECT ORGANIZATION

100-448092

RLP:mcm (6)

3/14/75

59 MAR 2 1973

REC-3

100-448092-2663

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES

AND FIELD OFFICES

ADVISED BY SLIP(S)

SLIP(S)

CONTINUED - OVER

DATE

2/27/73

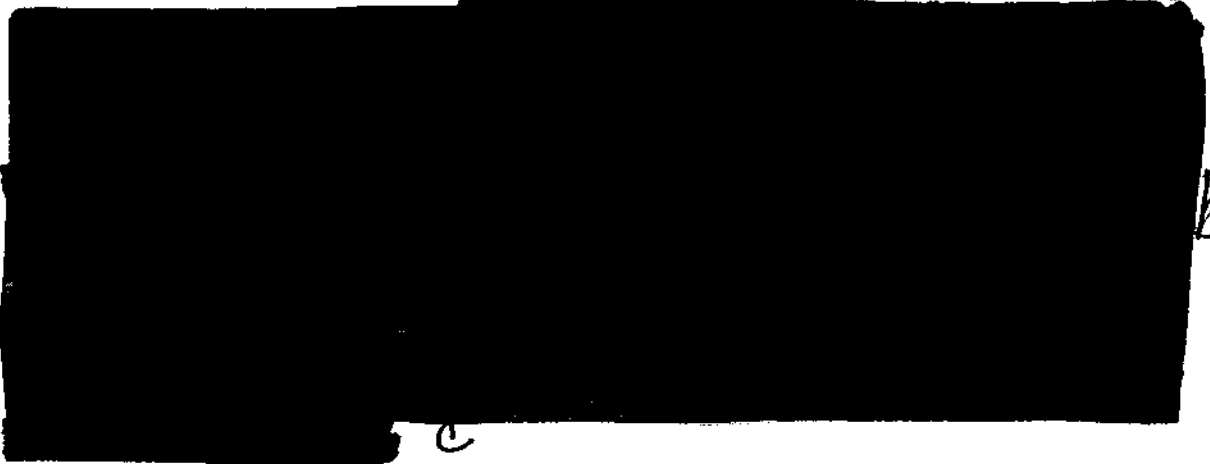
5-1p

ST-111

X

Memorandum to Mr. E. S. Miller
RE: Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW)
100-448092

Confidential



ACTION:

For information. This situation is being closely followed and you will be furnished significant developments as they occur.

RLP
JH
CWA/DW
WHL

7

EM/urca

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : ACTING DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: FEB 14 1973

FROM : SA SAC, PHILADELPHIA (100-54294) (C)

SUBJECT: "CHANGED"

[REDACTED]

SM-RA
(OO: PHILADELPHIA)

Photo Check
CC T. C. G.
REQ. REC'D 5/23/72
JUN 10 1974
ANS. BY: *R.P. [Signature]*

b7c

Title marked changed to reflect subject's full name as [REDACTED] Title previously carried as [REDACTED], SM-RA" in the Philadelphia Division.

b7c

Re Philadelphia airtel to the Bureau, 5/26/72, titled "Vietnam Veterans Against The War (VVAW); IS-RA."

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of an LHM reflecting results of investigation conducted regarding subject.

A copy of this LHM will be disseminated to Secret Service, Philadelphia.

In view of information furnished by [REDACTED] Bucks County District Attorney's Office, Doylestown, Pa., on 11/14/72, no attempt will be made to interview subject.

for
b7c

Records of the Bucks County Voter's Registration Division were reviewed by SA [REDACTED]

Government records which indicate subject's military record are the records of the National Personnel Records Center, St. Louis, Mo. They were reviewed by SC [REDACTED] on 12/29/73.

- 2 - Bureau (Encls. 5) (RM)
- 1 - Philadelphia

REC-28/100 - 448092-2664

TTI: gfh
(3)

EX-109

FEB 23 1973

*1cc of let + lhm destroyed
see report to RUC - CIO
1 cc of lhm to SS
C. C. [Signature] 3-6-73*

[REDACTED]

DOUGLASS.



MAR 9 1973

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

3/14/95 88061111

UNRECORDED

PH 100-54294

Numerous negative criminal checks at the various police departments near subject's residence are omitted for the sake of brevity.

INFORMANTS

<u>Source</u>	<u>Location</u>
First Source is [REDACTED]	PH 100-54294-1
Second Source is [REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

b2
b7D

A non-symbol source administrative page is attached hereto. In the event a copy of this LHM is ever sent to a resident agency, this page should be removed prior to such transmittal.

This LHM has been classified "~~CONFIDENTIAL~~" due to the fact that it contains information from confidential informants the disclosure of whom would tend to impair their further effectiveness, and thereby have an adverse effect on the national defense interests. Examples are [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] Detroit has classified this information furnished by [REDACTED] ~~confidential~~.

b2
b7D

Only those paragraphs so indicated bear this classification of ~~confidential~~.

It is noted that subject's activity in the VVAW has been limited. No information was developed indicating any potential for violence.

This case has been thoroughly reviewed within the guidelines set forth in Bureau Memorandum 21-72, dated 9/12/72, and as a result of this review, it has been determined that subject's known activities to date do not warrant his

PH 100-54294

placement on the ADEX within the current criteria. Therefore, no further investigative effort will be expended, UACB.

ADMINISTRATIVE

Delay in typing due to stenographic delinquency in the Philadelphia Division.

PH 100-54294

NON-SYMBOL SOURCES

<u>Source</u>	<u>Location</u>
Third Source is [REDACTED] [REDACTED] Police, Newtown, Pa.	PH 100-54294-5
Fourth Source is [REDACTED] [REDACTED] Newtown Police Department, Newtown, Pa.	PH 100-54294-8
Fifth Source is [REDACTED] The Credit Bureau, Inc., Edgely, Pa.	PH 100-54294-8
Sixth Source is [REDACTED] Veteran's Assistance Division, Veteran's Administration, 5000 Wissahickon Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.	PH 100-54294-13

b7C

b7C



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

FEB 14 1973

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

[REDACTED]

b7c

On May 24, 1972, a source advised that [REDACTED] is an active member in the Bucks County Chapter of the Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW). Source advised that although the national headquarters of the VVAW has granted a charter to this chapter, it exists in name only and receives its direction from the Philadelphia Chapter of the VVAW.

The VVAW is an anti-war organization organized in 1967 with headquarters in New York City. Its first published objective is "to demand an immediate cessation of fighting and the withdrawal of all American troops from Indochina."

A second source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised [REDACTED] a representative of the Bucks County, Pa., VVAW, attended a meeting of a seminar sponsored by Vietnamese Patriots in Canada from May 19-21, 1972. The seminar dealt with the history of the Vietnamese people and past and current military struggles in Indochina. There was also a general discussion regarding the plans for future anti-war activities in the United States. According to the source, this discussion was extremely general and was quite unproductive. During a critique of the seminar, the VVAW representatives stated that they would never "fight" for any cause again and would not follow any "political line" since they were anarchists. (X)

CLASSIFIED BY Supervisor [REDACTED]
EXEMPT FROM GENERAL DECLASSIFICATION
SCHEDULE OF EXECUTIVE ORDER 11652
EXEMPTION CATEGORY Number 2
AUTOMATICALLY DECLASSIFIED ON Indefinite

b7c

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

NEW OR 3/14/93 SE 6321 WA

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
100-448092-2664
LOSURE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

On July 19, 1972, the first source furnished copies of VVAW literature which contains the name [REDACTED]

[REDACTED], telephone [REDACTED]

On July 25, 1972, a third source advised he knew of no office for the VVAW in Newtown but noted a home on State Street, Newtown, had recently been frequented by "hippie type" individuals and would be the only place in Newtown for such an organization. He advised there has been no difficulty at this residence and very little activity and further he was not acquainted with subject.

On August 3, 1972, the first source advised subject is a member of the VVAW and has held a meeting at his residence in Bucks County.

On August 22, 1972, a fourth source advised subject, a [REDACTED] male, [REDACTED] pounds, [REDACTED] hair, currently resides at [REDACTED]. He stated [REDACTED] has never been the source of any trouble and there has been little activity at [REDACTED] residence.

On August 24, 1972, records of the Bucks County Voter Registration Division, Doylestown, Pa., were reviewed by a representative of the FBI and the following information was obtained regarding [REDACTED]

Name:
Residence:
Sex:
Race:
Date of Birth:
Place of Birth:
Height:
Hair:
Occupation:

On August 24, 1972, a fifth source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised [REDACTED]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] and [REDACTED] years of age. He was last employed by [REDACTED]. He was previously employed by [REDACTED]. Source advised subject's father, [REDACTED] wife, [REDACTED], reside [REDACTED] and he is employed by [REDACTED].

b7c

On October 31, 1972, a sixth source advised that

[REDACTED]

b7c

On November 14, 1972, [REDACTED] Detective, Bucks County District Attorney's Office, Doylestown, Pa., advised subject, who resides at [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7c

United States Government records indicate that

[REDACTED]

b7c

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7c

On January 25, 1973, the first source advised no information regarding [REDACTED] has come to his attention indicating [REDACTED] has been active in VVAW affairs during the past several months.

b7c

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

FEB 14 1973

Title

[REDACTED]

b7c

Character

Reference

Philadelphia memorandum, dated and
captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed
in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

5

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 21 1973

TELETYPE

NR002 TP CODE

10-55 AM URGENT 2/21/73 BLW

TO ACTING DIRECTOR (100-448092)

ATTENTION: DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

JACKSONVILLE

KANSAS CITY

ST. LOUIS

FROM TAMPA (100-2514) (P) 2 P

W

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW), IS - RA.

RE TAMPA TELETYPE 2/20/73.

ON 2/21/73, [REDACTED] ADVISED [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

REC-3
EX-103

100-448092-266

b2
b7D

FEB 27 1973

END PAGE 1

55 MAR 5 1973

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

3/14/95

[Handwritten signature]

5-4

Mr. Baker	_____
Mr. Callahan	_____
Mr. Cleveland	_____
Mr. Conrad	_____
Mr. Edwards	_____
Mr. Jenkins	_____
Mr. Marshall	_____
Mr. Rosen	_____
Mr. Soyars	_____
Mr. Walters	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Mr. Kinley	_____
Mr. Armstrong	_____
Mr. Bowers	_____
Mr. Herington	_____
Ms. Herwig	_____
Mr. Mintz	_____
Mrs. Neenan	_____

b7c

WJ

PAGE 2

TP 100-2514

[REDACTED]
SOURCE STATED [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

b7D

TAMPA WILL FOLLOW AND REPORT
AND FURTHER CHANGES IN PLANS AND ADVISE BUREAU AS PLANS
FORMALIZE FOR MARCH CONFERENCE.

END

DKS FBI WASHDC CLR

~~SECRET~~

Airtel

1 - Mr. [REDACTED]
1 - Mr. [REDACTED]
1 - Mr. [REDACTED] b7c
2/27/73

To: SAC, Chicago (Enclosure)

Legat, London (Enclosure)

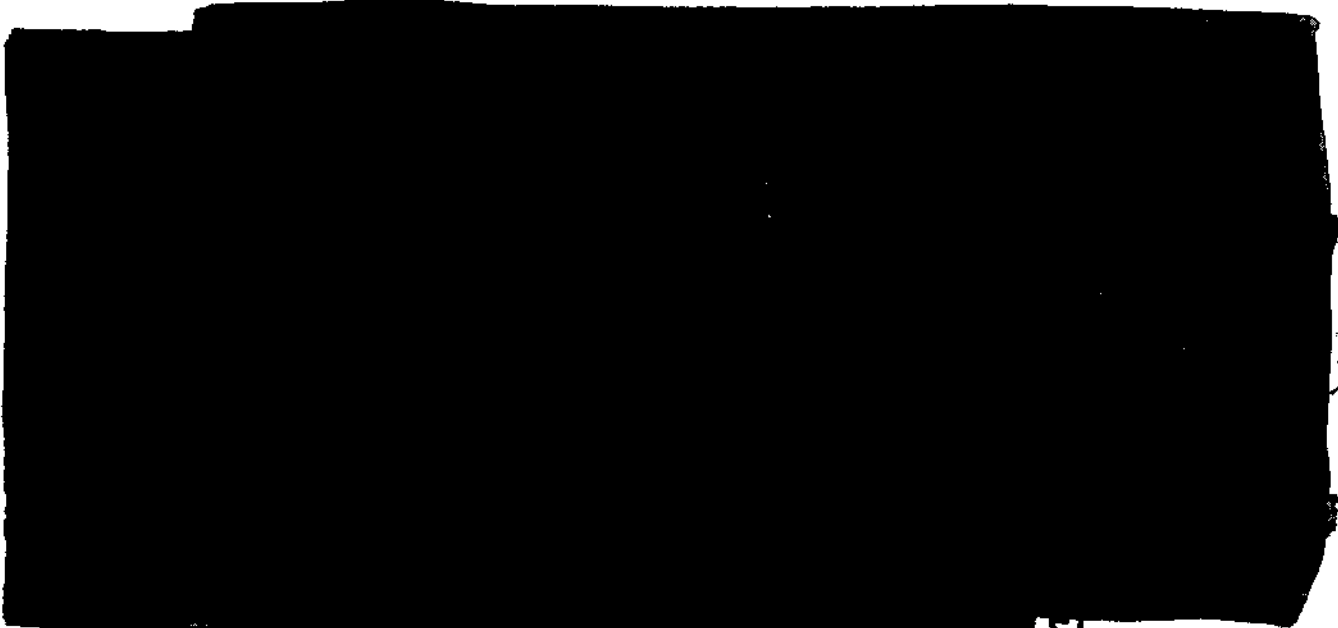
From: Acting Director, FBI (100-448092)

VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR (VVAW)
IS - REVACT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

ReBuairtel 10/27/72 and LONairtel 11/7/72.

Enclosed for recipients single copy of clipping captioned
"Vietnam Veterans Reported Training IRA Guerrillas" from issue of
"The Washington Post" dated 2/19/73.



ENCLOSURE

MAILED 8
FEB 28 1973
FBI

ST. 100
REC-3

100-448092-2666

1 - Foreign Liaison Desk (Route through for review)

RLP:mjg
(9)

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

FEB 28 1973

- Mr. Felt _____
- Mr. Baker _____
- Mr. Callahan _____
- Mr. Cleveland _____
- Mr. Conrad _____
- Mr. Gebhardt _____
- Mr. Jenkins _____
- Mr. Marshall _____
- Mr. Miller, E.S. _____
- Mr. Purvis _____
- Mr. Soyars _____
- Mr. Walters _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Mr. Kinley _____
- Mr. Armstrong _____
- Mr. Bowers _____
- Mr. Herington _____
- Ms. Herwig _____
- Mr. Mintz _____
- Mrs. Neenan _____

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

54 MAR 7 1973

~~SECRET~~

BG RLP

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

1 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

Section 552

Section 552a

(b)(1)

(b)(7)(A)

(d)(5)

(b)(2)

(b)(7)(B)

(j)(2)

(b)(3)

(b)(7)(C)

(k)(1)

(b)(7)(D)

(k)(2)

(b)(7)(E)

(k)(3)

(b)(7)(F)

(k)(4)

(b)(4)

(b)(8)

(k)(5)

(b)(5)

(b)(9)

(k)(6)

(b)(6)

(k)(7)

Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

Documents originated with another Government agency(ies). These documents were referred to that agency(ies) for review and direct response to you.

_____ Pages contain information furnished by another Government agency(ies). You will be advised by the FBI as to the releasability of this information following our consultation with the other agency(ies).

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_____ Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): _____

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100-448092-2666 page 2

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RECEIVED
10/12/73
SP4 Byn IVA

100 - 448092 - 2667

CHANGED TO

100 - 475737 - 1

MAR 12 1973

BO / 3074

ST-116
Assistant Attorney General
Internal Security Division
REC-36 100 - 448092 - 2668
Acting Director, FBI

296693-001
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10/27/94 BY 296693/VA
February 21, 1973

- 1 - Mr. Cleveland
- 1 - Mr. Miller
- 1 - Mr. Mintz
- 1 - Mr. [REDACTED] b7c

ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE

**VIETNAM VETERANS AGAINST THE WAR,
SCOTT CAMIL, et al. v. RICHARD KLEINDIENST, et al.
(N. D. FLA.) CIVIL ACTION NO. TCA-1843**

In reply to your February 9, 1973, letter, captioned as above, the files and records of this Bureau do not indicate any electronic surveillance coverage directed at telephone numbers 212 725-5680, 5881, 5682, and 5683 (National Headquarters, Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW), New York, New York); 512 451-2841 (VVAW Office, Austin, Texas); 904 378-0774 (VVAW Office, Gainesville, Florida); 305 681-7982 (VVAW Office, Hialeah, Florida); and 501 521-7384 (VVAW Office, Fayetteville, Arkansas).

While, as set forth above, we are able to state that we have not directed any electronic surveillance at those VVAW Offices, it is not possible to determine from our records whether there has been any monitoring of calls from or to the above-listed telephones. The reason is that our electronic surveillance indices list only the name of the person who was overheard or against whom an electronic surveillance was directed. For example, if an individual placed a call from one of the above telephone numbers to a monitored telephone, we would not have any way of determining the origin of such call. If the person making the call is identified, his name would be placed in our electronic surveillance indices but the number from which the call emanated would not and could not be verified even if its source was suspected.

You asked that we furnish information on consensual monitoring involving the VVAW telephones. Again, we are unable to provide this information. When there has been monitoring with the consent of one of the parties thereto, this fact is recorded only in the investigative file of that case. Since the consensual monitoring of telephone calls has been ruled to be a permissible investigative technique, we have never felt that it was necessary to maintain any central record containing this information.

LW:deh
(7)
[Handwritten initials]

SEE NOTE PAGE 2 FEB 21 1973

MAILED 7
FEB 21 1973
FBI

RECEIVED

[Handwritten signatures and initials]

FEB 23 1973
MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT
MAR 6 1973

FILED IN

Assistant Attorney General
Internal Security Division

NOTE: In connection with this civil suit we have previously (11/28/72) responded to the Department's request for ELSUR information on certain VVAW Offices. Referenced letter broadens the initial request to include any accidental monitoring on the telephones listed to the VVAW Offices as well as any consensual monitoring involving those telephones. Since this information is not available, the Department is being so advised.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
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Section 552

Section 552a

(b)(1)

(b)(7)(A)

(d)(5)

(b)(2)

(b)(7)(B)

(j)(2)

(b)(3)

(b)(7)(C)

(k)(1)

(b)(7)(D)

(k)(2)

(b)(7)(E)

(k)(3)

(b)(7)(F)

(k)(4)

(b)(4)

(b)(8)

(k)(5)

(b)(5)

(b)(9)

(k)(6)

(b)(6)

(k)(7)

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